

GRAND JURY REPORT

Indictments Against All Five Lowell Defendants

The grand jury reported at the court house in Lowell this morning and all most turned right round and walked right out again for they were here less than half an hour and the local police didn't know of their presence until after they had gone.

Indictments were found in four Lowell cases. The Polish girl who was arrested on a charge of manslaughter as the result of the discovery of the dead body of her new-born baby wrapped in a bundle of clothes in a house in Stackpole street was indicted

for concealing the death of her baby rather than for manslaughter.

Hector Mailoux and George Leboeuf were indicted for breaking and entering.

John Sybeck alias John McGuann, was indicted for breaking and entering the store of Fred Timmons, while a similar indictment was found against George Pommerleau, who pleaded guilty in police court this morning.

Court will open on Monday in this city for the trial of cases with Judge Stevens on the bench.

BRAVERY DISPLAYED

At a Tenement House Fire in New York

NEW YORK, March 12.—Policemen and firemen had a hard fight yesterday afternoon at a fire in a five story tenement at 104 Forsyth street. The police started the rescue work, but were overcome before they had finished it, and had to be taken out by the firemen.

Two policemen went to Gouverneur hospital. The fire started in the hall of Mrs. Sarah Richman on the second floor. The tenement is almost directly in the rear of the Eldridge street police station and the men on reserve who were playing handball in the yard saw the smoke and heard the cries of the tenants before the alarm was sent in. Six of them, Martin Owens, August Schimpf, George Little, Lenahan, Stanford and Murphy, ran up to the second room, climbed out through the window and across on the top of a brick wall to the rear of the burning tenement.

The flames were shooting from the windows of the second and third floors when Owens and Schimpf pulled them selves up to the fire escape and clambered up the ladders. They were badly singed on the way up.

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Stanford and Little detached the ladders from the next building, and climbed up on the outside of the railings. Even at that distance from the window Little's hand was scorched.

Owens and Schimpf had climbed through a window on the third floor. The hallway was so filled with smoke that they had to grope their way to a door behind which they heard cries. The door was locked and some time was lost before it was opened. Inside they found Mrs. Minnie Brennister and her two children, Rose two years old, and Eldore, four.

Escape by way of the fire escape was cut off and the two policemen started to carry the frightened family up the stairs to the fourth floor. Owens heard some one in the room across the hall and taking the boy in his arms he went back. He found Mrs. Rose Flitzer, 60 years old, and started back up the stairs with her and the boy. At the top of the stairs they found Schimpf and his two charges overcome by smoke.

Owens kept on, intending to get Mrs. Flitzer and the boy to a window and go back for the others. He, too, fell within a feet of the window, and it was Mrs. Flitzer who staggered to the window and hung across the window sill, with Eldore under her arm. There the firemen found them, and just as they reached her, her hold relaxed and the boy would have fallen four stories down the airshaft had they not caught him.

When Honk and Ladder 6 pulled up the hallway of the tenement was choked with smoke and Capt. Walsh led men—Hannan, Wintrich, Buegein, Hartman and Heinrichs—up the stairs to the roof. Using their six foot hooks to swing from the six firemen dropped twenty-five feet to the roof of 106 Eldridge street, the Jewish synagogue.

The firemen pulled Mrs. Flitzer and Eldore across the airshaft to safety and then Hannan and Wintrich, both dead men, went in and found Owens lying on the floor. They brought him out to the roof of the synagogue, and his first words sent them back again:

"Get the others! There are three more in there!" he gasped.

Buegein, Hartman and Heinrichs, with Capt. Walsh, felt their way to the landing at the head of the stairs, where they found Schimpf, Mrs. Brennister and Rose. The woman and girl had partly recovered from their dose of smoke, as they were next the floor and shielded by the policeman's body, but Schimpf was still unconscious.

The four other policemen after mak-

FUNERAL NOTICE

ROBINSON—Died in this city, March 11, Mr. Henry H. Robinson, aged 46 years, 8 mos. 15 days. Funeral services will be held from his late residence, 37 June street, on Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited. The funeral arrangements are in charge of Undertakers, J. B. Currier Co.

Dyspepsia

This winter use Hood's Lotion and you will use it all the time. Best for all weather effects on the skin. Get it today, 25¢ or 50¢.

FIRE LOSSES IN MAINE. AUGUSTA, Me., March 12.—Losses incurred by fire insurance companies of all states in Maine the past year amounted to \$1,525,403 and were 57.35 per cent. of the premiums collected according to a "preliminary report today by State Insurance Commissioner Beecher Putnam. The amount of risks written by these companies during the year was \$170,687,431.

TO END STRIKE

REV. J. M. GREENE

Is Eighty Years Old Today--Honored by Friends



Philadelphia People Depend on President Taft

PRES. GOMPERS IS SILENT ON NATION-WIDE STRIKE

WASHINGTON, March 12.—"In regard to the extension of the strike from Philadelphia to the state of Pennsylvania or to the country, I do not want to discuss that subject for publication at this time," said President Gompers of the American Federation of Labor yesterday, in discussing the possibility of a state-wide or nation-wide strike as a result of the Philadelphia labor controversy.

The belief is general that if President Taft should make his way clear to attempt to bring about peace a plan may be found that will bring the warring elements together. There is no law under which the president can act as inter-state commerce is not involved and whatever steps he may take probably would be along the lines President Roosevelt laid down when he intervened in the anthracite coal strike in 1902.

What we plan we may have for the protection of labor," he continued, "I do not know that it is necessary to publish our plans." The force arrayed against labor meet in secret and plan their schemes. They take neither the public nor labor into their conference. We will do the best we can to protect the rights and interests of the working people."

Referring to the action of the Philadelphia authorities yesterday in prohibiting the holding of a mass meeting at the baseball park, Mr. Gompers said the men "were treated as the rascals from the Russians rather than citizens of the United States."

"An attempt such as this," he said, "to deny and prohibit free assembly and free speech, and to wantonly

ruthlessly and brutally club men, women and children in the effort to exercise their right of free speech and free assembly, is bound to react."

In the United States we are led to believe that we are entitled to these rights under the constitution, and for the moment a corrupt gang, such as obtaining in Philadelphia, may have the upper hand, but that cannot last long, not in free America. It is something that Philadelphia corporations and politicians do not seem to understand that the greatest safety lies in freedom."

Regarding the situation, Mr. Gompers said that everything was done by the men that could be done with honor to avoid the strike.

AUTO SMOKE

OBJECTION TO BY NEW YORK WOMEN

NEW YORK, March 12.—Headed by Miss Katherine Day, chairman of the street committee of the Woman's Mutual League, a delegation of women attended a public hearing held yesterday by the committee on laws and legislation of the board of censors on the pending ordinance making it an offense to allow the emission of "smoke" from automobiles.

Miss Day said that smoking automobiles endangered women and children crossing streets by blinding them and placing them in peril of being run over. Mrs. John Rogers of the hygiene committee of the Federation of Women's clubs insisted that the public health demanded restriction on the belching of fumes from automobiles.

Others who spoke in favor of the proposed ordinance were Charles J. Campbell of the Hotel Men's association, Mr. Hollbrook Curtis, Col. Crosby of the National Highway Protective Association, Frederick G. Cooke, president of the Fifth Avenue association, and John Coleman of the West End association.

It is understood that the ordinance will be reported favorably by the committee.

Today marks the 80th anniversary

of the birth of that scholarly, benevolent and venerable man, Rev. John M. Greene, D. D., pastor emeritus of the Eliot Congregational church. Dr. Greene makes his home with his children, each carrying a pink, will pass to the desk at the doctor's side and will lay their fragrant, blushing pink before him. The scene will be a pretty one.

PLEADS GUILTY

Pommerleau Held in \$600 For Burglary

Judge Pickman presided over the police court this morning and disposed of the morning's dockets in 15 minutes.

There were five trials.

A clean looking man who was arrested last week and who appeared drunk in court when his trial came up for drunkenness came down from the farm this morning where he has been recovering from the effects of his prolonged spree for the past several days and was given a sentence of one month in jail, suspended for three months. When arrested he had \$80 in his pockets and his roll was returned to him this morning.

John Pommerleau charged with breaking and entering the store of Fred Timmons and who came back from New York last evening and gave himself up pleaded guilty of breaking and entering and was held in \$600 for his appearance before the superior criminal court on Tuesday.

DEATHS

PRESCOTT—George Henry Prescott, one of the oldest and most respected residents of Forge Village, passed away at his home in Central street, Thursday evening, after a short illness, aged 81 years, 10 months and 10 days. Mr. Prescott was a veteran. He enlisted in 1863 in the 35th regiment Massachusetts Volunteers and was wounded at the battle of Fredericksburg and Antietam and South Mountain. After he recovered from his injuries he did hospital work for some time. In 1865 he received an honorable discharge.

Mr. Prescott then worked for the Remington rifle works in Providence, R. I. He was born in Westford on the Fletcher place, his mother being Mary Miriam Fletcher. Mr. Prescott had been a resident of this village and lived in the same house for over 40 years. He was a lover of flowers and always had the earliest and choicest that could be obtained.

Mr. Prescott was known as an upright, just and very generous man, and was highly esteemed by everyone and the sympathy of the people is extended to the bereaved family. His wife, Mrs. Sophia Prescott, died March 2d, 1909. He leaves five children, Clifford H. Prescott of Nashua, N. H.; Mrs. E. L. Baker of North Wards, Lester Prescott of Wakefield, Mrs. C. E. Maston of Frederickburg, Md., and Clarence A. Prescott of Cliftondale.

Funeral services will be held at the home Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Deceased was a veteran of Ladd and Whitney Post 135, also a Free Mason and belonged to the Caleb Butler Lodge A. F. A. M. of Ayer. The veterans and Masons will perform the services at the graves.

PRESCOTT—Richard D. Prescott died yesterday morning at the death of his brother, Crawford E. Prescott, which occurred this morning at Hudson. Deceased was 29 years old was a native of Forge Village where he was born and lived until his marriage 15 years ago to Miss Flora A. Whiteone, who survives him. He also leaves a brother, R. D. Prescott and a half brother, Henry Story. Death had removed within 12 hours of each other two of the few remaining Prescotts whose ancestors settled in this section in 1680.

TUCKER—Mrs. Elizabeth Tucker died yesterday at her home, 54 Orleans street, at the age of 31 years and seven months. She is survived by a husband, William W. Tucker; two daughters, two sisters, Emma and Amelia Zipper and one brother, Frank Zipper of Belmont, Mass.

ROBINSON—Henry H. Robinson died yesterday at his home, 37 June street, at the age of 45 years and 8 months. He is survived by two sisters, Miss Sophie and Florence, of this city, and three brothers, Walter Robinson, Paul Robinson of New York and Frank Robinson of Boston.

FUNERALS

BERKETT—The funeral of Mrs. Mary A. Berkett took place yesterday afternoon from her home, 40 Warnock street, Rev. John T. Ulom, officiating. A quartet composed of Miss Mary Green, Miss Hazel Judkins, Mr. Elmer Olson and W. G. Parker sang "Lead Kindly Light," "Lord, I trust in Thee," and "Shall We Meet Beyond the River?"

The following floral tributes were received from the large host of friends of the deceased: "Pillow, Wife" from the husband; wreath, "Mother" from the children; basket, cut flowers, grandchild; wreath, "Sleeping," Mr. Elmer Olson; wreaths, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas McKee, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Judge, Mr. and Mrs. James Hamilton and Mrs. Hazel Judkins, White Apron Club, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Blowers, Spooling room, Walsh mills, Robert

Catherwood and family, Mr. and Mrs. H. Spencer and Miss Annie Spencer, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas England, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Dowrey, Mr. and Mrs. John Stanhope, Albert Stanhope, and Mr. and Mrs. Walter Lee, Mr. and Mrs. T. E. Wilde and Mrs. Mary England, Frank L. Garrison of Lawrence; pillow, Alpha Social Club; sprays, Mr. and Mrs. Lutes of Medford; Mr. and Mrs. Walter Adler, Mr. and Mrs. Matthews of Tewksbury; Mr. and Mrs. K. D. McKinnon, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Cleveland, Mr. and Mrs. Michael McDermott, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Harmon, Frederick Boyd, Mr. and Mrs. J. Brown, Mr. and Mrs. William Hall, Mr. and Mrs. John McCord, Stead children, Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Regan, Miss Anna McDougall and Helen McElroy, Mr. and Mrs. George Quinn, Mr. and Mrs. Shoe and Mrs. Whitney and son, Mr. and Mrs. J. Blitwell, Mrs. James Miller and Jessie and Joseph; Daisy and Sandy Middleby, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Livingston, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Wallace, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Lett and Miss G. Black; cut flowers, Mr. and Mrs. James Stead, Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Dinsmore of Tewksbury; Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Parker and Mrs. H. S. Parker; sheafs of wheat, Mr. and Mrs. H. Rudden, Mr. and Mrs. A. Chapman, Jr.; violets, Dr. O. P. Porter. The bearers were Robert Catherwood, Charles Judge, George Dowrey and Henry Robertshaw. Arrangements were in charge of W. G. Parker and burial was in the family lot in the Edson cemetery under the direction of Undertaker George W. Healey.

LESLIE—The funeral of Mrs. Catherine E. Leslie took place from her home, 17 Arthur street, yesterday afternoon. Services were conducted by Rev. George H. Dean, pastor of St. Paul's M. E. church. The body was sent this morning to Oxford, N. H., where burial will take place. The J. B. Currier company had charge of the arrangements.

REV. MR. WARD

IS CONDUCTING A CAMPAIGN IN ERIE, PA.

Rev. Charles S. Ward, who conducted the Y. M. C. A. campaign in this city, is now in Erie, Pa., conducting a campaign for \$200,000. After the campaign in Pawtucket and Woonsocket, Mr. Ward left campaign in Birmingham, Ala., where \$275,000 was secured in 12 days. \$63,000 of this amount being for the Y. W. C. A.

In Cleveland the amount of \$50,000 was secured and then \$10,000 for the Y. W. C. A.

CARD OF THANKS.

We, the undersigned, wish to express our sincere thanks to those who in any way helped to lighten the burden of sorrow in the death of our beloved husband and father and particularly to the help of the spooling and dressing rooms of the Appleton Mfg. Co.

Mrs. Mary A. Edwards, Mr. John Edwards, Miss Martha Edwards, Mrs. Mary Conway.

TABLE GIRL wanted at once. Ap-
peal 53 Lee st.

Philip C. Smith, 1000 Main street.

MARINES BARREDNot Allowed to Enter
Theatre

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Two United States marines in uniform were denied admission to a theatre last night. The man at the door prevented their entering and handed them back the money they had paid for their tickets. Explanations were demanded, but were not given. The marines demanded admission, but were denied. They were Corporal Edward Powell and Private Samuel Algaze of the U. S. Mayflower.

The refusal of admission to the marines was not the first of its kind which had occurred recently at the same theatre. A conference was held yesterday between the proprietor and officers of the navy department. The proprietor told the officers that he excluded the men under a rule of the theatre prohibiting admission of persons conspicuously dressed.

He said:

"Even President Taft would be excluded if he applied for admission dressed in a sweater and riding clothes."

Patriotic societies have made an issue of the matter and further conferences are to be held pending possible action on the part of the excluded sailors.

CREW RESCUEDOfficer and Five Men
Picked Up

SEATTLE, Wash., March 12.—A special cable from Seward, Alaska, says that a wireless message received there from the United States revenue cutter Tahoma tells of the rescue of the boat crew that set out nine weeks ago to seek aid for the survivors of the wrecked steamer Farallon, which was wrecked in Unalaska bay on Cook's Inlet Jan. 5. Two days after the disaster Second Mate Gus Swanson and five men set out in an open boat to Kodak for aid. February 2 the survivors, who remained on the shore were rescued by the steamer Vicksburg. After the boat crew, which had been missing a month, had been rescued the revenue cutter Tahoma was sent on a cruise around Kodiak Island. No details of the rescue have been received.

CORPORATIONSTo Pay a Tax of Over
\$25,000,000

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Approximately 300 corporations amenable to the law imposing a tax of one per cent. of their net incomes above \$4000 have made returns to the internal revenue bureau. Additional returns are expected to swell the number which will be in keeping with the estimates made by the officials before the law became effective.

There are 100,000 corporations listed in the United States but a large number have for some time been generally regarded as "dead" and existing in name only.

It is now generally believed from the reports of collectors that the tax law that the estimate of \$25,000,000 revenue from the corporation tax this year may be exceeded slightly.

BOY INJURED
IS IN DANGER OF LOSING TWO
FINGERS

BOSTON, March 12.—Capt. Peabody of the boy street station is investigating the circumstances surrounding the explosion of the heavy percussion cap which were being carried in the pocket of Bessie Stone, a Shubert theatre employee, resulting in serious injury to himself and Alex Flax, an 11-year-old boy, on North Russell street yesterday afternoon. Stone may lose two fingers and the boy's right ankle is badly cut and bruised.

In the heavy bottle carried in Stone's pocket were several hundred caps used for certain slate effects, and he claims that while stooping quickly aside to let others pass him on the street the bottle in his coat was swinging against a brick building and exploded. Young Flax was sitting on the doorsteps of a vacant store directly in the path of the explosion and but a few feet away. Although pieces of the glass flew over his head, smashing two plate-glass windows and gouging out pieces of the woodwork, his only serious wound is a laceration of his right ankle.

Stone ran to the Massachusetts General Hospital, about 100 yards from the scene of the accident, and Flax was carried there by persons who witnessed the accident.

GIBBS DEFEATED O'CONNELL
MEMPHIS, Tenn., March 12.—By topping the fight for the last three rounds after he had been outboxed in the first five, Willie Gibbs, the Philadelphia lightweight, gained the referee's decision over Jeff O'Connell at the Memphis Athletic club last night. O'Connell's eye was torn and his mouth badly swollen as a result of Gibbs' punch.

Evening Sessions Continue

Evening Courses Continue Through June

Evening High CommercialStudents can go on just where they left off, by entering now for
two or three lessons a week

Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Typewriting, Penmanship,

And Life Membership of our Situation Department if you finish
with us. Call, telephone or write for Free Catalogue.**LOWELL COMMERCIAL COLLEGE**

7 MERRIMACK SQUARE

CHANDLEY SHOTAfter He Had Injured
Two Persons**600 DELEGATES**To Attend Stationary
Engineers' Convention

PAWTUCKET, R. I., March 12.—Resenting his expulsion last night by an officer from his wife's home at 210 West street, where he was an unwelcome visitor, Austin Chandley, 45 years old, returned and threatnaged his wife. The bullet missed her, but struck her sister, Mrs. Rose Carr, wounding her seriously in the right lung.

Michael Goodwin, a brother of Mrs. Chandley, who grappled with his brother-in-law and in the scuffle that ensued was shot, not seriously, in the right breast. He then let go of Chandley, who escaped to another room, from out of which he fired at Officer Thomas Carr when the latter entered the room in response for help. Carr drew his pistol and fired twice, hitting Chandley in both shoulders. Chandley was taken to a hospital, where his condition is serious.

JIMMY GARDNERHad Better of Bout With
Clabby**MILWAUKEE**

MILWAUKEE, Wis., March 12.—Jimmy Gardner of Lowell, Mass., and Jimmy Clabby of Milwaukee, fought a 10-round-no-decision bout before the Badger A. C. last night. Both men finished strong. The verdict of the experts at the ringside was that Gardner had a slight shade over his opponent.

The men fought at catch-weights, Gardner being apparently about 15 pounds the heavier.

THE GRAND TRUNKTo Build Road in Rhode
Island**PROVIDENCE**

R. I., March 12.—The hearing on the Grand Trunk's application for a charter for the Southern New England Railway company in Rhode Island before the house committee on corporations closed with a dramatic climax, in which Vice President Edward G. Buckland of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad promised that his road would not oppose the pending charter.

The climax came as the result of the production of a telegram from London, stating that the Grand Trunk's board of directors at a meeting there had fully endorsed the plan for the extension into this state. A few minutes before refusing to be interrupted by the Grand Trunk representative, Mr. Buckland had intimated that President Hayes of the Grand Trunk did not have the backing of his directors in making promise to build a road here.

The telegram came here via the Grand Trunk's offices at Montreal, directed to First Vice President E. H. Fitzhugh, who spoke at the hearing here. Mr. Fitzhugh gave the message to John S. Murdoch, the counsel for the road here. The telegram came from President Hayes in London and was as follows:

"Provident branch discussed by board the pending action taken fully approved and you may so state."

The beginning of the telegram was agreed upon with Mr. Buckland, who was immediately surprised. Mr. Buckland said, "undoubtedly that is the vote of the board of directors of the Grand Trunk railway of Canada. If the vote is forthcoming I absolutely withdraw the objections I have made to these words because doubt as to the bona fide nature of the petition and the Grand Trunk's purposes in securing the charter. Before the reading of the telegram, he said that when the telegram was a pledge on the part of the Grand Trunk railway to build this road, the objections which I have heretofore stated may be absolutely withdrawn and I shall then proceed only to discuss some features of the charter."

HALLEY'S COMETPROF. LOWELL DESCRIBES THE
TAIL OF IT

BOSTON, March 12.—The "greatest approach to nothing" set in the midst of nothing" is the description given the tail of Halley's comet by Prof. Percival Lowell, astronomer and director of the Flagstaff, Ariz., observatory.

"On account of its vicinity it could have no injurious effect on humanity, even if it were the deadliest of gases," said Prof. Lowell in disputing the theory that danger to the earth's inhabitants from a comet is possible and probable.

Further discussing the subject Prof. Lowell said:

"If it were true that the approach of Halley's comet is the cause of storms and floods the world has experienced during the last few months we should have a never-ending succession of disasters for we are visited on an average by five or six comets each year, even though we do not see them."

600 DELEGATESTo Attend Stationary
Engineers' Convention

The 14th annual convention of the state association of the National Association of Stationary Engineers will be held in this city July 7, 8 and 9, and about 600 delegates, visitors and exhibitors are expected to be present. Prescott and Rundell halls have been secured for the convention and there will be an exhibition of steam appliances and supplies by local and other firms from all parts of the country.

The state convention last met in this city in 1899. Since that time the association has grown and its prestige leads the manufacturers and dealers in steam appliances to exhibit at these conventions as they are in a position to do so. Those interested in what they have to offer will be admitted free and those interested in steam plants will be urged to visit the exhibition. It will open at noon of the 7th and continue through the evening and all day of the 8th.

The convention proper will meet on the morning of the 8th. The 9th will be devoted to sightseeing and a field day at one of the nearby parks. On the eve of the 8th, either a banquet or dinner will be provided for the entertainment of the visitors.

The local association, No. 17, is putting forth its best efforts to make this the best state convention in the history of the organization.

Lowell, No. 17, is the second largest association in the state and the banner association of the country in the educational work of the national body, it having won two firsts, two seconds, and three third prizes, in as many years, a record that is not reached by any other association in the country and one of which it naturally feels very proud.

It numbers among its members the brightest and best engineers in this vicinity, and it has through its educational work and discussions saved thousands of dollars to plant owners who are fortunate to have an engineer or foreman in their employ who is a member of the association. Lectures by engineers and technical men are given during the fall and winter and during the educational work and discussions of practical questions brought up at these meetings the time is profitably spent. The motto of the N. S. S. is "To Learn More—Learn More." is thoroughly believed in by its members.

The convention committee met Wednesday evening and organized with T. N. Colsey as chairman, Joseph Collins secretary, and E. M. Pratt treasurer. Sub-committees were appointed, and the plans of the convention formulated.

TEXTILE LOSTDefeated by Lawrence
High Athletes

The brawn, muscle and agility of the Lowell Textile school received a setback at the hands of the Lawrence High school athletes in the city hall, Lawrence, last night. The Lowell boys were defeated by a score of 50 to 15. The Textile enthusiasts didn't make any lead noise in the street when they arrived "limly" shortly before the midnight hour. The result of the event was as follows:

In the first trial heat of the 23-yard dash Wise of the Textile school was first and Ayer of Lawrence, second. The time was three seconds. In the second trial heat Mahoney was first and Banan second, both Lawrence. The time was three seconds.

In the final Ayer of Lawrence was a winner, Mahoney, Lawrence, second and Wise, Textile, third. The time was four seconds.

The 400-yard run showed Lawrence taking everything. Barron was first, Westland was second, and Lawrence third. The time was 1.26 2-5, a new record for the track.

In the high jump Banan of Lawrence was first, jumping five feet and one inch. Green, Textile and Cheney, Textile, were second and third, respectively.

Lawrence took the top place in the shot put, Yale putting the sphere 37 feet and five inches. Middleton and Harrison, Textile, were second and third.

Elli, Lawrence, won the 100-yard run, doing it in two minutes and 45 seconds. Keough, Textile, was second and Sullivan, Lawrence, was third.

In the 300-yard dash Ayer of Lawrence won in 41.5 seconds. Trickey, Lawrence, was second, and Murphy, Textile, was third.

The class team race, between classes of 12 and '13 was won by the former in 2 minutes 43.5 seconds.

The relay race between Textile and Lawrence was won by the down-river men. The teams were made up of Ayer, Lawrence, Ayer, Mahoney, Lawrence, Banan, Textile—Keough, Murphy, Wise, and Ayer.

The officials of the games were as follows: Starter, W. A. Dunn; referee, D. J. Mahoney; clock, George E. Ford; judges, C. Scott, E. S. Riley and A. E. Farley; inspectors, H. G. Nickerson, E. M. O'Connor, C. F. Sullivan, F. N. Hogan; announcer, Dan O'Connell; timers and measurers, J. E. Wright and H. H. Fox; scorer, J. F. Stedman.

BOWLING CONGRESS

DETROIT, March 12.—St. Louis was awarded the 1911 tournament and the local officers and members of the executive committee were re-elected with a few exceptions at the annual meeting of the American Bowling congress yesterday. On the plays, another day passed without a change in the leadership in any of the three classes.

STORM WARNING

NEW YORK, March 12.—The local weather bureau here received the following special from Washington:

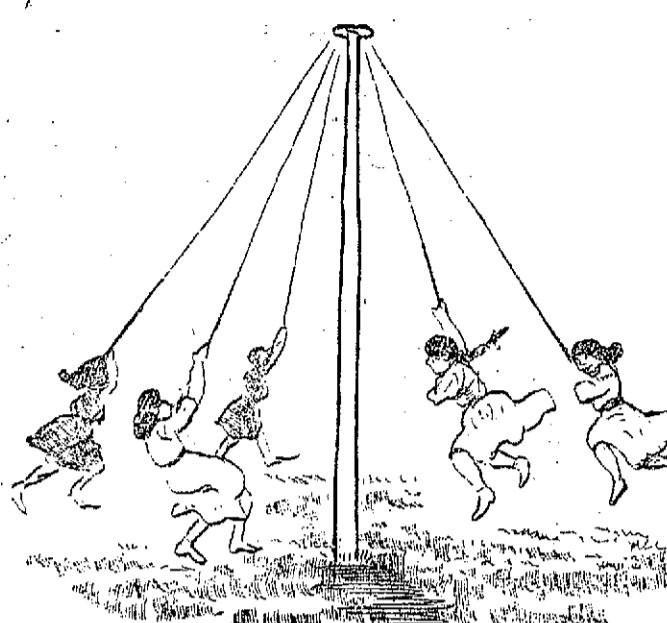
Northeast storm warning ordered displaced at 10 a. m. along the coast from Morehead City, N. C., to Boston, N. E. and high northerly winds blowing to the northwest. Storm off North Carolina coast moving northwest.

RAILROAD MANAGERS REFUSE

CHICAGO, March 12.—It is officially announced that the railroad managers yesterday refused to submit every concession demanded by the brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers and Engineers, representing 25,000 men on 19 western roads, excepting parleying of the wage question.

PUBLIC PLAYGROUNDS

Judge Pickman Outlines Board's
Plans for the Future



THE JOY OF PLAYING TOGETHER A FEATURE THAT MAY SOON BE SEEN IN LOWELL

**Apparatus and Supervisor for
Little Canada Park — Money
Needed to Complete the Play-
ground at Fort Hill Park —
Shower Baths to be Installed
There**

While there is a general sentiment abroad for a city beautiful, more breathing places for the residents of the city, the park commission anticipates the supervisor for the playgrounds. These supervisors of necessity will be few in number owing to our limited appropriation for doing any practical work along these lines. A sub-committee consisting of the chairman and Mr. Greene is to proceed slowly as to get the men best fitted for the position for them to install apparatus along with being supervisors.

or of The Sun this morning Judge Pickman said: "The sub-committee is now considering the matter of supervisors for the playgrounds. These supervisors of necessity will be few in number owing to our limited appropriation and hence we are proceeding slowly as to get the men best fitted for the position for them to install apparatus along with being supervisors.

In regard to the apparatus our idea is to procure such apparatus as will permit the least number of accidents.

In some cities apparatus high from the ground has been established and often when the supervisor is not around accidents occur. We desire to prevent this if possible. We have purchased some improved swings and teetots and some Giant's Strides which are extremely popular with the children and not dangerous. The Giant's Stride appears in the drawing. The children swing around on this, touching the ground with the feet every few yards.

We also will provide for base ball, the medicine ball, vaulting and jumping.

Fort Hill Playground

Asked relative to the Fort Hill playground now in process of construction and which when completed according to the plans of the commission will be the finest of its kind in all New England Judge Pickman said: "On our appropriation last year we built the necessary retaining wall for the playground on the westerly side of the hill and with \$1500 or \$2000, we can complete it according to the original plans and give the public a playground that cannot be excelled in any city of New England. We have room for a base ball field as large as most of the big league grounds. On one side the hill rises gracefully from the old field making a natural grand stand partially shaded by trees which will comfortably accommodate 2000 people. In addition to the main field there is room enough for other apparatus and it is the commission's intention when its means permit to establish comfort stations and shower baths on the Fort Hill grounds. This work, however, needs an additional appropriation and

is to be used for the commission's intention.

Mr. Pickman's idea is to have the playgrounds in the city as complete as possible.

According to the police, Harlow was forced to strike him for self-protection. No arrest was made.

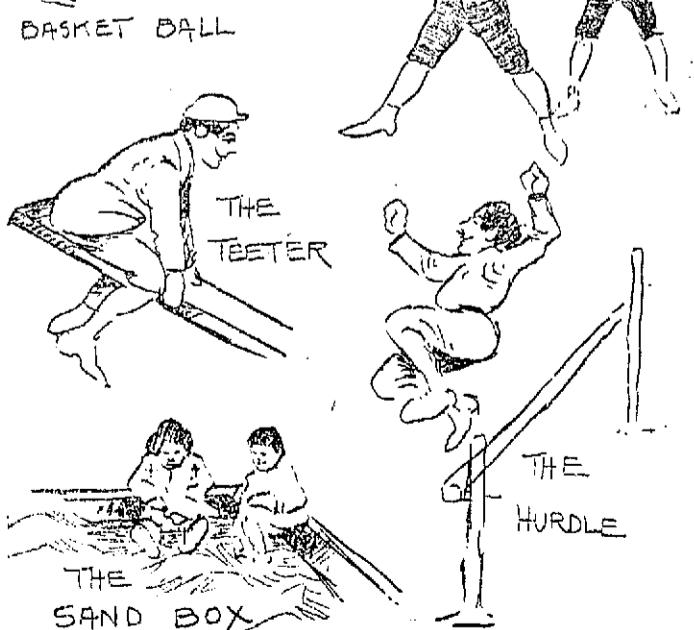
THE FAIRBANKS SAIL

LIVERPOOL, March 12.—Former Vice President and Mrs. Fairbanks sailed for New York today on the steamer Mauretania.

Appetite Restored

AND ALL MY ACHES LEFT ME

Read This Man's Testimonial



PLAY GROUND PLEASURES SUCH AS WE MAY SEE ON OUR PUBLIC PLAYGROUNDS DURING THE COMING SUMMER.

Last year the supervisors were allowed a free hand relative to hours but this year we will have a regular schedule of hours and duties for them so the playgrounds will be improved and will accommodate a greater number of children than formerly. We have a new playground this year that promises to be of importance, the ill-

provement of the local playgrounds.

Speaking of the work with a report,

Brookline to be of importance, the ill-

Hot Water

WHILE YOU WAIT

A NEW PROPOSITION TO LOWELL PUBLIC

NOTABLE BOOK

On Ireland by Editor Sutherland of Phila.

"Ireland Yesterday and Today," a book by Hugh Sutherland, associate editor of the Philadelphia North American, and treating of the causes that oppressed Ireland, the movements that have largely overcome that oppression and that promise complete regeneration in the near future, is receiving the most flattering notices from the press of this country.

The Philadelphia North American, one of the oldest and greatest papers in this country, has distinguished itself for supporting every movement looking to liberty and good government whether in this country or abroad. Seven years ago, or to be exact, in the summer of 1902, it sent Mr. Hugh Sutherland to Ireland to investigate the land question as the war on the landlords was then at its height and the question of right and wrong as between the landlords and the people was the subject of much controversy.

Mr. Sutherland went to Ireland a disinterested and unprejudiced party to do the work assigned him by his newspaper. He made a tour of the country from north to south and east to west, entering the homes of the people, talking with the farmers, the business men and even with the landlords, thus finding out for himself the facts of the situation.

A series of letters notable for their fairness and brilliancy he reported his personal observations to his newspaper in Philadelphia. These letters which were widely read presented the land question in a clearer light than ever before by any American newspaper. He explained the meaning of Irish landlordism, its effects upon political and economic conditions, the miseries of the people as a result of turning the best land into pastures and driving the people to the barren mountain sides. He told also of the agitation conducted by the Irish parliamentary party and the plans for the overthrow of the oppressive system of landlordism as well as the coercion by which it had so long been upheld and protected.

On his first visit he predicted the success of the Irish people in driving out the landlords, and this prediction was fully verified as shown by the letters written on his subsequent visit.

The act for the abolition of landlordism in Ireland was passed in 1903 and after six years under that act the progress noted by Mr. Sutherland on his second visit in 1909, was really astounding.

On his tour he passed largely over the same ground he had trodden in 1902, in order that he might note the changes, if any, in local conditions effected during that time. If the letters of his former visit were discouraging from their description of misery and gloom his second series of letters formed a striking contrast in their expression of the new spirit that had possessed the people; the hopes that had inspired them with the departure of the landlords and the restoration of the land to the people from whom it was stolen centuries before. The evidence on every hand of a general uplift, of

coming prosperity, content and happiness were all reflected in these letters from Mr. Sutherland, as published in the Philadelphia North American. The letters created something of a sensation in this country as indicating the accomplishment of a peaceful revolution in Ireland through the work of the United Irish League.

After describing the vast improvements in the homes of the people and their modes of living, Mr. Sutherland turned to the question of home rule, and on this subject he gives some of the most valuable historic information regarding the alleged conquests of Ireland, the penal laws, the corruption that led to the act of union, the mis-government by Dublin castle, and the reign of landlordism, which made home rule impossible.

In concluding his letters, Mr. Sutherland predicts that home rule is bound to come if the people support the movement under Mr. Redmond. These letters are entirely the most illuminating that can be found on the Irish question. They show the result of great research and are beyond doubt the most truthful presentation of the events that have swayed the destinies of Ireland for the past century.

Some of Mr. Sutherland's descriptions are very graphic. One of particular note tells of the last evolution at which the police of Ireland assisted in an eviction that today would be impossible. It is a touching story of a great battle at the close of the land war, a battle in which the people fought against the eviction of a farmer until overcome by the battering rams and bayonets of the government cohorts sent to enforce the decrees of landlord extortion. No eviction of the kind will ever again occur in Ireland, Mr. Sutherland asserts.

A great many of the sympathizers with the Irish parliamentary movement regretted that they had not been able to get all the letters, and Hon. Michael J. Ryan of Philadelphia, national president of the United Irish League, conceived the idea of supplying this need by having all the letters published in book form with Mr. Sutherland's consent. The book is quite a respectable volume, and any one who wants the most accurate and up-to-date information of the Ireland of today should possess a copy. No library without this book can give the truth about Ireland and the movements that have been conducted since the days of Parnell.

The book is published for the benefit of the United Irish League as the result of Mr. Sutherland's generosity, and whatever funds, if any, are realized by the sale of the work will be turned over to the United Irish League.

Hon. John E. Redmond has written a complimentary but conservative introduction to the book in which he takes occasion to thank Mr. Sutherland and his paper for the splendid uplift given to the movement by this gratuitous service by the Philadelphia North American. He shows that if the truth be known of the Irish question it will win the sympathy of the world, and nothing that has been written in this country or by the press of any country has done so much to form a correct public opinion and to disseminate correct information upon the Irish question of today as the publication of Mr. Sutherland's letters and their subsequent appearance in book form. The price of the book is one dollar, postage 17 cents extra. Orders may be sent to the Philadelphia North American, Philadelphia, or to John O'Callaghan, Room 43, Globe Building, Boston.

FLAG CARNIVAL

By the Women of Grace Church

The Highland club house was the scene of another very pleasant affair yesterday. It was the second annual flag carnival by the women of the Grace Universalist church.

The young people of the church danced from 4 to 6 in the afternoon and in the evening general dancing was enjoyed by the people of the church and their friends who filled the hall to its capacity. The American flag was there in all its glory. The walls were draped with American flags of various sizes and the stage background was set with a large flag.

Sale tables were well patronized and did a rushing business both afternoon and evening. The candy table was presided over by Miss Maude Marshall and Miss Edith Merchant assisted by a committee of young people. Mrs. Martha Richardson and Mrs. I. P. Bachelor had direct charge of the domestic table and the grab table was looked after by Miss Eva Rollins, Mrs. Irene Derby and Miss Ruth Crawford. The fancy table was in charge of Mrs. Charles N. Woodward and the luncheon table was in charge of Mrs. R. A. Greene. The decorations were in charge of William Thompson, Edward Woodward, Robert Potter, Moses Strauss and Lawrence and Wallace Safford.

GAVE HIMSELF UP

J. D. Pomerleau Charged With Larceny

John D. Pomerleau, aged 19 years, walked into the police station about 9 o'clock last night and there and then requested to be locked up. Captain Atkins acquiesced, and John D. was properly escorted to a cell in the rear.

Why did he do it? Because his mother told him to, and that's reason enough. He said that he and a man named McGaugh were wanted for breaking and entering and larceny in the Fred L. Timmons' saloon in Middlesex street. He went to New York, he said, after the break, which was made March 1. His mother had read about it, he said, and wrote to him, pleading with him to come home. McGaugh and Pomerleau, it is alleged, went to the Timmons' saloon on the nights of Feb. 22 and March 1. They got some valuable stuff. McGaugh was arrested a few days after the second break, but Pomerleau left town. Both men were indicted by the grand jury. Pomerleau lives at 525 Middlesex street.

GOT TWO MONTHS

INDIAN THREW CONDUCTOR THROUGH CAR WINDOW

BOSTON, March 12.—Everett Jones, a full-blooded Indian, was sentenced to two months in the house of correction yesterday on the charge of assault on a street car conductor. It was testified that the Indian threw the conductor through the car window at the corner of Washington and Milk streets. He was arrested after a fight with Police Officer Maurice Fitzgerald.

Mrs. Louise D. Bowes of 161 Northampton street was sentenced to six months in the house of correction on the charge of assault upon her step-daughter, Margaret, aged 16. It was alleged that the woman threw a lighted lamp at her husband and that it struck the daughter and exploded. A fire started, which caused serious damage to the house. Two firemen were injured and an aged woman had a narrow escape from death from being struck by the fire teams.

Frederick Lyons, 21 Quinby place, Roxbury, and John J. Punch of Compston street, were held in \$2000 each for the grand jury on the charge of highway robbery. They were charged with pulling Charles Hawkins, a waiter, into the doorway at 18 Corning street, Thursday night, and robbing him.

GAS SAVING INVENTION

Just a little valve—the work of a minute to adjust—and you have a saving of from 25 to 50 per cent in your gas bills, says the inventor.

This tells the story of the invention of Mr. F. N. Lebelie of this city, after years of experiments. It means much, he says, to the people of Lowell, and gas consumers all over the country. It may not make a bit with the gas companies, but that isn't worrying the inventor.

The valve is a sort of door which is placed within the gas pipe at any point between the meter and the first light, making it effective as a saving medium all over the house. When one gas jet is lighted, the pressure resulting forces the little door open; when a second gas jet is lighted, the door acts automatically under the added pressure and permits just enough gas to flow to insure a bright, steady flame. Thus, Mr. Lebelie says, all of the waste due to flickering or over-pressure is eliminated.

The economizer can be installed in a pipe of any size. For the ordinary household the saving of 25 to 50 per cent is claimed, with an outlay of only \$2. The device, the inventor claims, cannot wear out. If a family moves, the economizer can be removed in a minute and installed in a new gas pipe. For big blocks requiring a regulator of larger size, a different arrangement is made. It will be put in at the company's own expense on a basis of 25 per cent of the savings.

The invention may be seen at the demonstrating office, 1 Merrimack sq., commencing March 14th.

Not in Milk Trust

The Original and Genuine

HORLICK'S

The Food-drink for All Ages.

At restaurants, hotels and fountains. Delicious, invigorating and sustaining.

Keep it on your sideboard at home.

Don't travel without it.

A quick lunch prepared in a minute.

Take no substitute. Ask for HORLICK'S

Others are imitations.

If you want help at home or in your business, try "The Sun" "Want" column.

ANNIVERSARY SPECIAL FOR SATURDAY

\$25.00

SILK LINED OVERCOATS

\$18.50

New model, regular length coats, of fine quality, black undressed worsted, lined and faced to button holes, with Merveilleux silk, hand tailored throughout.

Sizes up to 42.

Today's anniversary price \$18.50.

Special For Monday

A STEIN-BLOCH

\$20 SUIT FOR

\$15

A new spring model in a fancy gray cassimere—a nobby young man's suit.

THE SMART CLOTHES SHOP

D. S. O'BRIEN CO.

222 Merrimack Street.

FIREMEN GO FREE

B. & N. Railway Extends Its Courtesy

CONSTITUTIONALITY OF THE LAW IN QUESTION

WASHINGTON, March 12.—"For breaking away our charters" was one of the grievances of the American colonists against the king of Great Britain. At the time the declaration was extending the firemen the same privilege as is extended the policemen, Captain Burns of Engine 4 is credited with being the "man behind" the fire movement and the following communication, addressed to Mr. Burns, is self-explanatory:

Boston & Northern Street Railway Co., 84 State Street, Boston.

March 10, 1910.

Office of Vice President and General Manager.

Mr. J. Edward Burns, Engine 4, High Street, Lowell, Mass.

Lear Sir.—Referring to the subject matter of the pending petition, discussed at this morning's conference, I beg to advise you that instructions will be given that commencing Sunday, March 13th, permanent firemen of Lowell shall be carried free within the city limits, when in uniform, and with the understanding that they shall not occupy seats whenever same are required for the use of paying passengers.

Respectfully,

Robert S. Goff,
Vice Pres. and Gen. Manager.

DRACUT RECOUNT

Failed to Make Change in Result

Dracut's recount for selectmen, highway surveyor and cemetery commissioners took place before the board of registrars in the town hall last night. The revised figures of the election are as follows: Blanks, 275, lost 2; Cullinan, 215, lost 2; Garland, 232, lost 3; Jones, 261, lost 3; McDonald, 273, lost 3; Pollard, 266, gained.

Highway surveyor, Carroll, 291, lost 2; Richardson, 253, lost 1.

Cemetery commissioner, Farrell, 259, lost 2; Peabody, 258, lost 2.

Mr. Fred Rouse served on the board of registrars for the recount, replacing Thomas Garrick, who was recently elected fire warden.

The school board met last night and re-organized. Nelson E. Huntley was chosen chairman and Charles H. Cutler, secretary. The sub-committees appointed are as follows: Centre, N. E. Huntley; Goodhue school, Bernard Maguire; Parker avenue, John Hutchins; Collinsville, G. H. Cutler; Broadway, Charles Smith; Dracut, Melvin Richardson and Kenwood, Moses Dodge.

The committee on books and supplies was constituted as follows: Jas. Morley, Hiram Linscott and Supt. Chase.

The committee on repairs is as follows: Hiram Linscott, James Mozley, and N. E. Huntley.

The committee on transportation was named as follows: C. H. Cutler, Hiram Linscott and James Mozley.

WORTH THE PRICE

The enterprise and lecture to be given in Associate hall Sunday night by Professor L. of the A. C. H. for the building fund, will be well worth the price of admission. Mr. Thomas P. Riley, who will deliver a lecture on Ireland, is a man well qualified to deal with the subject. He has lectured in Lowell before on a similar subject so that he is no stranger here. The musical part of the program will be especially good, the pick of local talent having signified a willingness to take part. Miss Katherine L. Mullin, who made so great a hit in the "Maid and the Major" recently, will sing "The Long Hacked Car" and the "Star Spangled Banner." The Glendale quartet will appear in choice selections, as well as other well known local talent.

MANCHESTER, N. H., March 12.—Adelard Levesque, until recently a struggling painter forced to work hard to earn his living and glad of any work that came his way, has, through his lucky find in the St. Lawrence river while fishing, risen to a position where he can turn down an offer of \$20,000 for the lump of ambergris, which he mistook for a water animal and fired upon with both barrels of a shotgun.

Mr. Levesque stated that he was offered \$20,000 for the way-lie mass by State Chemist C. D. Howard.

It is not known whether Mr. Howard made the offer on his own responsibility or the interests of other parties, but Mr. Levesque said he refused Mr. Levesque, confided to a friend that when he disposed of the precious ambergris he intended to settle on a government farm in Canada.

Mr. Levesque used his find to keep a door open, and having no knowledge of its value did not know that a fortune lay within his grasp for three years until a Boston physician offered him \$125 for the ambergris.

Then he investigated and was informed of its value by Chemist Howard, who at first did not know the name of the man who approached him.

Mr. Levesque lives at 235 Chestnut street. He has resided in Manchester 12 years and has a wife and two children, one a boy of 15 years and the other a girl of 15 months. His brother Florence is in the west at present.

USED A FORTUNE

To Keep His Door Open

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DIED SUDDENLY

LAUGHLIN WAS BROTHER-IN-LAW OF PRES. TAFT

PITTSBURG, March 12.—Thomas McLaughlin, a brother-in-law of President and Mrs. William H. Taft, died suddenly of cerebral hemorrhage yesterday, at his home in this city. Mr. McLaughlin was born March 16, 1876, and was prominent in business and social life here. He was married in Cincinnati in 1902 to Miss Herron, a sister of Mrs. William H. Taft, and besides the widow, he leaves two young sons, William, aged 6, and Thomas, aged 4, and two brothers, George M., Jr., of the Jones & Laughlin Steel Co., and Irwin B. McLaughlin, secretary of the American embassy at Berlin.

Mr. McLaughlin was a member of the executive board and secretary and treasurer of the Jones & Laughlin Co., also a bank director and member of many clubs. He was a graduate of Yale class of '97 and prepared at St. Paul's school, Concord, N. H.

WASHER & CO., 16 MERRIMACK ST.

INSPECTOR DOW TODAY'S STOCK MARKET

Says Sunlight is Essential in Bath System

"We could do no better than to model our bath house, or build one, on the lines followed by the state highway commission at the beaches," says James Dow, inspector of buildings.

He does not believe in basement bath houses because of the absence of light from overhead. He likes the beach bath house because every part of the interior has light from overhead. Sunlight is an important element in every sanitary bath house. We should have it in ours.

Mr. Dow does not believe in locating the new hall in the vicinity of city hall, and he says that the best light can be obtained in a one-story building, with skylights or roof of glass, that might be removed in the summer time if need be. He does not believe in grouping public buildings and gives as his opinion

that the Morris property at the corner of John and Paige streets would be an almost ideal location for a new hall. He says the old Moody school house, at the corner of East Merrimack and High streets, might, at a small expense, be made into a suitable bath house. He considers it much preferable to build public buildings in various parts of the city where they will serve as models to owners of property adjoining. One thing always happens when a public building is placed in a good section of a city. Land in the vicinity increases in value, and if old and unsightly buildings cover the same, the taxes on the increase in land value after a time will make it unprofitable for the owner to keep the old buildings. He will put up structures that will bring in a rental in keeping with the value of his property.

U.S. AMBASSADOR TOOK CHILDREN

Has Been Sued by a French Attorney

Husband Now Offers to Return Them

PITTSBURG, March 12.—Pittsburgh was treated to a rather unusual sensation yesterday when it became known that United States Ambassador to Rome John G. A. Leishman, former president of the Carnegie Steel company of Pittsburgh, and one of Andrew Carnegie's former partners and advisers, has been sued by a prominent French attorney for the balance of a pecuniary bill.

The legal firm of Dalzell, Fisher & Hurlstone of Pittsburgh, representing Maitre O. E. Bodington, a counselor of Paris, has issued a writ of foreign attachment against the personal bank account of Ambassador Leishman in America, most of which is supposed to be carried in the Union Trust company of Pittsburgh.

The French attorney claims that the Pittsburgh millionaire has not yet paid him in full for services rendered preliminary to securing a titled husband for his daughter, Martha, who for the past three years has been Countess De Gontaut Elion of Paris.

Ambassador Leishman has paid him in part, the French attorney admits, but there is yet \$5000 coming to him, and failing to collect it in either Italy or Paris, he has invaded America. He sets forth that he went to great trouble in making a settlement of the portion of the Pittsburgher's fortune on the French court before the latter married the Pittsburgh beauty and that he wants his pay.

Maitre Bodington sets forth boldly that the Leishman-Elion marriage was in no way different from the general rule of continental marriages in which marriage settlements play an indispensable preliminary part.

He sets forth that Mr. Leishman employed him to represent him in making all financial arrangements with the count and that it did his duty, not only in securing for the Pittsburgh heiress a titled husband, but secured for the count a good price for giving his United name to the Pittsburgh girl.

The bonding institution has accepted the service, and it is announced that before Mr. Leishman can use one cent of his presumably large balance here he must furnish a bond of \$5000 to settle the claim of the French attorney should the case go against the rich father-in-law. The case is expected to develop some rich insight in foreign marriage arrangements by rich families of Pittsburgh.

THE PRESIDENT

WANTS CONSTITUTIONALITY OF ACT TESTED

WASHINGTON, March 12.—President Taft has directed Attorney General Wickesham to prepare a joint resolution to be presented to Congress to bring to an issue the question of the constitutionality of the act of 1846 whereby a portion of the District of Columbia was given to Virginia. Should Congress show by the adoption of the resolution that it desires the Virginian lands brought back into the district the president will institute suit to determine whether the act was constitutional. Fort Myer, Arlington and Alexandria lie within the territory that was formerly embraced within the district.

OCEAN TRAVEL

As the Annual Spring and Summer Passenger Business is well under way, we wish to remind European Travelers that we are now prepared to receive bookings on the Cunard, White Star, Allan and all first-class lines between Boston, New York, Queenstown, Liverpool, Glasgow, London and all points on the continent.

We issue Money Orders, Traveler's Checks and Drafts, payable free of discount in all parts of Great Britain, Ireland and Europe. Money orders on all parts of the United States and Canada.

We issue prepaid tickets to send to relatives and friends on the other side.

For rates, dates of sailing and other information, call at

MURPHY'S
TICKET AGENCY

18 Appleton Street
Opposite Post Office.

MARKET DULL

AT THE CLOSING HOUR THIS NOON
Trading Held in Restraint by Uncertainty of the Money Outlook—A Strong Advance in American Tobacco.

NEW YORK, March 12.—The light opening demand for stocks resulted in a sluggish recovery from the weakness of the closing yesterday. The advance in American Loco ran to a point and in Louisville & Nashville Rock Island pfd., Cleveland C. C. & St. Louis and B. R. T. large fractions.

Some of the actual stock fluctuated very irregularly, Reading and Amalgamated Copper covering a range of about point and unsettling the general market until near 11 o'clock, when all of the leaders moved up briskly. The market closed irregular and dull. Trading was held in restraint by the growing uncertainty of the money outlook. A strong advance in American Tobacco in the outside market was used to quiet apprehension over the recurrence on Monday of decision day in the supreme court. Covering of shorts put out yesterday about exhausted the demand. The drift of prices was narrow and shifting, turning downwards at the last. Prices ended with but little change from last night.

The Money Market

NEW YORK, March 12.—The statement of clearing house banks for the week shows that the bank holds \$10,006,750 more than the requirements of the 15 per cent reserve rule. This is a decrease of \$4,800,015 in the proportionate cash reserve as compared with last week.

The statement follows:

Loans, increase \$3,765,200.

Deposits, decrease \$2,753,700.

Circulation, increase \$6,200.

Legal tenders, decreased \$1,789,900.

Specie, decrease \$7,715,100.

Surplus, reserve \$10,006,750, decrease \$4,800,015.

Ex-U. S. deposits \$10,422,750, decrease \$4,813,175.

The percentage of actual reserve of the clearing house bank today was 25.84.

The statement of banks and trust companies of Greater New York not reporting to the clearing house shows:

Loans, increase \$5,029,200.

Specie, increase \$2,858,500.

Legal tenders, increase \$55,500.

Total deposits, increase \$10,250,000.

Prime mercantile paper 4-1/2 to 5 per cent. Sterling exchange steady at \$44.10 for sixty day bills and at \$46.55 for demand. Commercial bills 4-3/4 to 5-1/2; balances, \$10,806,320. Corresponding week, March, 1909. Exchanges \$18,899,142; balances, \$7,500,031.

Boston Clearing House

BOSTON, March 12.—Clearing house statement: Exchanges \$31,076,705; balances, \$1,501,221. For week ending March 12, 1910, Exchanges \$160,673; balances, \$10,806,320. Corresponding week, March, 1909. Exchanges \$18,899,142; balances, \$7,500,031.

Boston Copper Market

BOSTON, March 12.—The decline in local copper stocks was not quite so marked today and at the close a sharp

fall brought specialties to higher figures.

The Old Homestead of the Varieties." The Three Vagrants.

There was no address given to which Mrs. Warren might send a reply.

Instead, she was told that lawyers representing Warren would communicate with her attorneys, and that her decision was favorable the children will be returned. Warren also made the stipulation that he would prove his wife worthy.

Mrs. Warren is undecided as to her course. It was stated by one close to the family that if the children can be found she will endeavor to effect their recapture. With this end in view a detective is now waging a search in Providence. If, after several days, his search proves unavailing Mrs. Warren will, it is said, agree to a reconciliation for the sake of her children.

Such a course would mean the dropping of her divorce proceedings scheduled to be heard next week.

LOWELL OPERA HOUSE

Today at the Opera House, afternoon and evening, will be the last performances given of the current bill, which is the best yet seen under the present policy. Tomorrow afternoon and evening a concert will be given with Willard's Temple of Music as a feature. There will be an entire change of pictures and Herk Webster and Miss Ray will be heard in new songs. The prices Sunday are five and ten cents and the concert is given continuously from 1 to 5 and from 6:30 to 10. Commencing on Monday afternoon an entire new program will be seen and the bill to be offered will include Buckley, Martin & Co. in the laughable comedy sketch, "The New Manager," the Great Du Boys & Co. presenting sensational illusions; DeCotol and Rego, in a comedy singing and dancing turn, and William Dlek, vocalist and instrumentalist. An entire new program of pictures will also be seen and as usual will include the very latest and best in this line. Performances are given every afternoon from 2 to 5 and two full shows are given at night, starting at 7 and about 8:30. Saturday afternoon two full shows are given the same as at night, the first starting at 1:30 and the second at about 3 o'clock.

HATHAWAY THEATRE

Hathaway announces as the feature for next week a real and unmistakable winner in vaudeville attractions, with the appearance of "That Merry Pair," Harry and Kate Jackson, the pantomime variety's spectacular novelty, "Cupid's Voyage." Combining the features of a sparkling comedy and a grand scenic sketch, it is a big drawing number everywhere, and Hathaway-goers are congaugated upon the opportunity of enjoying it. The heroine of the sketch is Laura Radway, a dashing widow, who, to escape the proposals of Col. U. S. Cackle, a most plausible suitor, takes passage on an sailing ship, only to find Cackle on the trail, who had once befriended him. Buckley and Mack present an excellent vaudeville act, introducing Irish reels and jigs. Their dancing is such not usually seen. The admission of five cents includes a seat.

STAR THEATRE

"The Indian," a powerful motion picture subject dealing with life in the wild west, is a feature of the all star show at the Star theatre. A faithful Indian does a heroic deed in behalf of the family of a white settler, who had once befriended him. Buckley and Mack present an excellent vaudeville act, introducing Irish reels and jigs. Their dancing is such not usually seen. The admission of five cents includes a seat.

PASTIME THEATRE

The death of Minnehaha, one of the feature independent pictures shown at the Pastime picture house on Sunday afternoon and evening is certainly a clever piece of work on the part of the maker, showing how graphically that beautiful poem of Longfellow's is being produced in moving pictures and placing it among one of the finest films ever shown upon the screen, making it useful both for educational as well as for entertainment purposes. Don't fail to see this beautiful picture. Other pictures shown will include Dr. Nicola in "Thibet, or the Mystery of Lama Convent," a sensational dramatic subject; also "High Game," and "Last Year's Time Table," two excellent comedy subjects. Two illustrated songs by Lowell's favorite songster, Miss Lillian Unsworth will sing "The Spot That my Heart Calls Home." Mr.

THE FAMILY MEDICINE

SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS are mild and gentle, because they are wholly vegetable—they are always effective, because they follow Nature's corrective and curative methods—they are agreeable to the most delicate in all cases of biliousness, liver complaint, dyspepsia, indigestion, sick headache, giddiness, malaria, heartburn, etc. Used and proved for more than 78 years.

At druggists, 25c. Send to us for free book.

Dr. J. H. Schenck & Son, Philadelphia

THE IRISH LEAGUE GEORGE BURTON

The Treasurer's Report Has Sued Belmont and Shonts

NEW YORK, March 12.—George D. Burton of Ipswich, N. H., filed in the United States circuit court a summons and declaration in a suit against August Belmont and Theodore P. Shonts, as directors of the New York City Railway company, in which he seeks \$500,000 damages.

Burton, who says he is the holder of a patent dated Dec. 21, 1895, for certain useful improvements in electrical underground trolley railroads, asserts that the Metropolitan Street Railway company, by installing the improvements in 1902 on lines leased later to the New York City Railway company, infringed his rights in the invention. He says that because of the insolventy of the New York City Railway company a judgment for damages against that company would be ineffectual and unenforceable, and that reason has brought the suit against Messrs. Belmont and Shonts directors.

MORGAN IS BUSY

Financier Adds to His Art Treasures

ROME, March 12.—There was hardly a minute of rest yesterday for J. Pierpont Morgan, the American financier. Viewing works of art of the masters, taking care of a large amount of accumulated correspondence and receiving visitors were embraced in the program of the morning and afternoon, and last evening he dined at the Teatro Sannio and afterwards remained for a reception held in his honor. Mr. Morgan is in excellent health.

Having expressed a desire to visit the Borgia apartment in the Vatican at the time when tourists were not admitted, Mgr. Mischettari, prefect to the apostolic palaces, sent Mr. Morgan a special card of admission yesterday, and later in the day, Mr. Morgan accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Morton S. Paton of New York, viewed the art masterpieces there, especially those of Pierpont.

By the American mail arriving yesterday, Mr. Morgan received a voluminous batch of correspondence, and, after luncheon at the Grand hotel, where he is staying, he spent the entire afternoon in his apartment dictating letters to his secretary, Mr. Douglass, examining objects of art submitted for his judgment and receiving visitors.

Mr. Morgan yesterday accepted an invitation of the committee of the Italian organization which is arranging for the celebration of 1911 of the 50th anniversary of the proclamation making Rome the capital of United Italy to act as the honorary president of the foreign committee.

In requesting the American financier to serve in this capacity, the Italian organization said that no one was more worthy of the office than he. It also paid high tribute to his interest in art.

The Carl Marotel collection of watches, which was purchased in 1906 by Mr. Morgan, has recently been added to by him.

Mr. Morgan received an invitation yesterday from the Duchess Lante Della Rovere, who was Miss Anita Allen of New Orleans, to take lunch with her at her villa at Bagno, which is one of the most celebrated in Europe. Mr. Morgan expects to remain about a fortnight more in Rome.

AS A MEMORIAL

Birthplace of Webster to be Purchased

FRANKLIN, N. H., March 12.—Daniel Webster's birthplace in this city became yesterday the property of the Franklin Building and Loan association by a foreclosure of a mortgage.

Arthur C. Jackson of Chicago bought the estate in 1905. He is a lecturer at expositions and at one time talked of moving the building to some of the national fairs. He gave a mortgage and paid off the same.

The Spanish races will be held at the Spanish side for this month.

The trials for the Spanish match will be held about the middle of August, and twenty yachts are expected to start.

The Eastern Yacht club has issued invitations to all American yachtsmen to enter these trials. The rules are the same as have obtained for the past two years and no yacht can cost over \$2400.

The property includes 150 acres of land and the buildings. Pine Brook where Daniel used to fish for trout runs through the farm. There is a movement on foot to have the city of Franklin purchase the property or to organize a corporation and purchase it.

Josephine D. Donoghue, of Hazzettine street, who is holding an important clerical position in the census department, Washington, D. C., attained the highest rank in Massachusetts as a result of the federal civil service examination held some months ago. Her grade is said to be probably the highest ever attained by anyone in any similar examination, which was from all accounts a most exacting test.

Rev. Sister St. Albert of the French American orphanage has gone to Swanson, where her father, Jean-Baptiste Merlet, died Tuesday in his 82d year. The funeral took place Thursday. Mr. Merlet had been married twice and was the father of 23 children. He was a successful merchant in St. Joseph, La., before coming to the United States to live with some of his children established here, and was also for 34 consecutive years revenue collector in his county, resigning to occupy the position with the fall of the Merlet ministry.

Mr. Merlet died last night. The property is a memorial and that they may possibly conclude to purchase.

SMALL FIRE LAST NIGHT

A telephone alarm summoned a small section of the fire department to a chimney fire in the house at the corner of Broadway and White street about 7 o'clock last night. The property is owned by Daniel Murphy. Damage slight.

Bright, Sears & Co.
BANKERS AND BROKERS
Wyman's Exchange
SECOND FLOOR

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press

THREE DOLLARS PER YEAR. TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER MONTH

The sworn daily average circulation of The Lowell Sun for the year 1909 was

16,828

Sworn to by John H. Harrington, proprietor, Martin H. Reidy, business manager, and Alfred Pilote, pressman, of The Sun, before me, January 1, 1910. J. JOSEPH HENNESSY, Notary Public.

This is by far the largest average circulation of any newspaper in Lowell.

WHERE TAXES SHOULD BE HEAVY.

The high tariff and the subject of taxation are causing much discussion throughout the country.

While a vast majority of the people are poor and find it difficult to make both ends meet, there are men at the head of great monopolies, such as John D. Rockefeller, the coal barons, the trust magnates and many others, whose wealth is so vast that they find difficulty in spending it. They have had for years an income as a result of natural resources of this country and from which the government should derive an income. Coal lands and mines have been given away or sold outright while the same is true of oil lands and those containing the most precious mineral wealth.

By buying up such lands the speculators and railroads have secured a monopoly of the fuel supply, the gold output and other mineral treasures, while Rockefeller has bought up all the oil wells he could find; thus creating a monopoly of the oil supply.

It is not thus that other countries allow mineral treasures to be usurped. Even our next door neighbor, Canada, has a different and, from the popular standpoint, a more equitable method of disposing of mineral wealth. The law in force at present relative to coal lands of which there is not a great deal in Canada, permits the leasing of such lands for twenty-one years at an annual rental of dollar an acre, provided that not more than 2560 acres can be leased to one applicant. The royalty to be paid under this arrangement is five cents for every ton of coal. Even this arrangement would bring a reasonable return to the government of the United States on the output of the coal mines. But we have no such arrangement and the lands are private property, so that they cannot be reached except by taxation.

What we want in this country is a tax on mineral wealth and monopolies whether in land or anything else, in order to prevent the dangerous accumulation of wealth that defies even the government. Were taxes imposed thus there would be no need of the oppressive tariff that keeps the prices of the necessities of life at such an exorbitant figure.

Were such an arrangement in force we should not see such princes of wealth as Carnegie and Rockefeller with more money than they know how to dispose of.

Unless there be some method adopted to prevent the accumulation of vast wealth in the hands of the few and the impoverishment of the masses, there will certainly be trouble and disturbance, whether it be of the industrial kind or something different. The causes at the bottom of all the present trouble are the excessive tariff, the monopoly in mining lands, the trust of railroads and other lines of business to the exclusion of competition and the suppression of independent enterprises.

THE PUBLIC HALL SITES.

Mayor Meehan has expressed himself in favor of locating the hall near the center of transportation. That is a very important consideration in the selection of a site, important to the public at large as being equally convenient to the people of every part of the city.

A public hall so situated will be worth more to the city than one located at some distance from the center of transportation. It is important to have a public hall that can be reached from all the outlying districts of the city without a change of cars. This would save both time and trouble. It would make the hall more popular and more profitable, for when any public meeting or entertainment is advertised in a hall near the central transfer station, it will be more largely attended than if in a hall more remote.

It is a very trifling thing that sometimes makes all the difference between success and failure. In a store, let it be the best in Lowell, if it has one or two steps up to the door the people will not bother going into it while they can find one nearly as good that has an entrance on a level with the sidewalk. This fact is so potent to storekeepers throughout the city that most of them would rather go to the expense of making a level entrance than bear the disadvantage of even one step up to the door.

When such trifles sway the action of men and women, we get an idea of how important it is to study the demands of public convenience and necessity.

In this matter of a site for a public hall the main governing idea to guide the city council should be to provide for the greatest good of the greatest number. That can be done only by locating the public hall so close to the center of transportation that except in stormy weather no change of cars will be needed in getting the desired car at Merrimack square. That would mean a saving of from ten to thirty minutes at least for everybody using the electric cars, as it requires this length of time to change cars where they run on fifteen, twenty and thirty minute schedules. Then, too, the largest crowd can be accommodated at the square, whereas at any point where there is no loop track there will be delay. At the old Huntingdon hall, as everybody knows, there was seldom a sufficient number of cars to take off the crowd and the result was a tiresome wait.

Now the same condition will prevail if the hall is located at any considerable distance from the center of transportation so as to necessitate the trouble and delay of changing cars at the square.

The site that is near the transfer centre, and that can be easily looped with special cars destined for the outlying districts, has so many advantages in point of centrality, convenience and general eligibility that these points should weigh very heavily with the commission of selection. The assessed values of the lots offered thus far do not differ very much. They are as follows:

Site northeast corner John and Paige streets, \$35,700.

Site southeast corner John and Paige streets, \$38,400.

Moody street lot, next Yorick club (municipal centre) \$31,550.

Washington Tavern lot, corner Central and Church streets, \$10,950.

In the construction of a hall to meet the needs of the city present and future, it is better to pay a little more for an ideal site than take an objectionable one at a low figure.

The people long ago voted in favor of a public hall; they want it and the work of supplying this need should not be further postponed. We have been haggling over this matter long enough. Go in and settle it in a business-like manner with one aim in view, and that as we have said—the greatest good of the greatest number.

SEEN AND HEARD

"Doctor, there is something the matter with my right ear. There is something tickling inside of it and I cannot sleep. I have been sleeping for 18 hours," said J. M. Cootier, as he presented himself at the office of Bellevue Hospital in New York.

"It sounds like a telegraph operator sending a message and I hear it all the time," said Cootier.

Dr. Drury placed an instrument in the ear which enabled him to see the eardrum and there is the very centre he made out a small insect that appeared to be tapping on the drum with one foot.

The doctor flushed the ear and the "telegraph operator" floated out. "It is a very rare bug," said the doctor.

"What is it called?" asked a reporter of the doctor last night.

"Well, you might call it a 'telegraph bug,'" he replied.

Only two months after Chloe's marriage she reappeared in the kitchen and asked for her old place.

"What has happened to your husband?" asked her former employer.

"Dey an' nothin' happen to Willyum, Mis' Franklin."

"Isn't he willing to support you?"

"Oh, yes'm, he is willin' to support me, all right."

"Have you quarreled with him, then?"

"No'm, we ain't quarreled none."

"He sick?"

"No'm, he ain't sick."

"What is the matter?" has he left you?"

"No, mis' um, he ain't left me. I'm leavin' him."

"Well, what are you doing it for?"

Chloe paused, searching for the right phrase. "Well, I tell you, Mis' Franklin. It seems lak I dun so' lost my taste for Willyum."

John D. Rockefeller expects a gaudy pair of wings after he passes St. Peter at the Big Gate—New Bedford Times.

John may not pass. You know how hard the bibles says it is for the rich man to enter the kingdom of heaven.

THE STEADY SUBSCRIBER

How dear to my heart is the steady subscriber.

Who pays in advance, without skipping a year.

Who lays down his money and offers it gladly.

And goes 'round the office a halo of cheer.

Who never says, "Stop it, I cannot afford it?"

Or, "Getting more papers each day than I read?"

But always says, "Send it; the whole outfit likes it."

In fact, we regard it a business used."

How welcome is he when he steps in the sanctum!

How he makes "our-eyes" dance!

We outwardly thank him—we inwardly bless him.

The steady subscriber who pays in advance.

A. May Robinson in the National Magazine.

We all have ideals. We look forward to some day stepping out and up to better our conditions, to advance our business by some new thought, system or discovery. An ambition truly admirable this when honesty of purpose guides in the development; but sadly true it is that selfishness cuts in, slowly at first, but to grow until it overpowers honesty of purpose, becomes determination for gain, and the beauty of it all is swept aside by the desire for wealth that will make ease and luxuries possible. Then indeed is there danger, for the temptation is great. Ambition is a sin when

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 10 DAYS

PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Blister, Bleeding or Prolouding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded. See.

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of all descriptions in granite, marble and bronze. Our manufacturing plant has the most modern power equipment and every labor saving device.

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DR. EDWARDS

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TABLETS AND PILLS

A Miracle as a Blood Purifier

Say thousands who have used them. A positive cure for Rheumatism, Constipation and Poor Breath. Best remedy for Liver, Kidney and Stomach. Eliminates all poisons from the system, without grining. Purely vegetable and guaranteed under Pure Food and Drug Law. Free samples on request to SCHENCK'S CHEMICAL CO., 51 Franklin street, New York. 25 cents a box at HALL & LYON CO., 67-69 Merrimack St., Lowell, Mass.

PATENT MEDICINE

PAZO OINTMENT

New Coat Length Not Generally Becoming

Belts Seen Everywhere and on Every Kind of Costume.

It is with feelings of regret for the passing of the long coat from our modiste midst that the majority of women welcome the new cut of the spring coat. Nothing in the way of a wrap has been so universally becoming to both young and old, thin and stout, as the slim silhouette of the jacket that is no more. Imagine, if you can without exciting your risibles, a really stout woman in a Russian blouse model, or, for that matter, in one of the stocky looking hip length affairs.

But all sorts and conditions of femininity are going to array themselves in these new coats, so there is no use in sighing for what is not, and doubtless before the season is well under way we shall be quite won over to the attractions of the latest style. On strictly tailored suits military fastenings of frogs and cords are the smartest trimmings for coats that cut away in a bias fashion in front. For instance, a natty black and white checked suit made with a box plaited skirt has a semitiring hip length coat cut rather high in the neck, which is finished with a round collar of white cloth braided in dull gold. Black silk frogs placed at an angle of forty-five degrees are the fastenings used.

Another cloth suit seen at an exclusive establishment was of pin striped sapphire blue suiting made in much the same style as the shepherd's check save for the coat collar, which was of the shawl variety in corded black silk and sparsely braided with a narrow dull gold soutache.

These invisible striped materials are to be very fashionable this spring, and there is a new star design in cloth for tailor made that is one of the latest fabrics in the shops. The star figure is visible only in certain lights. Outmeal cloth, hopsacking and canvas weaves are all prominently to the fore, disporting themselves in charming two-toned effects. Blue with green and brown mingled with sage green are some of the favored combinations. So insistent is this changeable effect that even in ribbons and feathers for hats one sees the same coloring.

To be convinced that the waist line has established itself in spring fashions one has only to examine the varied and beautiful collection of belts sent over from Paris. For several seasons all garments have been beltless, and now belts have appeared everywhere and on everything that has a waist line. On coats the belts are of the material of or patent or saddle leather, and by far the most becoming way to dispose of them on jackets is to lift the waist line without destroying the curve. This is easily accomplished by the strips through which the belt is run. Rather never, but less flattering to the figure, is the Buster Brown adjustment. The belt in this instance goes through strips of material placed well down toward the point of the hips and is loose, fastened in front. There is nothing simple or inconspicuous about the belts used on house gowns. They are barbaric in design and gaudy. In theirsublime colorings, metal nets elaborately embroidered in gold and silver, in crystals and beads, fusing, for the style bears a closer resemblance to either a jumper or a tunicle dress. The name is a trifl con-

tinuation of the name of the

most expensive belts and therefore the most sought after are made of linked metal set with semiprecious stones finished with massive buckles. It is possible, though, to imitate this effect in heavy metal meshed braid, and, really, the substitute is even better, when the material is heavy enough a buttonholed scalloped edge is used, which scallop is employed also at the

waist and blouses except the front closing, which no longer is affected by a box plait, but by a single closing adorned with a trill of some kind.

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THE STATE SENATE TRADE OF JEWELER

Did Not Take Up the "Bar and Bottle" Bill

BOSTON, March 12.—Those who long to us because we are earning in Lawrence the money you are spending in Brookline." Adjournment cut off further debate.

Hays' "White Slave" Bills

In the house the committee on election laws reported leave to withdraw on the Riley bill to permit the people to express their preference for U. S. senator.

The committee on rules recommended that the rules should not be suspended for the admission of the three bills introduced early in the week by Representative Martin Hayes of Boston to deal with the "white slave" question and the alleged bar swindlers.

These additional reports were submitted:

Cities, Mayor Fitzgerald's bill to change the boundary line between the cities of Boston and Cambridge.

Constitutional amendments, an alternative and referendum amendment of the constitution. Senator Tolman and Representatives Holman and Hathaway dissent.

Constitutional amendments, leave to withdraw on the woman suffrage resolve. Representative Wood, Holman, Quincy and Daly dissent.

Cities, leave to withdraw on the bill authorizing the city of Boston to lay out and construct approaches to Thompson.

Harbors and lands, a bill approving the purchase by the United States of a tract of land in East Boston for use as an immigration station.

Taxation, leave to withdraw on the bill increasing the excise tax on trading stamps.

Insurance, leave to withdraw on the bills to authorize or require the separation of investment and life insurance.

Counties, leave to withdraw to Thordike, Spalding in his bill to fill vacancies in boards of county commissioners by appointment of the governor.

Mr. Payson of Norton favored the bill in the interest of equalizing tax rates.

Mr. Holt of Methuen favored the bill and Mr. White of Brookline opposed it.

Mr. Saunders of Clinton favored the bill.

Mr. Thomas of Quincy favored it because he felt it just.

Mr. White of Brookline said the bill is simply an attempt on the part of the poor municipalities to get money away from the richer ones.

Mr. Holt, answering this, said: "Yes, we do want the money, because it be-

hoes the following communication explains itself and is answered at length:

Editor Sun:
At you have been in the habit of printing hints on success and advice to boys. I write to inquire if you would kindly inform me how a boy can learn to be a jeweler and whether it would be well to turn a boy's attention in that direction. By answering in your paper you will greatly oblige.

Yours truly,
T. F. M.

How to Learn the Trade

The business of a jeweler consists in repairing and cleaning watches and clocks, polishing and compounding metals, silvering, soldering, plating, stamping, engraving and several other kindred arts.

Sometimes the repairing of optical instruments or all kinds is conducted in conjunction with the jeweler's business. In order to succeed in this business the beginner must possess a good deal of mechanical ingenuity, as otherwise he can never sufficiently appreciate the delicate mechanism, sometimes indescribable to the naked eye—which he is daily called upon to take apart, regulate and repair.

A young man can wish for a nicer or more respectable trade. The jeweler generally works behind the counter of a store surrounded with a stock of

watches, clocks, silverware, and sometimes also optical and musical instruments. His work is light, seldom requiring either physical or great mental effort, his hours of work are not more than the usual length, and his remuneration is above that of the average trade. He can acquire a general knowledge of all the leading branches of the trade or he can make a specialty of some particular one—say watch repairing, and in either case he is sure of permanent employment and good pay provided he is industrious because the business is not overburdened by competition.

After saving a little capital any average workman can open a store for himself and by honest dealing and faithful work he may soon build up a money-making business and be an employer instead of a paid tradesman.

The easiest and the most common way of learning the trade is to obtain employment in a jeweler's store where there will be an opportunity of learning the business thoroughly. When a boy engages as an apprentice, he receives very small pay for a year or two during which his duties are partly sweeping floors, washing windows and running errands.

If he can enter a watch factory his opportunity to learn the trade rapidly might be much better if he be the right kind of a boy.

During his apprenticeship, he should be comforted with the thought that he is learning a trade in which from the start he can earn very respectable wages.

His earning capacity will depend upon his proficiency and attention



THE JEWELER AT WORK

How a Boy Can Learn the Trade and Enter Business

No Strike on the B. & O. May Lead the Big Strike

BALTIMORE, March 12.—There will be no strike of conductors or trainmen on the Baltimore & Ohio railroad. Commissioner of Labor Neil having early to conclude President Samuel Gompers of the American Federation of Labor's efforts as mediator in the wage dispute between the railroad and the men.

While the exact figures on which a settlement was reached were refused for publication, it was learned that some concessions were made on both sides and that in a general way, the men and the officials met half way.

This is true of all matters in controversy, except the question of double-header freights, for the abolition of which the men asked. By mutual agreement this question was laid aside for settlement hereafter in connection with other roads. On the conclusion of the conference this morning, Commissioner Neil declined to make any statement other than that a settlement satisfactory to both sides had been reached.

President Garretson of the conductors' union, and President Lee of the Brotherhood of Trainmen jointly issued the following statement:

"An agreement between the officers of the Baltimore & Ohio and the conductors and trainmen of that line was reached last night through the efforts of Chase P. Neil, labor commissioner, and Martin A. Knapp, chairman of the interstate commerce commission after eight days of almost continuous conferences. The settlement includes freight, passenger and yard service, and while not all that was requested by the men in the original demands presented was granted, it means a substantial increase to all concerned.

Thousands of men on the Baltimore & Ohio will be thankful that the spirit of fairness shown on the part of the company and committee, ended by the patient efforts and good judgment of Commissioner Neil and Chairman Knapp, has avoided a serious strike, not only on this railroad, but on others in the territory."



SAMUEL GOMPERS
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strike in sympathy with the disaffected tradesmen. Calling out of the engineers of the street railways in San Francisco, Cleveland, Pittsburgh and Omaha was especially favored as the center of the strike, which was to start in the early part of the month in Philadelphia. It was decided that President Gompers had had such a meeting under consideration for some time, and in various quarters the notion was expressed that he was prepared to take the responsibility for so grave a step.

He is in sympathy with the disaffected tradesmen. Calling out of the engineers of the street railways in San Francisco, Cleveland, Pittsburgh and Omaha was especially favored as the center of the strike, which was to start in the early part of the month in Philadelphia. It was decided that President Gompers had had such a meeting under consideration for some time, and in various quarters the notion was expressed that he was prepared to take the responsibility for so grave a step.

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People Want Strike Ended

NIGHT EDITION

TWO CAR SPRINKLERS

Will be Put in Operation Soon as Possible

Cars Have Not Yet Arrived—

Lowell Will Have Three Car Sprinklers This Year—Over \$100,000 Paid Out of City Treasury in Three Days—The Finance Committee Will Invest Davis Fund Money for Library—Other City Hall News

Unless there comes a hitch in present arrangements the car sprinklers will be put in operation before the last week in March. The contract reads from April 1st but the cars can be used overtime or before the time mentioned in the contract at so much per week reckoned on the basis of \$475 a month per car.

Meetings scheduled for next week at the city hall are as follows: Monday—Finance committee 12:15 p. m.; Tuesday—Alderman 9 p. m.; committee on printing 5 p. m.; Friday—Committee on streets 2 p. m.

Grade Crossings

There is prospect for early activity in the work of abolishing the grade crossings in School, Walker, Lincoln and Plain streets. It is understood that the work will begin just as soon as the weather permits. The railroad company seems very anxious to get the work underway. Mayor Meehan expects that the work will begin within a very short time.

Marriage Intentions

William Livingston, 39, grain dealer, 77 Livingston avenue, and Rena Bugbee, 28, at home, 14 Bertha street.

Peter F. Tierney, 25, machinist, 41 Union street, and Mary Ferry, 21, at home, 452 Central street.

BAKERS TO STRIKE

NEW YORK, March 12.—The Kosher Bakers' union decided yesterday to make a general demand on April 30 on behalf of 4000 kosher bakers in New York for an advance in wages of \$2 a week, to be enforced by a general strike if it is refused. Several hundred kosher bakers in six bakeries struck for this demand yesterday morning, ahead of time. The present wages of the kosher bakers range from \$14 to \$30 a week.

Bunch of Money

There has been paid out of the city treasury in three days during the present month the sum of \$100,547.05. On March 1 the sum of \$97,583.02 was paid to city officials, call firemen, state aid and soldiers' relief. Yesterday the monthly pay roll called for \$20,512.13 and today the monthly bill draft representing bills against the city by merchants and others was settled. It amounted to \$48,267.92.

Two New Houses

Mrs. Phoebe Dobbs has been granted a permit to build two two-family houses in Grindale avenue off Hale street. The houses will be 23 by 50 feet, two stories. The estimated cost is \$2000 each.

John Davis Fund

The committee on finance will meet Monday afternoon at 12:15 for the purpose of investing \$5000 for the city library. The \$5000 has been earned by the John Davis fund and the city charter provides that the money shall be invested by the finance committee.

Fire Department Committee

The committee on fire department will meet Thursday night at 8 o'clock for the purpose of holding a public hearing on the petitions of the Oakdale Improvement Association and M. M. Allen and others for better fire protection in the Oakdales. The hearing will be held in the public hearing room at city hall.

To Hold Meeting

A regular meeting of the aldermen will be held next Tuesday night. The meeting will not be called before 9 o'clock as several of the members are going to attend the board of trade banquet on that evening.

Bridge in Bridge Street

The bridge over the canal in Bridge street which was to have been built last fall will be built or work will be begun within a short time. Supt. of Streets Putnam has talked with Supt. Lees of the Boston & Northern street railway and Mr. Lees told him that all the material for the bridge was on

Houses That Sell

Investors and real estate dealers know the present demand for modern houses, modern tenements and modern farmhouses. How do modern houses differ from old houses? They are wired for electric service. A wired house will sell.

The Lowell Electric Light Corporation

50 Central Street

TO END STRIKE

BURGLARS MADE HAUL

At Unoccupied Residence of Hon. Charles H. Allen

In Absence of Family and Care-taker, Burglars Entered Rolfe St. Residence Thursday Night and Secured Valuable Plunder

The residence of Hon. Charles H. Allen, former governor of Porto Rico, 57 Rolfe street, was entered by burglars either Thursday afternoon or evening and it was from this side that the burglars made their entrance by means of a rear window. The grounds in the rear rise abruptly from Pawtucket street and contain a number of stately pines which hide the building from the view of passersby in Pawtucket street. There is but little foot travel on either Rolfe or Pawtucket streets at this point and hence burglars are given an excellent opportunity to make a break when the family is away. The extent of the plunder cannot be learned until some of the family arrive and prepare a list.

The house, in the absence of the family is looked after by Mr. Daniel Gorham who resides in the vicinity. It was during his absence that the burglars made their haul. The house is surrounded by spacious and well wooded grounds particularly in the rear of the Pawtucket street side and it was from this side that the burglars made their entrance by means of a rear window. The grounds in the rear rise abruptly from Pawtucket street and contain a number of stately pines which hide the building from the view of passersby in Pawtucket street. There is but little foot travel on either Rolfe or Pawtucket streets at this point and hence burglars are given an excellent opportunity to make a break when the family is away. The extent of the plunder cannot be learned until some of the family arrive and prepare a list.

SISTERS BURIED

Services Held at St. Patrick's Church Today

The caskets containing the remains of the late Sister Mary Cyrille and Sister Mary Leontine were laid side by side before the main altar in St. Patrick's church where solemn high mass of requiem was sung for the repose of their souls this morning. Prior to leaving the church the office for the dead was read in the Academy chapel by Rev. William O'Brien, P. R. The celebrant of the mass was Rev. Joseph P. Curtin, who was assisted by Rev. John J. McHugh, deacon; Rev. Timothy O'Leary, sub-deacon, while Rev. Fr. O'Brien assisted at the service within the sanctuary. The choir, under the direction of Michael J. Johnson, rendered the Gregorian mass. Mr. Andrew McCarthy giving the solos. The casket of Sister Mary Leontine

was borne by Rev. Brothers Crispin, Florence, Clement, and Ligouri. The remains of Sister Mary Leontine were borne to the Catholic cemetery and were interred in the lot of the Sisters of Notre Dame services at the grave being conducted by the four clergymen who officiated at the church service.

The remains of Sister Mary Cyrille were borne by Messrs. Richard Burke, John Cassidy, Thomas Hill, William Cunningham, Stephen Burke, and Thos. Hicks of Boston. The remains were forwarded to Boston on the 10:45 train, where burial took place in St. Joseph's cemetery. Present at the service were many graduates and former pupils of Notre Dame academy. The funerals were in charge of Undertaker Peter H. Savage.

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Good order prevailed throughout the city yesterday. Not until late last night was there any sort of an outbreak in any quarter of the city. Coming out of a meeting which was held in Musical Fund hall at Eighth and Locust streets last night, a crowd displayed a turbulent spirit and passing trouble can be seen. The police by a show of force and the display of revolvers, subdued the demonstration before much mischief was done. Nobody was seriously injured and there were no arrests. The meeting itself, though enthusiastic, was orderly. It was featured by a declaration by C. O. Pratt, leader of the striking car men, that the sympathetic strike would not stop in Pennsylvania if the fight were prolonged.

"We will go through the United States," declared Pratt.

Cars ran uninterruptedly yesterday in greater numbers than since the strike began. The strikers did not claim many new accessions to their ranks and such as there were, the employers claimed, were more than offset by defections from the strikers' cause.

FIRE BROKE OUT

In Chelmsford Foundry

Today

Fire broke out in the Chelmsford foundry in North Chelmsford about 1:20 o'clock this afternoon and for a time it looked as if it would do great damage.

The fire fighters were quickly on the scene, however, and the flames given a knock-out blow inside of half an hour. The fire started in the machine shop part of the foundry and did considerable damage.

Fred C. Church carried the insurance on the building and contents of the North Chelmsford foundry, damaged by fire this afternoon.

Philadelphia People Depend on President Taft

The belief is general that if President Taft should see his way clear to attempt to bring about peace a plan may be found that will bring the warring elements together. There is no law under which the president can act in inter-state commerce is not involved and whatever steps he may take probably would be along the lines President Roosevelt laid down when he intervened in the anthracite coal strike in 1902.

Little Change

There has been little change during the last few days in the general strike situation. The number of men who went out in response to the walkout order is still in dispute. Employers

hope that next Monday will see a strike up in the sympathetic strike.

Many large establishments state that their employees have notified them that

they will return to work on Monday.

The bidders who shut down their 180 mills this week will re-open Monday

morning and they expect that a majority of the 25,000 idle employees will return.

The strike leaders say they look for no break and express confidence that the men who went out in sympathy with the ear men will stand firm. The committee of ten has announced that the ear strike is not ended within 48 hours a general movement will be

started among the men who obeyed the general strike order to demand better conditions in their various occupations.

How far this movement will go cannot

PRES. GOMPERS IS SILENT

ON NATION-WIDE STRIKE

WASHINGTON, March 12.—In re

gard to the extension of the strike

from Philadelphia to the state of

Pennsylvania or to the country, I do

not want to discuss that subject for

publication at this time," said Presi

dent Gompers of the American Feder

ation of Labor yesterday, in discuss

ing the possibility of a state-wide or

nation-wide strike as a result of the

Philadelphia labor controversy.

"Whatever plans we may have for

the protection of labor," he continued,

"I do not know that it is necessary to

publish or proclaim. The forces are

arrayed against him in secret and

openly on both sides.

They take no

public nor labor interest in

the demands of the strikers.

They do not care

what becomes of the working people."

Referring to the action of the Phil

adelphia authorities yesterday in pro

moting the holding of a mass meet

ing at the baseball park, Mr. Gompers

said the men "were treated as the cos

sacks treat the Russians rather than as

as citizens of the United States."

"An attempt such as this," he said, "to deny and prohibit free assemblage and free speech, and to wantonly, ruthlessly and brutally club men, women and children in the effort to exercise their right of free speech and free assemblage, is bound to react."

"In the United States we are led to believe that we are entitled to these rights under the constitution and for the moment a corrupt gang, such as obtains in Philadelphia, may have the upper hand, but that cannot last long, not in free America. It is something that Philadelphia corporations and politicians do not seem to understand that the greatest safety lies in freedom."

Reviewing the situation, Mr. Gompers said that everything was done by the men that could be done with honor to avoid the strike.

DEMAND FOR ARBITRATION

MADE BY BUSINESS MEN

PHILADELPHIA, March 12.—The demands for arbitration of the differences between the Philadelphia Rapid Transit Co. and its 4000 or more striking employees became insistent yesterday, from within Philadelphia and outside of it. Everywhere it was recognized that the failure to arrive at an adjustment was the only thing which stood in the way of the speedy calling off of the sympathetic strike in this city, which has practically paralyzed the city's industrial life and which the labor leaders again threatened they will extend if the deadlock continues.

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North Chelmsford foundry, damaged by fire this afternoon.

6 O'CLOCK IS FAR REACHING

Settlement of B. & O. Controversy is Quite Important

BALTIMORE, Md., March 12.—The imminent settlement of the controversy of the conductors and engineers of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad and the officers of that road relative to wages and service conditions reached last night, is understood to be of far-reaching importance. When President Willard, as a final resort called upon the federal board of mediation composed under the Erdman act, of Chairman Knapp of the interstate commerce commission and Commissioner of Labor Nell, to take up the matter of the differences between the railroad and those of its employees represented by the Order of Conductors and the Brotherhood of Trainmen, it was recognized that the controversy was one which could not be decided by the confines of the Baltimore & Ohio system. It has been tacitly understood that whatever was done by the Baltimore & Ohio would be taken as the basis of settlement by all other roads interested in a similar manner. These include practically all railroads east of the Mississippi river. The Canadian Pacific and the Grand Trunk employees have already voted and have already declared in favor of a strike if those roads do not ree

from their position. The negotiations on the Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern have been broken off. The men of the Delaware & Hudson are now being polled and negotiations are on with the New Haven system. These negotiations will, it is said, be followed by similar ones by most if not all the roads in the eastern section of the country. The terms of settlement effected by the good offices of Mr. Neill were not disclosed. Both sides made material concessions. The settlement does not bring the men in the east to a par with the railroad men in the west, but it represents a substantial increase in their earnings and what the men value highly. It seems to insure the standardization of wages. By mutual agreement the question of double-header freight trains, the abolition of which the men ask, was laid aside for settlement in conjunction with other roads. Presidents Garretson and Lee of the two organizations, representing the men, are busy today preparing a statement to be sent out to the members of their organization, showing just what has been gained in the fight just closed.

IT WAS PICKED UP IN A GUTTER

BRACELET FOUND

NEW YORK, March 12.—Mrs. Edward T. Talmage of Tuxedo has recovered a flexible link bracelet, with sapphires setting, said to be worth \$400, which was missing for four days. It was found by a laborer, who received a reward of \$200.

Mrs. Talmage has an apartment at the Gotham. She drove from the hotel last Friday in a taxab to the United Charities building, at Twenty-second street and Fourth avenue. When she returned to the hotel her bracelet was missing. Her jeweler advertised in a newspaper, describing the bracelet and offering a reward of \$200. Nothing was heard of it until Wednesday, when a man roughly dressed presented himself at the jeweler's, produced the bracelet and received the reward.

According to the story current yesterday the man was working in an excavation in Fourth avenue near Twenty-eighth street when his glance was attracted by something glittering in the gutter. He made a dash for it, put it in his pocket and then watched the papers. All the other Fourth avenue diggers are on the lookout for diamonds now.

PLEADS GUILTY

Pommerleau Held in \$600 For Burglary

Judge Pickman presided over the police court this morning and disposed of the morning's docket in 15 minutes.

"They are all drunk."

A plain looking man who was arrested last night and who appeared drunk in court when his trial came up for drunkenness came down from the farm this morning when he has been recovering from the effects of the prolonged sleep for the past several days and was given a sentence of one month in jail, suspended for three months. When arrested he had \$55 in his pockets and the roll was returned to him this morning.

John Pommerleau charged with breaking and entering the store of Fred Timmons and who came back from New York last evening and gave himself up guilty of breaking and entering and was held in \$500 for his appearance before the superior criminal court on Tuesday.

REV. MR. WARD

IS CONDUCTING A CAMPAIGN IN ERIE, PA.

Rev. Charles S. Ward, who conducted the Y. M. C. A. campaign in this city, is now in Erie, Pa., conducting a campaign for \$200,000. After the campaign in Pawtucket and Woonsocket, Mr. Ward led a campaign in Birmingham, Ala., where \$275,000 was secured in 12 days, \$83,000 of this amount being for the Y. W. C. A.

CREW OF NINA DID NOT HAVE CHANCE TO LOWER A BOAT

NORFOLK, Va., March 12.—The naval tug Nina probably went down in the storm off the Delaware Capes without giving her crew of 32 time even to lower a boat. The condition of the boat from the missing tug, found this week near Metropole Island in the Delaware coast, seems to show that the boat was torn away from the davits either as the Nina went down or after she sank. This has been shown by an examination of the boat at the Norfolk navy yard. The block from a davit was still hanging to one of the rings of the boat.

CHILD MAY DIE LITTLE ONE WAS STRUCK BY AUTO

NEW YORK, March 12.—An automobile driven by James S. Masterson, superintendent of the Metropolitan Life printing plant at 11 East 24th street, last night ran down Helen, the six year old child of Herman Mandel, in front of the latter's tailor shop at 7903 Third avenue, Bay Ridge, Brooklyn. Masterson, who was driving the machine when he saw the child playing in the street, but she became confused and ran against the mud guard.

After taking the little girl and her parents to the Norwegian hospital, Masterson surrendered himself at the Fort Hamilton police station and was admitted to bail. He was arraigned in the fifth avenue court this morning. The child suffered internal injuries and may die.

MORGAN ARRESTED

ROME, March 12.—J. P. Morgan enjoyed a hearty laugh this morning when he learned for the first time of the rumor that he had been the victim of a sudden attack. When he appeared for breakfast at the Grand hotel where he has apartments, the American financier found awaiting him many telegrams congratulating him upon the failure of yesterday's report. He was evidently amused rather than surprised.

PASTOR MILLER DEAD

QUINCY, March 12.—Another submarine boat was added to the United States navy today by the launching of the Salmon at the yard of the Fore River Shipbuilding Co. Miss Evelyn Fitzgerald, a daughter of Mayor Fitzgerald of Boston, christened the ship.

THE SALMON LAUNCHED

WASHINGTON, Mar. 12.—President Taft will leave this evening for Pittsburgh, where tomorrow at 3 p. m. he will attend the funeral of his brother-in-law, Thomas K. Laughlin, who died late yesterday at that place. Mrs. Taft will not accompany him.

The president will be back in Washington early Monday.

THE PATTEN INCIDENT

LIVERPOOL, March 12.—The James A. Patten incident at the Manchester cotton exchange yesterday has stirred up considerable feeling among the brokers there, between whom and the Liverpool brokers there is much jealousy. The local business men are anxious to disassociate themselves from a suspicion of complicity in the hue and cry which followed the appearance of the Chicago speculator on the floor of the cotton exchange.

A Liverpool merchant today received from New York this cable message:

"In the report of the treatment of

Patten of Manchester true? England

pretends friendship for America. Would

Beethoven, China be guilty of this?

Patten is one of America's purest men.

The recipient of the telegram replied thus:

"Liverpool respects the Manchester

treatment of Patten. The best Man-

chester men are ashamed and person-

ally feel the disrepute strongly."

This Winter use Hood's Lotion and

you will use it all the time. Best for all weather effects on the skin. Get it today. 25¢ or 50¢.

Dyspepsia

Unlike soda infus, are not a

strong alkali—no bad effect

attends their continued use.

They quickly sweeten sour

stomach, stop belching, re-

lieve heartburn, nausea, seasickness; also

sleeplessness from indigestion. 10 or 50¢.

Remember the name, Dyspepsia.

C

NEW HAVEN ROAD

Will Not Oppose the Grand Trunk

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Mar. 12.—The prospects for the extension of the Grand Trunk system to Providence appear much brighter than they have been at any time in the opinion of business men. The business community expressed surprise today that the New York, New Haven & Hartford has agreed not to oppose the Canadian road's application for a charter, which is to be acted upon shortly by the Rhode Island legislature. Next Tuesday, when the legislative committee on corporations resumes its hearings on the application, President Mollen of the New Haven road will probably attend if he considers it necessary after the statement made at the session late yesterday by Vice President Buckland. Speaking for the New Haven road, Mr. Buckland said:

"I wish to say that if the proposed charter to be granted the New England R. Co. is the bona fide desire of a reputable, solvent corporation to enter Rhode Island it would be useless and foolish for me to attempt to stop it, for it would be so obviously in the interests of the state of Rhode Island."

IT WAS PICKED UP IN A GUTTER

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The witness referred further to the enmity against the service in some communities in the west. Senator Sutherland sought to show that much of the dissatisfaction was due to the fact that on some projects the original estimate of the cost of service had been increased from 20 to a final charge of \$30 an acre. Mr. Davis admitted that this might be the cause of some of the discontent.

The engineers of the reclamation

service ought to have the earnest

support of the secretary of the interior. He did not feel that Secretary

ENGINEER DAVIS AT MEN'S RETREAT

Testified at the Ballinger-Pinchot Large Congregation at Immaculate Conception Church

Rev. George I. Nolan, O. M. I., Gave an Eloquent Sermon on the Mercy of God—Retreat Will Close Tomorrow Night

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Chief Engineer A. P. Davis of the reclamation service, who yesterday flatly denied the truth of many statements made by Secretary Ballinger to President Taft and others, continued today as the witness before the Ballinger-Pinchot investigating committee.

Mr. Davis, when adjourned, was taken aside and was telling of interviews he had had with Secretary Ballinger concerning the work of reclamation.

Chief Engineer Davis was questioned further. He declared that the interior department head had continued to constantly criticize the reclamation service and that within the last week had told the witness he thought the salaries paid in the service were too high and that he proposed a new salary scale.

Mr. Davis declared that the rumor had persisted that Director Newell was slated to go.

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The engineers of the reclamation service ought to have the earnest support of the secretary of the interior. He did not feel that Secretary

Ballinger had given his support to

Ballinger, as the witness read in the record a letter recently addressed to the house committee on ways and means by Secretary Ballinger in support of the \$30,000,000 bond issue for reclamation work. In this letter Secretary Ballinger spoke of the hardships which had resulted to settlers on some of the projects where co-operation agreements had been entered into by former Secretary Garfield. He also claimed that inducements had been held out to settlers to come on the land. Mr. Davis contradicted practically every statement in the Ballinger letter. The witness related the so-called Black Tent affair. He declared that under orders of Secy. Ballinger, E. T. Perkins of the Chicago office of the reclamation service went through the west lecturing in a black tent to advertise reclamation work. Perkins, in addition to getting a salary of \$3000 a year was receiving an allowance of \$500 a month from the Harriman railroad lines. The Hill lines protested that Perkins was coming into their territory and lecturing about projects he was not entitled to. Mr. Davis said he recommended Perkins' dismissal. Director Newell did not agree to this at first but later wrote to Perkins and in a polite way requested his resignation. Secy. Ballinger reprimanded Newell for interfering in a matter which was being personally conducted by him.

Another large congregation of men gathered upon the ground as though he heard them not. So when they continued asking Him, He lifted himself up and said unto them: "He that is without sin among you, let him cast the first stone." And again he stooped down and wrote upon the ground. And they which heard it being convicted by their own conscience went out one by one, beginning at the eldest even to the youngest and Jesus was left alone, and the woman standing in the midst. When Jesus had lifted him up and saw none but the woman he said unto her: "Woman, doth no man condemn thee?" She said: "No man, Lord." And Jesus said unto her, "Neither do I condemn thee: Go thence hence and sin no more."

Fr. Nolan then emphasized the mercy of God in the beautiful story of Mary Magdalene, who washed the feet of Jesus and those of Peter the disciple, who denied his Lord, and then dwelt eloquently upon the supreme instance of the mercy of God when Christ, dying on the cross at Calvary, cried out to heaven, "Father, forgive them, for they know not what they do."

"Christ is the same God of love to-day that he was when he gave his life for the redemption of man," continued Fr. Nolan, dwelt briefly upon the necessity of having sorrow for one's sins in order to make a good confession, and he pointed out the difference between penitent and impudent confession.

The subject of Fr. Nolan's sermon last evening was the "Mercy of God," and he spoke in part, as follows:

"During the past few days we have meditated on the great eternal trials and our hearts have been filled with fear and dread of judgment. We have also been filled with fear lest we should forfeit our right to heaven. We have meditated on mortal sin and its terrible consequences and we have been struck by the fact that but for the mercy of God what an abyss of despair would confront us. Therefore, I purpose tonight to place before you the excessive mercy of God. I will be happy if I can arouse in your hearts some sentiments of love and hope. God is loving and he will forgive. God loves the sinner, but he hates sin. The sinner damns himself through his own conscience and not through God. He holds out his arms ready to receive us, but if we refuse he abandons us to our own way. I am not come to destroy. I came to save," saith the Lord, and he forgave them that shut him out of his own city. Throughout the scriptures we find beautiful instances of the mercy of God. Take the familiar parable of the Good Shepherd and the lost sheep. There is more rejoicing in heaven over one sinner doing penance than over 99 just doing penance."

Fr. Nolan then in a series of most beautiful word pictures gave instances of God's mercy beginning with the attempt of the scribes and Pharisees to bring in strikebreakers. Copies of the injunction order, which was served today upon the presidents of the Papermakers of the company who are on strike at Corinth, were exhibited.

Another trainload of 150 strikebreakers was sent to the Corinth mills of the company this noon. No disorder marked their arrival in the northern village. More strikebreakers will follow Monday. In the belief that but

one company of militia is now required at Corinth, Sheriff Washburn will late today request Major Nott in that village to withdraw Companies C and F of Schenectady within the next 48 hours.

At the 9 o'clock mass in addition to the congregational singing Mr. Andrew McCarthy, baritone soloist of St. Patrick's choir, will sing Saint-Saens' "O Salutaris."

French Mission Close

The Lenten missions which have been conducted for the past four weeks at St. Joseph's and St. Jean Baptiste churches by Rev. Fr. Pierre Bonaventure of the Capuchin order, will close tomorrow. The married men's mission, the last, will close at 5 o'clock.

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tempt of the scribes and Pharisees

to bring in strikebreakers. According to the terms of the order it will be in

effect until March 19, 1910, when argu-

ment will be heard in Plattsburgh.

The temporary injunction was granted on

voluntary affidavits from deputy

sheriffs and employees of the company

to the effect that there had been dis-

order in the mills.

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At St. Jean Baptiste church on

LATEST

BRAVERY DISPLAYED

At a Tenement House Fire in New York

NEW YORK, March 12.—Policemen and firemen had a hard fight yesterday afternoon at a fire in a five story tenement at 104 Forsyth street. The police started the rescue work, but were overcome before they had finished it and the firemen found them, and just as they reached her her hold relaxed and the boy would have fallen four stories down the airshaft had they not caught him.

When Hook and Ladder 6 pulled up the hallway of the tenement was choked with smoke and Capt. Walsh led his men—Hannigan, Wintrich, Buggen, Hartman and Heinrichs—up the fire escape to the roof. Using their six foot hooks to swing from the six firemen dropped twenty-five feet to the roof of 105 Eldridge street, the Jewish synagogue.

The firemen pulled Mrs. Flitzer and Isidore across the airshaft to safety and then Hannigan and Wintrich, both medal men, went in and found Owens lying on the floor. They brought him out to the roof of the synagogue, and his first words sent them back again:

"Get the others! There are three more in there!" he gasped.

Buggen, Hartman and Heinrichs, with Capt. Walsh, retuned their way to the landing at the head of the stairs, where they found Schimpf, Mrs. Brennsilber and Rose. The woman and girl had partly recovered from their dose of smoke, as they were next the floor and shielded by the policeman's body, but Schimpf was still unconscious.

The four other policemen after making sure that no one was left in the building got to the roof of the synagogue to help the firemen give first aid treatment to the injured.

By the time Dr. Cheatham had arrived from Gouverneur hospital they were all conscious. He bandaged Pomeroy Little's burned hand and took Schimpf and Owens to the hospital.

They were burned about the faces, hands and legs. Their condition is not regarded as serious.

An hour's work put out the fire, with about \$1,000 damage. The northbound Second Avenue car was stalled for that length of time.

RULING OF COURT MISS BLOODGOOD

Annuls Many Marriages in New York

NEW YORK, March 12.—Miss Helen Bloodgood, daughter of William Bloodgood and heiress to a fortune, who leaped from the second story of her home in Lakewood, N. J., on Wednesday night, is now believed to be hiding in this city.

A young woman answering the description of Miss Bloodgood boarded a train at Ashbury park yesterday and the conductor said that she resembled the missing heiress. The conductor planned to notify the police at Jersey City but the woman escaped him in the crowd. A woman, unable to give her name or any account of herself was found near Springfield, I. L., today and taken to the Kings county hospital. Miss Bloodgood's relatives will be asked to identify her.

BRYAN'S FRIENDS OUSTED OUT OF OFFICE IN NEW YORK

NEW YORK, March 12.—William M. Hoge and Comptroller Prendergast ran a close race yesterday. Hoge won by an inch, getting his resignation into the hands of the comptroller's secretary just as the comptroller signed a notice of dismissal. Hoge's victory resulted in the publication of his long letter of resignation, while the comptroller tore up his notice of dismissal.

"He saw the brick coming and beat me to it, so when's the use?" said Mr. Prendergast, when asked about Hoge's triumph. The work was being interfered with, and that the comptroller had refused to allow him to inspect 22 new rugs bought for his office at a cost of \$49,000 after the renovation of the finance department.

"He bought the rugs," said Prendergast. "Here they are on the floors. They are not in the homes of any official of the department, and what is more, the city has paid for them and bought them from a house which he before has refused to sell to the city because of the long delays in collecting bills."

Hoge was in charge of the bureau of inspection, charged with the examination of all supplies bought by the city. He was placed in charge of the bureau by Comptroller Metz last summer. His first act was to issue an order to inspect nothing bought with public money until his subordinates had inspected it.

Henry Smith, commissioner of parks, protested against the order on the ground that he bought by his department would not wait for the official inspection. Hoge insisted upon his order, so the ice delivered to the park department melted daily, because it could not be promptly received.

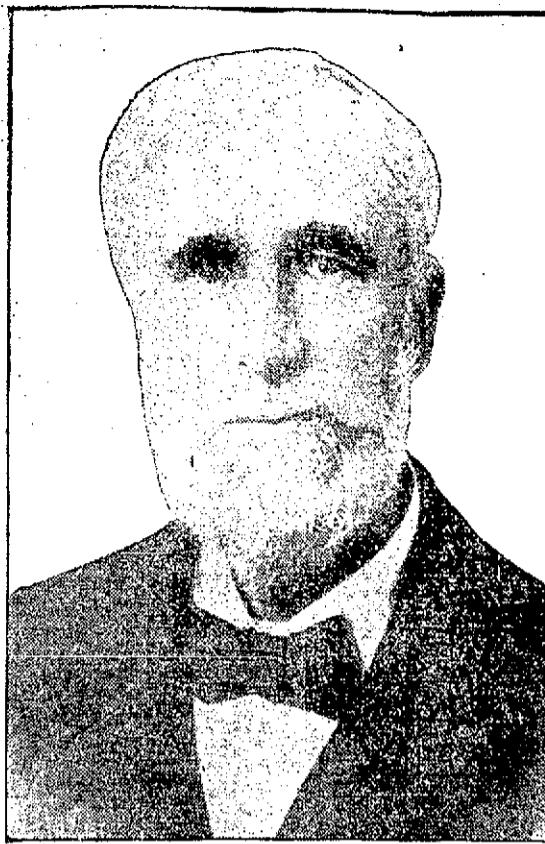
Harry W. Walker's resignation as secretary of the aqueduct commission was accepted yesterday. Hoge and Walker have been William J. Bryan's chief press agents in New York since 1896.

CARD OF THANKS.

We, the undersigned, wish to express our sincere thanks to those who in any way helped to lighten the burden of sorrow in the death of our beloved husband and father and particularly to the help of the spooling and dressing rooms of the Appleton Mfg. Co. Mrs. Mary A. Edwards, Mr. John Edwards, Mrs. Martha Edwards, Mrs. Mary Conaway.

FIRE LOSSES IN MAINE. AUGUSTA, Me., March 12.—Losses incurred by fire insurance companies of other states in Maine the past year amounted to \$1,256,403 and were 57.27 per cent. of the premium collected according to a preliminary report today by State insurance commissioners. The amount of risks written by these companies during the year was \$179,667,431.

REV. J. M. GREENE

REV. J. M. GREENE, D. D.
Pastor Emeritus Elliot Church.

FUNERALS

BERKETT—The funeral of Mrs. Mary A. Berkett took place yesterday afternoon from her home, 40 Warne street, Rev. John T. Ulom, officiating. A quartet composed of Miss Mary Green, Miss Hazel Judkins, Mr. Elmer Olson and W. G. Parker sang "Lead Kindly Light," "Nearer, My God, to Thee," and "Shall We Meet Beyond the River?"

The following floral tributes were received from the large host of friends of the deceased: Pillow, "Wife," from the husband; wreath, "Mother," from the children; basket cut flowers, grandchildren; wreath, "Sleeping," Mr. Elmer Olson; wreaths, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas McKee, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Judge, Mr. and Mrs. James Hamilton and Miss Hazel Judkins, White Apron club, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Blown, Spooling room, Walsh mills, Robert Catherwood and family, Mr. and Mrs. H. Spencer and Miss Annie Spencer, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas England, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Dowrey, Mr. and Mrs. John Stanhope, Albert Stanhope, and Mr. and Mrs. Walter Lee, Mr. and Mrs. T. E. Wilde and Mrs. Mary England, Frank L. Gallison of Lawrence; pillow, Alpha Social club; sprays, Mr. and Mrs. Lutes of Medford; Mr. and Mrs. Walter Adler, Mr. and Mrs. Matthews of Tewksbury; Mr. and Mrs. K. D. McKinnon, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Cleveland, Mr. and Mrs. Michael McDermott, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Harmon, Frederick Boyd, Mr. and Mrs. J. Brown, Mr. and Mrs. William Hall, Mr. and Mrs. John McCord, Stead children, Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Regan, Miss Anna McDougall and Helen McElroy, Mr. and Mrs. George Quinn, Mr. and Mrs. Shore and Mrs. Whitney and son, Mr. and Mrs. J. Birtwell, Mrs. James Miller and Jessie and Joseph; Daisy and Sadie Midgley, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Livingston, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Wallace, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Leith and Miss G. Black; cut flowers, Mr. and Mrs. James Stodd, Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Dinsmore of Tewksbury, Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Parker and Mrs. H. S. Parker; sheaves of wheat, Mr. and Mrs. H. Rudden, Mr. and Mrs. A. Chapman, Jr.; violets, Dr. O. P. Porter. The bearers were Robert Catherwood, Charles Judge, George Dowrey and Henry Robertshaw. Arrangements were in charge of W. G. Parker and burial was in the family lot in the Edson cemetery under the direction of Undertaker George W. Healey.

LESLIE—The funeral of Mrs. Catharine E. Leslie took place from her home, 17 Arthur street, yesterday afternoon. Services were conducted by Rev. George B. Dean, pastor of St. Paul's M. E. church. The body was sent this morning to Oxford, N. H., where burial will take place. The J. B. Currier company had charge of the arrangements.

MAHONEY—The funeral of the late Jeremiah S. Mahoney took place this morning at 9:30 o'clock from his home, Main street, Ellerica Centre, and was largely attended. The cortège proceeded to St. Andrew's church, North Ellerica, where at 10 o'clock a mass of requiem was celebrated, Rev. Edward Fox, O. M. I. officiating. The choir of Ellerica, under the direction of Mr. Charles E. Faibrother sang the Gregorian mass, and at the offertory Mr. Faibrother sang "Pleasus." At the conclusion of mass "De Profundis" was rendered. There was a profusion of beautiful floral tributes, including a wreath on base inscribed "Brother" from the family; pillow inscribed "Uncle" from the Reardon family; cross on base, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Barry; pillow, "At Rest," dye room of Talbot mills; spray with ribbon inscribed "Cousin," Mr. and Mrs. Frank Mealey; sprays, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Burd, Misses Grace and Annie Fitch, Miss Elizabeth Cassidy, Mr. and Mrs. L. Buckley, Mr. and Mrs. Joshua Bennett Holden, Jr.; bouquet of violets, Mr. and Mrs. Tretry; spray from neighbors; spray, Talbot mills. The bearers were Daniel A. Reardon, Mrs. D. Hanson, John McGrath, Charles Finnick, Joseph C. Baril and W. Smith. Tretry. At the grave rev. J. F. O'Donnell of Sons.

LADD—The body of Mrs. Emily Ladd was taken to Damariscotta, Me., Wednesday morning, and burial took place in the family lot in the cemetery there. Owing to the serious illness of her daughter, Mrs. Isabelle Shorey, there were no services held at the house, but in Damariscotta funeral services were held in the Methodist church there, of which she was a member. There were many floral offerings, among them being the following: A large pillow of white rose buds, ferns and violets, inscribed "Dear Mother," Mr. and Mrs. Summer Shorey; large crescent of pink and ferns, inscribed "Farewell, Grandmother," Mr. and Mrs. Clarence B. Shorey, Plymouth, N. H.; star of ten roses, inscribed "Goodbye, Grandmother," Master Summer B. Shorey, Isabelle Shorey and Master Herbert Shorey of Plymouth; great-grandchildren of deceased; large standing cross relatives in Maine; large spray of violets, inscribed "Savannah"; Mrs. James McGrath, Lowell; spray of white pinks, Clara and Annie Roberts, Lowell; standing heart on base, neighbors in Damariscotta, Me.; crescent and star on base, neighbors in the Highlands, Lowell; large wreath of ivy leaves and pink, Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Young; spray of sweet peas and white roses, friends. Decreased is survived, a young daughter, one grandson, Clarence B. Shorey and three grandchildren. C. M. Young was the funeral director.

PRISCOTT—Richard D. Prescott recited word this morning of the death of his brother, Crawford E. Prescott, which occurred this morning at Hudson. He was 29 years old and was a native of Forge Village, where he was born and lived until his marriage 15 years ago to Miss Flora A. McVane, who survives him. He also leaves a brother, R. D. Prescott and a half brother, Henry E. Prescott.

Catherine E. Lester, 51, deceased.

Irene Morris, 6, pneumonia.

Henry Smith, 64, cerebral hemorrhage.

McNamee, 53, pneumonia.

Christopher Marley, 10, mesenteric enteritis.

Gerald P. Dallman, City Clerk.

DEATHS

DEATH REPORT

With Causes Assigned for the Past Week

The report of deaths for the week ending March 12, 1910, with causes assigned, is as follows:

March 4—Gertrude Neville, 27, nephritis.

John H. Batchelder, 61, card. hypertrophy.

Marie Magee, 65, disease of heart.

John W. Kennedy, 44, myocarditis.

Ezra Duche, 35, pulm. tuber.

Lena F. Jones, 31, acute peritonitis.

Leroy J. Slater, 5, scarlet fever.

Tadeusz Kowalski, 2 mos., bronchitis.

William R. Edwards, 62, myocarditis.

Edna C. Ripley, 56, carcinoma of liver.

Mary Varney, 39, enteritis.

Horace Emond, 21, days, cong. debility.

Susan E. Delescluse, 72, art. atherosclerosis.

Louis Bastien, 26, endocarditis.

Suzanne Stolt, 7 mos., pneumonia.

John E. Leavenworth, 1, hours debility.

John A. Bolyski, 6 mos., measles.

William J. Duffy, 7 days, convulsions.

Joseph L. R. Levesque, 1 day, aortic ectasis.

Donald Lottinville, 75, cer. hem.

Antonietta Melo, 22, diphtheria.

Antonietta Savarie, 8 mos., bronchitis.

Charles E. Stuart, 5 mos., hydrocephalus.

Charles A. Provencier, 1 mo., congenital debility.

William East, 1, bronchitis.

Grace Whiting, 81, valvular dis. of heart.

Allen Monahan, 63, carcinoma.

Arthur Pratt, 22, malarial insuff.

Joseph A. Klemm, 5, peritonitis.

John E. Keenan, 7, days, pneumonia.

Martina M. Buttner, 75, cer. hem.

Catherine E. Lester, 51, diabetes.

Helen Smith, 64, cer. ureoplasma.

McNamee, 53, pneumonia.

Christopher Marley, 10, mos., gastroenteritis.

Gerald P. Dallman, City Clerk.

EXPRESS TUBE

TO BE BUILT FROM NEW YORK TO BROOKLYN

NEW YORK, March 12.—A delegation of Brooklyn bankers called upon the public service commission yesterday to urge the importance of digging an additional tunnel under the East river from city hall, Manhattan, to Borough Hall, Brooklyn, with a station near Pineapple and Henry streets.

Theodore F. Miller, president of the Brooklyn Trust company, said as spokesman: "We need a tunnel for an express route from city hall to Borough Hall and we need it without delay.

The two interborough tubes cannot pos-

ibly accommodate the traffic when the Fourth avenue and Lafayette avenue tunnels are completed."

Among those who accompanied Mr.

Miller were Frank Baller, vice-president

of the Title Guaranty and Trust company; Charles A. Boddy, president of the People's Trust company; B. B. Parsons, president of the Borough bank; A. K. Wood, president of the Franklin Trust company; W. H. Edminster, president of the Hamilton Trust company;

George W. Chancery, president of the Mechanics bank; Bryan H. Smith, president of the Brooklyn Savings and Trust company; and D. O. Underhill, president of the Brooklyn bank.

The commission promised to con-

sider the suggestion immediately.

MARY MANNING, ACTRESS,

HAS BOUGHT \$500,000 ESTATE



CHICAGO, March 12.—The myriad of friends of Mary Manning in this city home of our very own near a beautiful lake and baby is going to have a wing all for her own. The Eckels house is beautifully situated near a lake, and it is thought that Miss Manning had it in mind when she made the statement. A recent interview with Miss Manning, who has been separated from her actor husband, James K. Hackley, closed several weeks ago when she was playing in Milwaukee, it is believed.

GEN'L COSSATO ENGLISH PRESS

Wounded in Duel, Will Wed Baroness

Extends No Sympathy to Patten

ROME, March 12.—The honor of every one concerned having been vindicated in the two duels fought by Eugenio Chiesa, the republican deputy who was tested and driven out of the Manchester cotton exchange yesterday. The Westminster Gazette today says:

"We are glad that the American cotton king got out of the Manchester exchange with nothing worse than some hustling and boasting but cannot profess any sympathy for his wounded feelings."

The paper expresses astonishment that Patten had the impudence considering the injury which his operations had done to the Lancashire cotton industries to presume of the courtesy generally accorded visitors from across the Atlantic. It adds:

"Men who make careers in raw materials in men, life and labor, are no longer sent to prison but cannot reasonably expect to be welcomed by the people who have suffered through their operations."

The Pall Mall Gazette does not question that the Chicago speculator may be on his own lines an honest dealer, but what is interesting and important is the judgment of the Manchester business men upon the lines which they themselves consider reprehensible."

The paper calls the cornering of the necessities of life monstrous and adds: "It would be difficult to draw the line between legitimate and the illegitimate methods, but that there is such a line is the evident judgment of our common morality to which the Manchester exchange has given rough and ready execution."

MAN MISSING

NASHUA FAMILY HAS BEEN LEFT DESTITUTE

NASHUA, N. H

INSPECTOR DOW

TODAY'S STOCK MARKET

Says Sunlight is Essential in Bath System

"We could do no better than to model our bath house, of we build one, on the lines followed by the state highway commission at the beaches," says James Dow, inspector of buildings.

He does not believe in basement bath houses because of the absence of light from overhead. He likes the beach bath house because every part of the interior has light from overhead. Sunlight is an important element in every sanitary bath house. We should have it in ours.

Mr. Dow does not believe in locating the new hall in the vicinity of city hall, and he says that the best light can be obtained in a one-story building with skylights or roof of glass, that might be removed in the summer time if need be. He does not believe in grouping public buildings and gives as his opinion

that the Morris property, at the corner of John and Paige streets would be an almost ideal location for a new hall. He says the old Moody school house, at the corner of East Merrimack and High streets, might, at a small expense, be made into a suitable bath house. He considers it much preferable to build public buildings in various parts of the city where they will serve as models to owners of property adjoining. One thing always happens when a public building is planted in a good section of a city. Land in the vicinity increases in value, and if old and unsightly buildings cover the same, the taxes or the increase in land value after a time will make it unprofitable for the owner to keep the old buildings. He will put up structures that will bring in a rental in keeping with the value of his property.

U.S. AMBASSADOR TOOK CHILDREN

Has Been Sued by a French Attorney

Husband Now Offers to Return Them

PITTSBURG, March 12.—Pittsburg was treated to a rather unusual sensation yesterday when it became known that United States Ambassador to Rome John G. A. Leishman, former president of the Carnegie Steel company of Pittsburg, and one of Andrew Carnegie's former partners and advisers, has been sued by a prominent French attorney for the balance of a peculiar bill.

The legal firm of Daileil, Fisher & Hawkins of Pittsburg, representing Maitre O. E. Bedington, a counsellor of Paris, has issued a writ of foreign attachment against the personal bank account of Ambassador Leishman in America, most of which is supposed to be carried in the Union Trust company of Pittsburg.

The French attorney claims that the Pittsburg millionaire has not yet paid him in full for services rendered preliminary to securing a titled husband for his daughter, Martha, who for the past three years has been Countess De Goutaut Baron of Paris.

Ambassador Leishman has paid him in part, the French attorney admits, but there is yet \$5,000 coming to him, he says, and failing to collect it in either Italy or Paris, he has invaded America. He sets forth that he went to great trouble in making a settlement of portion of the Pittsbugh's fortune on the French count before the latter married the Pittsburg beauty and that he wants his pay.

Maitre Bedington sets forth boldly that the Leishman-Baron marriage was in no way different from the general rule of continental marriages in which marriage settlements play an indispensable preliminary part.

He sets forth that Mr. Leishman employed him to represent him in making all financial arrangements with the count and that he did his duty, not only in securing for the Pittsburg heiress a titled husband but secured for the count a good price for giving his titled name to the Pittsburg girl.

The banking institution has accepted the service and it is announced that before Mr. Leishman's bill is paid, he must furnish a bond of \$50,000 to settle the claim of the French attorney should the case go against the rich father-in-law. The case is expected to develop some rich insight in foreign marriage arrangements by rich families of Pittsburg.

THE PRESIDENT

WANTS CONSTITUTIONALITY OF ACT TESTED

WASHINGTON, March 12.—President Taft has directed Attorney General Wickersham to prepare a joint resolution to be presented to congress to bring to an issue the question of the constitutionality of the act of 1906 whereby a portion of the District of Columbia was given to Virginia. Should congress show by the adoption of the resolution that it desires the Virginia territory brought back into the district the president will institute suits to determine whether the act was constitutional. Fort Myer, Arlington and Alexandria lie within the territory that was formerly embraced within the district.

OCEAN TRAVEL

As the Annual Spring and Summer Passenger Business is well under way, we wish to remind European Travelers that we are now prepared to receive bookings on the Cunard, White Star, Allan and all first-class lines between Boston, New York, Queenstown, Liverpool, Glasgow, London and all points on the continent.

We issue Money Orders, Travelers' Checks and Drafts, payable free of discount in all parts of Great Britain, Ireland and Europe. Money orders on all parts of the United States and Canada.

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For rates, dates of Sailing and other information, call at

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Opposite Post Office.

NEW YORK MARKET

	Stocks	High	Low	Close
Amalg. Copper	78%	78%	78%	78%
Am. Car. & Pn.	65%	64%	64%	64%
Am. Cot. Oil	68%	68%	68%	68%
Am. Locomo.	53	52%	53	53
Am. Loco. pf.	118	113	112	112
Am. Smelt. & R. pf.	85%	86	86%	86%
Am. Smelt. & R. pf.	108%	108%	108%	108%
Anaconda	49%	49%	49%	49%
Atchison	117%	116%	116%	116%
Balt. & Ohio	112%	112%	112%	112%
Br. Rap. Tran.	76%	76%	76%	76%
Canadian Pa.	180	179%	180	180
Cast. I. Pipe	26%	26%	26%	26%
Cont. Leather	42	42%	42	42
Ches. & Ohio	85%	85%	85%	85%
C. C. & St. L.	91%	90	90	90
Chf. & Gt. W.	31%	31%	31%	31%
Consol. Gas.	147%	147	147	147
Del. & Hud.	176%	176%	176%	176%
Den. & Rio. G.	42%	42%	42%	42%
Den. & R. G. pf.	80%	80%	80%	80%
Dis. Secur. Co.	33%	33%	33%	33%
Exile 1st pf.	31%	30%	30%	30%
Gi. No. North	138	137%	138	138
Gi. No. Ore. clt.	70	70	70	70
Int. Met. Com.	22%	22	22	22
Int. Met. pf.	56%	56	56	56
Int. Paper Co.	51	51	51	51
Kan. City So.	33%	33%	33%	33%
Kan. & Texas	152%	152%	152%	152%
Mexican Cent.	28%	28%	28%	28%
Min. Ind.	80%	80%	80%	80%
N. Y. Central	12%	12%	12%	12%
Nor. & West.	102%	102%	102%	102%
North Pacific	37	37	37	37
Ont. & West.	45%	45%	45%	45%
Pennsylvania	137%	137%	137%	137%
Pullman Co.	196%	196%	196%	196%
Reading	169%	168%	168%	168%
Rep. Iron. & S.	40	40	40	40
Rock Is.	50%	49%	49%	49%
Rock Is. pf.	97%	97	97	97
St. Paul	149%	149%	149%	149%
S. Pacific	120%	120%	120%	120%
Southern Ry.	29	29	29	29
Southern Ry. pf.	68	68	68	68
Third Ave.	7	7	7	7
Union Pacific	18%	18%	18%	18%
U. S. Steel	88%	88%	88%	88%
U. S. Steel pf.	122	122	122	122
Utah Copper	60%	60%	60%	60%
Wabash R. R.	22%	22%	22%	22%
Westinghouse	73	73	73	73
Western Un.	76	76	76	76
Wiscon. Cen.	64%	64%	64%	64%

	Cotton Futures	Opening	Closing
March	14.00	14.01	14.01
April	14.53	14.53	14.53
May	14.81	14.83	14.83
June	14.63	14.63	14.63
July	14.51	14.50	14.50
August	13.05	13.05	13.05
September	12.98-00	13.08	13.08
October	12.66	12.63	12.63
November	12.47	12.47	12.47
December	12.35	12.42	12.42
January	12.34 bid	12.35	12.35

SPOT COTTON
NEW YORK, March 12.—Spot cotton closed firm. Mid Up 15.10; Mid Gulf 15.35. Sales 7347 bales.

COTTON FUTURES
NEW YORK, March 12.—The statement follows:
The statement of actual reserve of the clearing house bank for the week show that the bank holds \$10,006,750 more than the requirements of the 25 per cent reserve rule. This is a decrease of \$4,608,075 in the proportionate cash reserve as compared with last week.

The statement follows:
Loans, increase \$3,156,200.

Deposits, decrease \$2,783,700.

Circulation, increase, \$63,500.

Legal tenders, decrease \$1,759,000.

Specie, decrease \$3,715,100.

Surplus, reserve \$10,006,750, decrease \$4,608,075.

EX-U. S. deposits \$10,422,750, decrease \$4,813,175.

The percentage of actual reserve of the clearing house bank today was 55.64.

The statement of banks and trust companies of Greater New York not reporting to the clearing house shows:

Loans, increase \$5,099,400.

Specie, increase \$2,858,500.

Legal tenders, increase \$55,800.

Total deposits, increase \$10,260,000.

Prime mercantile paper 41-2 to 5 per cent. Sterling exchange stouter at 484.10 for sixty day bills and at 486.85 for demand. Commercial bills 482.3-4.

EX-1-4 Bar silver 511-8. Mexican dollars 44. Government bonds easy. Railroad bonds steady.

Money on call nominal; no loans; time loans firm; sixty days, 3.8-4.4 per cent and ninety days, 3.8-4.4. Six months, 4. Exchange \$340,697,059; balances, \$11,456,040.

George W. Moon will render that beautiful ballad entitled "The Star, the Rose, and the Dream." Anyone who enjoys an entertainment of good pictures and songs will do well to visit this cozy little picture house on Merrimack street. The admission will remain the same as ever, 5 cents.

MATHEWS' MOVING PICTURES

An excellent concert will be given Sunday afternoon and evening at the Mathews' Moving Picture Palace. The headlining pictures will be "The Gondolier," the best that have been seen in this city for a long time. Another starring dramatic picture is from the Vitagraph company. There are two reels of comedy pictures funnier than any of the so-called comedies coming as they do one after another that will convulse the audience with laughter and will be a sure cure for the blues.

Such a course would mean the dropping of her divorce proceedings scheduled to be heard next week.

LOWELL OPERA HOUSE

TODAY at the Opera House, afternoon and evening, will be the last performances given of the current bill, which is the best yet seen under the present policy. Tomorrow afternoon and evening a concert will be given with the Ward's Temple of Music as feature. There will be an entire change of pictures, and Herb Webster and Miss Ray will be heard in new songs. The prices Sunday are five and ten cents and the concert is given continuously from 1 to 5 and from 6.30 to 10. Commencing Monday afternoon an entire new program will be seen and the bill to be offered will include Buckley, Martin & Co. in the laughable comedy sketch, "The New Manager," the Great Du Bouls & Co. presenting sensational Illusions; Decoret and Rego, in a comedy singing and dancing turn, and William Dick, vocalist and instrumentalist. An entire new program of pictures will also be seen and as usual will include the very latest and best in this line. Performances are given every afternoon from 2 to 5 and two full shows are given at night, starting at 7 and about 8.30. Saturday afternoon two full shows are given the same as at night, the first starting at 1.30 and the second at about 3 o'clock.

HATHAWAY THEATRE

Hathaway announces as the feature for next week a real and unmistakable winner in vaudeville attractions, with the appearance of "That Merry Pair," Harry and Kate Jackson, presenting variety's spectacular novelty, "Cupid's Voyage." Combining the fascinations of a sparkling comedy and a grand scenic sketch, it is a big drawing number everywhere, and Hathaway-goers are congratulated upon the opportunity of enjoying it. The heroine of the sketch is Laura Rawdy, a dashing widow, who, to escape the proposals of Col. U. S. Cackle, a most persistent lover, takes passage on a sailing ship, only to find Cackle on the trail. A shipwreck scene is introduced, with Cackle in the lifeboat, and the widow hangs on to the stern. "Will You Marry Me?" asks Cackle, and the widow faints and is hauled to safety. Kate Jackson is simply splendid as the widow, possessing a vein of humor that enables her to make the most of her role. The stage work is excellent and the singing of the Mystic, with the Princess Victoria steaming to the rescue of the principals, is cleverly carried out. An extra baggage car is required for the transportation of the special scenery, and electrical effects used in the act, which is one of the most pretentious of its kind ever offered in vaudeville. Mirth and mirth are agreeably mingled in the Piano Stomp, offered by Linton and Lawrence. Both people are clever comedians, and their piano playing and other musical efforts are first-class. Henry Horst, & Co. are a jolly coterie of comedians, who enter into a bright rural sketch. Mr. Horst holds high rank as a pantomime of rural types, having lately presented "The Village Postmaster," "The Village Postmaster," "Eben Holden," and "Sing Harbor." In the presentation of the laughable ar-

New Coat Length Not Generally Becoming

Belts Seen Everywhere and on Every Kind of Costume.

It is with feelings of regret for the passing of the long coat from our modistic midst that the majority of women welcome the new cut of the spring coat. Nothing in the way of a wrap has been so universally becoming to both young and old, thin and stout, as the slim silhouette of the jacket that is no more. Imagine, if you can without exciting your risibles, a really stout woman in a Russian blouse model, or, for that matter, in one of the stocky looking hip length affairs.

But all sorts and conditions of femininity are going to array themselves in these new coats, so there is no use in sighing for what is not, and doubtless before the season is well under way we shall be quite won over to the attractions of the latest cry. On strictly tailored suits military fastenings of frogs and cords are the smartest trimmings for coats that cut away in a bias fashion in front. For instance, a natty black and white checked suit made with a box plaited skirt has a semitight hip length coat cut rather high in the neck, which is finished with a round collar of white cloth braided in dull gold. Black silk frogs placed at an angle of forty-five degrees are the fastenings used.

Another cloth suit seen at an exclusive establishment was of pin striped sapphire blue suitting made in much the same style as the shepherd's check save for the coat collar, which was of the shawl variety in corded black silk and sparsely braided with a narrow dull gold soutache.

These invisible striped materials are to be very fashionable this spring, and there is a new star design in cloth for tailor made that is one of the latest fabrics in the shops. The star figure is visible only in certain lights. Oatmeal cloth, hopsacking and canvas weaves are all prominently to the fore, depicting themselves in charming two-toned effects. Blue with green and brown mingled with sage green are some of the favored combinations. So insistent is this changeable effect that even in ribbons and feathers for hats one sees the same coloring.

To be convinced that the waist line has established itself in spring fashions one has only to examine the varied and beautiful collection of belts sent over from Paris. For several seasons all garments have been beltless, and now belts have appeared everywhere and on everything that has a waist line. On coats the belts are of the material or of patent or saddle leather, and by far the most becoming way to dispose of them on jackets is to lift the waist line without destroying the curve. This is easily accomplished by the strips through which the belt is run. Rather newer, but less flattering to the figure, is the Buster Brown adjustment. The belt in this instance goes through strips of material placed well down toward the point of the hips and is loosely fastened in front. There is nothing simple or inconspicuous about the belts used on house gowns. They are barbaric in design and gorgeous in their subdued colorings. Metal nets elaborately embroidered in gold and silver, in crystals and beads, and symbols, are fashionable. The polonaise.

COSTUME FOR SUMMER SKIES



White serge costumes are going to be quite as popular this season as they were last summer. The smart model illustrated is of this material, with facings of pale yellow velvet touched up by cords of black soutache.

With more grace. A pretty finish for the braid belt is a velvet or satin rose when the character of the frock will admit of anything so ornate.

Each season there is a costume that

dates it—in other words, a frock that is the rage and dies a natural death through too much popularity. Last spring the moyen age frock was first and foremost in favor, several years ago we were all wearing the jumper gown, and now this spring it's the jumper dress. The name is a trifle confusing, for the style bears a closer resemblance to either a jumper or a

CATHERINE TALENT.

CARE OF CLOCKS.

The household timekeeper needs regular care and superintendence if it is to keep time accurately. When not regulated weekly by a clockmaker, a responsible member of the household should be put in charge of it. A clock should be wound as far as possible at one stated time and be regulated at a fixed period; it should be kept locked if possible, so that mischievous persons may not play with it, and its face, hands, etc., should occasionally be carefully dusted. A periodical oiling may also be necessary, and for this purpose the best oil, purified by lime-water, should be used. Let this mixture stand for a day or two and then carefully pour off the oil without disturbing the sediment. The oil should be applied to the works with a fine camel's hair brush.

RING ON FOREFINGER.

The ultra fashion taken up by some women of wearing a ring on the forefinger is borrowed from Elizabethan days. When anything so conventional as a plain diamond, opal or sapphire is worn the effect is not convincing. If one will do this thing it should be done well and rightly.

The ring should be an antique, such as Mr. Chase, the portrait painter, collects, or it should be the copy of an antique. The stones need not be rare gems; they may be semiprecious, but they must be qualitatively set.

The famous portrait of Queen Elizabeth, then princess, which hangs at Windsor shows a marvelous ring of this kind worn on the forefinger of this queen, who cared inordinately for the pretties and the splendor of dress.

WHAT THE CHINESE SAY ABOUT WOMEN.

The Chinese have many trite sayings about women, among which are the following:

Never trust a vain woman, for she is first in her own eyes.

Listen to the voice of an old woman, for listen to her will give her wisdom.

Many women, like leaderless sheep, come together for talk.

Pearls come from the mouth of her lips.

Never trust a woman who thinks long before opening her lips.

TO WASH NEW FLANNELS.

It is an excellent plan before washing new flannels to lay them to soak for a quarter of an hour in cold water with a good handful of salt, then wash them in the ordinary way. It makes the washing much easier and the articles look beautiful when dry. The same applies to new colored goods if they are allowed to stand in salt water and rinsed in the same water. There is no chance of the color running, and it will dry like new.

TO RENEW PATENT LEATHER.

When patent leather shoes begin to look dull and lose their freshness a few drops of spirits of turpentine applied with a soft brush will brighten them up so they look almost like new.

To start a stock pot put a clean,

IN Paris a number of taxicabs are run by women. These chauffeuses at first met with considerable opposition by the male drivers, who considered them dangerous competitors and threw all kinds of obstacles in their way, even abusing them when they thought it safe. The chauffeuse, however, has conquered and is now a regular institution. A new sensation was furnished recently when a colored woman appeared on the boulevards driving a taxicab. She soon became all the rage, and her cab was awaited eagerly by the habitués of the streets, who used it in preference to all others. The dusky chauffeuse is never without a fare, and the gendarmes are called upon frequently to decide which one

of the waiting customers is entitled to a ride in her cab.

THE SPRING TURBAN.

The wrapped turban is about among the new spring hats. These startling looking chapeaux are made of a straight band of buckram or cape net to fit down over the head closely. There is no inside portion, except a fitted bandage if the head is very small. They are worn low down on the right side and tilted on the left.

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to the tune of the tunes seen have been of lingerie and chifon—a lingerie frock with the tunie portion of chifon edged with bands of silk or satin. Such a dress offers a splendid opportunity for using one's passe lingerie frock and bringing it right up to date. It is possible, of course, to use a heavier material for the tunie in place of the chifon, but the idea at present seems to be to well rather than to hide the underdress.

There is nothing very new in shirt waists and blouses except the front closing, which no longer is affected by a box plait, but by a single closing adorned with a frill of some kind. When the material is heavy enough a buttonholed scalloped edge is used, which scallop is employed also at the

When the Lamp Is Lit

Musings of Elinor Hite

THE WOMAN WHO STAYS TOO LONG.

HAVE you ever had a visitor who apparently finds it impossible to say goodbye?

Some persons have an unhappy knack of overstaying their welcome. You ask one of these to luncheon, perhaps, and you put on your prettiest frock to welcome her and plan the neatest meal you can for her enjoyment.

With a serene indifference in her own charm and welcome the staying guest prolongs her visit and wonders later why she gets no more invitations to visit that particular house.

If you would be a social success, or better still, if you really want to be liked, never weary your friends. It is far better for them to complain that they never see you than for them to tell others that they can't keep you out of the house.

Sometimes she stays all afternoon.

She is still with you at supper or dinner time.

At last, when it is nearly time for your evening meal, she rises to go. But even then she keeps you standing for ten minutes or so while she makes her final farewells.

Even before she has got so far as the door she will return, quite likely, to say something she has "forgotten." When at last the door is closed and she is really gone you have a fervent sigh of relief and determine not to ask her again for a very long time. If she had stayed only a reasonable time you still would have been thinking her charming.

There have been cases when a woman invited to stay a few days with a friend has remained "until her visit developed into an "awful visitation."

The visitor forgets that to a host and hostess who are not rich the expense of entertaining a guest for an indefinite time is often quite a serious matter. Probably the house or apartment of the hostess is small and there is only one maid, and to have a visitor staying in the house means that the mistress has to do a great deal of the extra work herself.

With a serene indifference in her own charm and welcome the staying guest prolongs her visit and wonders later why she gets no more invitations to visit that particular house.

If you would be a social success, or better still, if you really want to be liked, never weary your friends. It is far better for them to complain that they never see you than for them to tell others that they can't keep you out of the house.

THE FAMILY LUCK AT CARDS

CARD luck seems to run in some families. Sometimes all the prizes at a party are carried off by different members of the same family. Such people, too, generally make the most of their luck. They may say in a deprecating way, as each receives the article won: "My dear Mrs. Blank, it is a stigma which the title of "mug hunter" implies would be removed, and the prizes won would be better worth having, for the careful hostess knows the "snatcher's" ways, and the article given as second prize is often far handsomer than the one labeled "first."

DEVELOPMENT of the JUMPER DRESS



This frock is a near relative of our old friend the jumper dress. The new development shows a novel type of skirt allied to a cravat bodice and a corded silk voile blouse.

A Lesson In Soupmaking

MANY housekeepers are fond of boasting that they can make "good soup out of nothing." What they really mean is that from well managed larders they generally can find sufficient leftover materials to keep the stock pot going without making fresh purchases for it. Every housewife ought to be able to do this, for all bones, rough pieces of cooked and raw meat, remains of gravies, etc., should be utilized in this way. The water in which salt or fresh meat or vegetables have been boiled, excepting water in which greens have been cooked, makes fine foundation for soup.

The cook's aim in soup-making is to draw out the water all the juices and nutriment from the materials used. In order to do this it is necessary to bear the following rules in mind:

First.—Cut the meat into small pieces, as the more of their surface there is exposed to the action of the water the more easily and completely will the juices be drawn out.

Second.—Put meat and bones into cold water, as hot would harden the outside albumen and keep in the juices.

Third.—Boil the soup gently and keep the lid on the pan; otherwise it will waste.

When liquid is needed for soups, gravies, etc., draw it off from the stock pot. Add more water as it is needed, according to the amount drawn off and quality of available scraps.

Rice, potatoes, bread, green vegetables, fish or high game are unsuitable

The Use and Abuse of Powder

A FEW hints on the use of powder and other little innocent aids to the toilet will be welcomed by girls who like to feel that they are looking their best, and often the effect of a smart evening costume is completely ruined by the contrast between a white neck and shoulders and a muddy, sallow looking complexion. There may be some persons who will disagree with me, but I am firmly convinced that the judicious use of powder and even of a very little rouge (provided it cannot be detected) is quite within the limit of good taste for dances and other evening entertainments. The use of powder is absolutely indispensable to some women, and undoubtedly it is beneficial to the skin when any length of time is to be spent in an artificially heated atmosphere.

Now, although I am not an advocate of the use of powder, I am strongly opposed to its abuse and consider nothing more repulsive looking than an apparently painted face, giving one the impression of having been made up for the footlights.

Powder should be applied to the face and neck immediately after washing, as soon as the skin has been dried. It should be left on for a few minutes and then carefully dusted off with a wool puff, a harp's foot or a pad of chamois leather, and by this means the skin will derive all the benefits of the powder, yet the use of the latter will not be visible. An excellent powder for use on these occasions is one made of equal proportions of starch of pistachio nuts and finely powdered French chalk. This should be mixed together and scented to taste, a little powdered orange root being added if desired.

When the first dusting of powder has been applied and rubbed off as directed a few touches may be given to the face, which will considerably improve the appearance. Should the eyes be very round they can be much improved by having the lids dusted with a little powder, but this should not be done except in the case of very round eyes, as it has a tendency to decrease their apparent size. Should the nose be too wide at the tip remove all traces of powder from the wings (nostrils) and give a little extra touch to the under portion. This will do much toward giving the nose a delicate appearance. The space between the eyebrows can be made narrower or wider, as required, by removing all traces of powder from it or by giving it an extra dust.

To darken the eyebrows brush them every night with a brush (a fine camel's hair one is best) dipped in castor oil. This will darken them, increase their growth and luxuriance, and their shape can be vastly improved if they are brushed each night in the direction in which they should grow. To some faces arched brows are very becoming, to other styles the straight plucked eyebrows are more suited, but in either case they should be trained in the way desired with a soft brush.

To reddish the lips rub them gently with the finger dipped in a little cold cream, carefully wiping all traces of the cream off afterward.

The hair can be brightened before being dressed if a few drops of a good brilliantine are well brushed into it, but if the hair is in a greasy state it should have a dry shampoo first to remove all superfluous grease and render it light and fluffy. If artificial waving is desired great care should be taken to see that the waving irons are not so hot as to singe the hair in any way. The use of waving irons is not to be recommended, as when continually resorted to they dry the hair and darken it, but occasionally, if applied carefully, they will do no harm.

DAPHNE DEAN.

GOOD THINGS TO EAT

IF a housewife does not know what to serve after the meat at her next luncheon or dinner party she should try a palatable salad made of late white cherries and broken nuts. This is arranged on small lettuce leaves and covered with mayonnaise dressing.

Another good salad is made of peeled pineapple with the center removed. Around each slice are thin slices of banana and maraschino cherries. This is mixed with French dressing or one that has wine in it. The latter is made by mixing six tablespoonsfuls of sherry, three of madeira and a half cupful of sugar. Bake in gem pans. The quantity given is enough for a dozen. Serve with lemon sauce.

Oysters dipped in mayonnaise dressing and then in bread crumbs and fried are delicious and a change from the regulation fried oyster.

SAUCE FOR FISH.

To serve with fish or poultry this sauce is just the thing. Cream together a tablespoonful each of butter and flour and stir it into a cupful of chicken stock or hot water. When the sauce boils add the yolks of two eggs and a quarter of a cupful of cream which have been beaten together and season with salt and pepper. The latter part of the process should be done over hot water. If there is danger of lumps strain the sauce and reheat it before using. Care must be taken or it will curdle. For fish or chicken the sauce may be seasoned with minced parsley and chipped mushrooms.

New York she lived in West Seventy-seventh street, where the wedding was quietly celebrated.

Mr. Belmont, her senior by many years, has a fortune estimated at thirty, or forty millions. He was a widower with three sons, one of whom married Miss De Goleoura. The two other boys



MISS ROBSON AS JULIET.

She is at college. Mr. Belmont has a fine New York home, a stock farm in Kentucky and recently has purchased "By the Sea," a villa at Newport.

Needlework Notes

A NEW work is that of tucking net, one dozen towels, and six of these might be finished with the finest of gold or silver thread. Each towel is done with a little drawn work is added if it may be cut forty-two inches long, which will leave ample room for either a hem or a neat scalloped finish.

A beautiful buckles of any desired shape may be made by plaiting three strands of the narrowest gold braid together and wiring on the buck. Nothing could be neater as a finish for an embroidery belt, for the ready made buckles of metal not only tear the lace in the gown, but scratch all the furniture in the house.

FOR GORE HEELS.

A tiny piece of chamois leather sewed round the inside of the back of the heel. This plan will prevent the rubbing the heel.

the appearance of holes in stockings.

THE STATE SENATE TRADE OF JEWELER

Did Not Take Up the "Bar and Bottle" Bill

BOSTON, March 12.—Those who flocked to the state senate chamber yesterday afternoon to hear the debate on engrossing the "bar and bottle" bill were disappointed. The committee on third reading tucked the bill away for safe keeping and it may not reappear in the senate for several days.

Corporation Taxes

In the house the committee on corporation taxes reported a bill providing that the entire tax assessed upon business corporations shall go to the municipalities in which the corporations do business.

He said the industrial communities are the bone and sinew of the commonwealth, and they should get the benefit of a return from the wealth they produce, instead of part of it going to tax-dodging communities.

Mr. Coon of Watertown opposed it as unfair to the residential communities.

Mr. Barlow of Lowell believed it unfair that only half the tax on a corporation should go to the municipality which affords police and fire protection for the corporation's property and education for the children of its employees.

Mr. Riley of Malden thought it unfair that all the tax should go to either the manufacturing or the industrial communities.

Mr. Payson of Norton favored the bill in the interest of equalizing tax rates.

Mr. Holt of Methuen favored the bill and Mr. White of Brookline opposed it.

Mr. Saunders of Clinton favored the bill.

Mr. Thomas of Quincy favored it because he felt it just.

Mr. White of Brookline said the bill is simply an attempt on the part of the poor municipalities to get money away from the richer ones.

Mr. Holt, answering this, said: "Yes, we do want the money, because it be-

longs to us; because we are earning in Lawrence the money you are spending in Brookline."

Adjournment cut off further debate.

Hays' "white Slave" Bills

In the house the committee on election laws reported leave to withdraw on the Riley bill to permit the people to express their preference for G. S. senator.

The committee on rules reported recommending that the rules should not be suspended for the admission of the three bills introduced early in the week by Representative Martin Hays of Boston to deal with the "white slave" question and the alleged bank swindlers.

These additional reports were submitted:

Cities, Mayor Fitzgerald's bill to change the boundary line between the cities of Boston and Cambridge.

Constitutional amendments, an anti-slavery and referendum amendment of the constitution. Senator Tolman and Representatives Holman and Hathaway dissent.

Constitutional amendments, leave to withdraw on the woman suffrage resolve. Representative Wood, Holman, Quinn and Daly dissent.

Cities, leave to withdraw on the bill authorizing the city of Boston to lay out and construct approaches to Thimble Island.

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MARINES BARRED**CHANDLEY SHOT****Not Allowed to Enter Theatre****After He Had Injured Two Persons**

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Two United States marines in uniform were denied admission to a theatre last night. The man at the door prevented their entering and handed them back the money they had paid for their tickets. Explanations were demanded, but were not given. The marines demanded admission but were denied. They were Corporal Edward Powell and Private Samuel Algas of the 17th, S. S. Mayflower.

The refusal of admission to the marines was not the first of its kind which had occurred recently at the same theatre. A conference was held yesterday between the proprietor and officers of the navy department. The proprietor told the officers that he excluded the men under a rule of the theatre prohibiting admission of persons conspicuously dressed. He said:

"Even President Taft would be excluded if he applied for admission dressed in a sweater and riding clothes."

Patriotic societies have made an issue of the matter and further conferences are to be held pending possible action on the part of the excluded sailors.

JIMMY GARDNER**Had Better of Bout With Clabby****CREW RESCUED****Officer and Five Men Picked Up**

SEATTLE, Wash., March 12.—A special cable from Seward, Alaska, says that a wireless message received there from the United States revenue cutter Tahoma tells of the rescue of the boat crew that set out nine weeks ago to seek aid for the survivors of the wrecked steamer Farallon, which was wrecked in Illega Bay on Cook's Inlet Jan. 6. Two days after the disaster Second Mate Gus Swanson and five men set out in an open boat to Kodiak for aid. February 2 the survivors who remained on the shore were rescued by the steamship Victoria. After the boat crew, which had been missing a month, had been rescued, the revenue cutter Tahoma was sent on a cruise around Kodiak Island. No details of the rescue have been received.

CORPORATIONS**To Pay a Tax of Over \$25,000,000**

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Approximately 300 corporations amenable to the law imposing a tax of one per cent. of their net incomes above \$6000 have made returns to the Internal revenue bureau. Additional returns are expected to swell the number which will be in keeping with the estimate made by the officials before the law became operative.

There are 400,000 corporations listed in the United States but a large number have for some time been generally regarded as "dead" and existing in name only.

It is now generally believed from the reports of collectors thus far at hand that the estimate of \$25,000,000 revenue from the corporation tax this year may be exceeded slightly.

BOY INJURED**IS IN DANGER OF LOSING TWO FINGERS**

BOSTON, March 12.—Capt. Peabody of the Joy street station is investigating the circumstances surrounding the explosion of the heavy percussion caps which were being carried in the pocket of Bonnie Stone, a Shubert theatre employee, resulting in serious injury to himself and Alex Flax, an 11-year-old boy, on North Russell street, yesterday afternoon. Stone may lose two fingers and the boy's right ankle is badly cut and bruised.

In the heavy bottle carried in Stone's pockets were several hundred caps used for certain stage effects, and he claims that while stooping quickly aside to let others pass him on the street the bottle in his coat was swung against a brick building and exploded. Young Flax was sitting on the doorstep of a vacant store directly in the path of the explosion and but a few feet away. Although pieces of the glass flew over his head, smashing two plate-glass windows and gouging out pieces of the woodwork, his only serious wound is a laceration of his right ankle.

Stone ran to the Massachusetts General hospital, about 100 yards from the scene of the accident, and Flax was carried there by persons who witnessed the accident.

GIBBS DEFEATED O'CONNELL

MEMPHIS, Tenn., March 12.—By forcing the fight for the last three rounds after he had been outboxed in the first five, Willie Gibbs, the Philadelphia lightweight, gained the referee's decision over Jeff O'Connell at the Memphis Athletic club last night. O'Connell's ear was torn and his mouth badly swollen as a result of Gibbs' punishment.

Evening Sessions Continue

Evening Courses Continue Through June

Evening High Commercial

Students can go on just where they left off, by entering now for two or three lessons a week.

Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Typewriting, Penmanship,

And Life Membership of our Situation Department if you finish with us. Call, telephone or write for Free Catalogue.

LOWELL COMMERCIAL COLLEGE

7 MERRIMACK SQUARE

600 DELEGATES**To Attend Stationary Engineers' Convention**

PAWTUCKET, R. I., March 12.—Resenting his expulsion last night by an officer from his wife's home at 210 West street, where he was an unwelcome visitor, Austin Chandley, 45 years old, returned and fired a revolver at his wife. The bullet missed her, but struck her sister, Mrs. Rose Carr, wounding her seriously in the right lung.

Michael Goodwin, a brother of Mrs. Chandley, then grappled with his brother-in-law and in the scuffle that ensued was shot, not seriously, in the right breast. He then let go of Chandley, who escaped to another room, from out of which he fired at Officer Thomas Carr, who then entered the room in response to Goodwin. Carr drew his pistol and fired twice, hitting Chandley in both shoulders. Chandley was taken to a hospital, where his condition is serious.

He said:

"Even President Taft would be excluded if he applied for admission dressed in a sweater and riding clothes."

Patriotic societies have made an issue of the matter and further conferences are to be held pending possible action on the part of the excluded sailors.

PUBLIC PLAYGROUNDS**Hot Water****WHILE YOU WAIT****A NEW PROPOSITION TO LOWELL PUBLIC**

We invite Housekeepers to come to our John Street Appliance Store to see and to understand the working of a Water Heater.

The Vulcan Heater

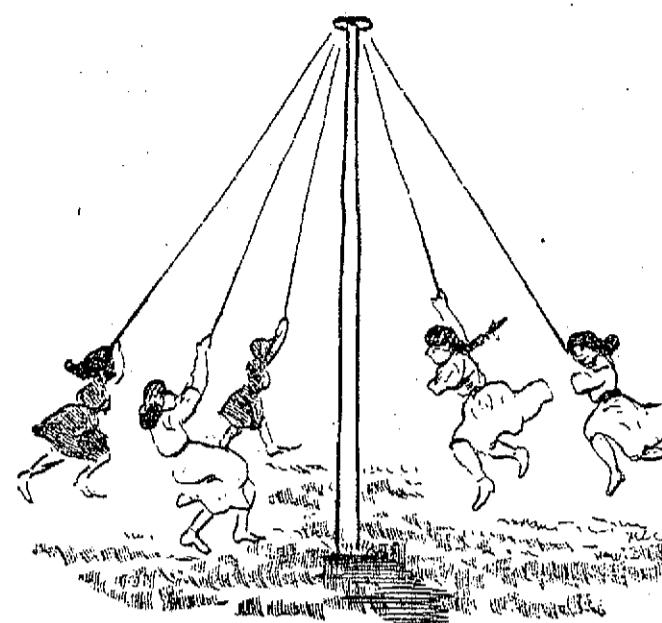
An appliance for the heating of water by gas flame. The appliance that will furnish hot water for dish washing in 5 minutes; that will furnish 10 gallons of hot water for the bath in 20 minutes. That in supplying 10 gallons of hot water will consume but one and one-third cents of gas.

OUR OFFER

We will install the Vulcan Heater in any house, set up complete ready to deliver hot water for \$15.00 Cash Payment, or we will do all as above on four instalment payments as follows:

First Payment.....\$5.00, when order is given
Second Payment.....\$4.00, at end of six months
Third Payment.....\$4.00, at end of twelve months
Final Payment.....\$3.00, at end of eighteen months

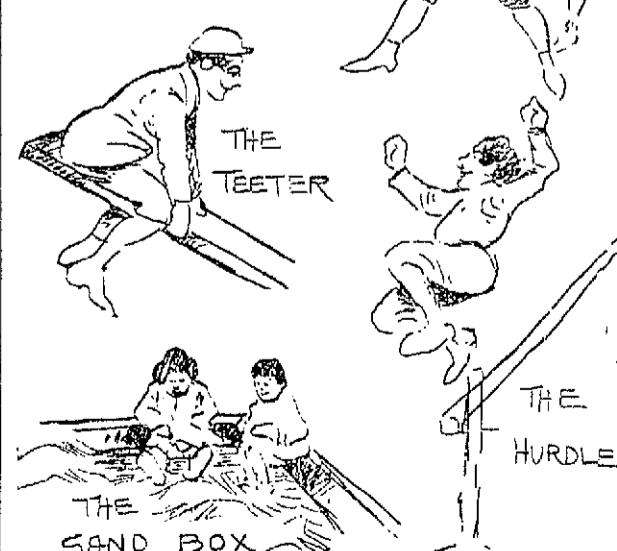
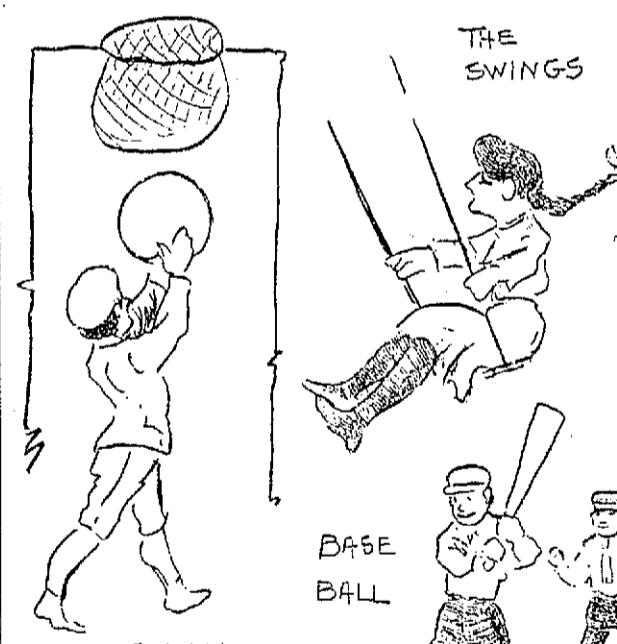
The Vulcan Heater will fit any and every kitchen. If this announcement interest you, it is for YOU to call at John Street Appliance Store where you may see the entire operations and fully understand. Three thousand (3000) of these Vulcan Heaters were placed in the city of Detroit, Mich., during 1909.



THE JOY OF PLAYING TOGETHER A FEATURE THAT MAY SOON BE SEEN IN LOWELL

Apparatus and Supervisor for Little Canada Park — Money Needed to Complete the Playground at Fort Hill Park — Shower Baths to be Installed There

While there is a general sentiment of the Sun this morning Judge Abroad for a city beautiful, more Pickman said: "The sub-committee is broaching places for the residents of Lowell to consider the matter of supervising the city, the park commission apparatus for the playgrounds. These sub-committees to be the only organization that perversions of necessity will be few in doing any practical work along those number owing to our limited appropriations for the commission has recently been increased and hence we are proceeding appointed a sub-committee consisting slowly so as to get the men best fitted of the chairman and Mr. Greene to for the position for they must be in make plans for the opening and instructors along with being supervisors.



PLAY GROUNDS PLEASURES SUCH AS WE MAY SEE ON OUR PUBLIC PLAYGROUNDS DURING THE COMING SUMMER.

improvement of the local playgrounds. Last year the superintendents were all prompt to be an important factor in the growth of Lowell's growing park system this season. In Judge Pickman's opinion the playgrounds will be improved and will accommodate a greater number of children than formerly. We depended upon to make an excellent showing. Speaking of the work with a report.

the Canada park, and we intend to place additional apparatus at Little Canada and have a supervisor there as well. Of course a supervisor will be necessary at the South common as was the case last year. As yet the schedules have not been arranged but everything will be in readiness when the good weather comes. The commission hopes this year to do more for the girls than was done last year. It hopes to diversify their play, that is when they become tired of the more strenuous sports to find them something of a lighter nature after the fashion of kindergarten work and sewing to occupy them and the same idea will be carried out in regard to the boys. We will try a little at a time with a small outlay and our work in this respect will be purely experimental.

In regard to the apparatus our idea is to procure such apparatus as will permit the least number of accidents. In some cases apparatus high from the ground has been established and of ten when the supervisor is not around accidents occur. We desire to avoid this if possible. We have purchased some improved swings and teeters and some Giants' Stride which are extremely popular with the children and not dangerous. The Giants' Stride appears in the drawing. The children swing around on this, touching the ground with the feet every few yards. We also will provide for base ball, the medicine ball, vaulting and jumping.

YALE ATHLETE
IS SAID TO BE MENTALLY UNSOUND.

FORT HILL PARK, March 12.—Lloyd Miller Vandeventer, a former Yale football player, was yesterday committed to Bellevue hospital by Magistrate O'Connor to be examined as to his mental condition, at the request of his wife, Mrs. Anna Vandeventer, who said he had been acting queerly for several days.

Mrs. Vandeventer insisted there was something the matter with her husband's mind. She said he had threatened her and she was afraid to live with him.

Mrs. Vandeventer's maiden name was Anna Stearns Blake. Her father, Nelson T. Blake, lives in Hampton, N. H. She was secretly married to Vandeventer while he was attending Yale.

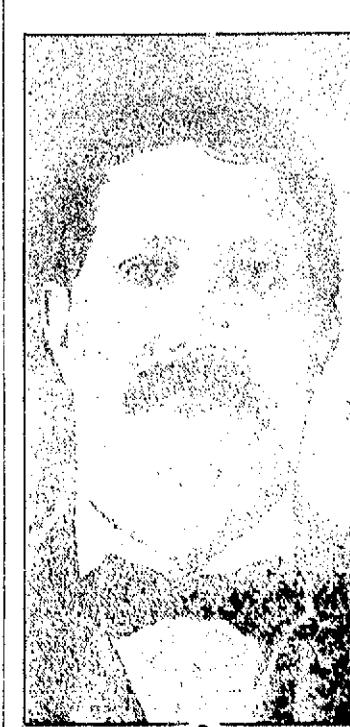
SKULL FRACTURED
MAN IS NOT EXPECTED TO LIVE.

NORRIDGEWOOD, Me., March 12— Threatened, it is claimed, with assault by Ernest Warren, a former employee, George Harlow, a prominent lumber dealer, yesterday, it is charged, knocked the man down with a club. Warren's skull was fractured and he was hurt so severely he may die.

Mr. Harlow told the authorities that he had discharged Warren, who had worked at Harlow's sawmill at Martin Stream, three miles from here. After his discharge, Warren, according to Mr. Harlow, drank heavily and while intoxicated attempted to attack his former employer.

According to the police, Harlow said he was forced to strike him for self-protection. No arrest was made.

THE FAIRBANKS SAIL
LIVERPOOL, March 12.—Former Vice President and Mrs. Fairbanks sailed for New York today on the steamer Mauretania.

Appetite Restored AND ALL MY ACHE'S LEFT ME Read This Man's Testimonial

I take much pleasure in writing this letter to you in praise of your valuable medicine. I had a very bad spell of sickness and could not eat. My whole body ached. Hearing of DR. GRADY'S PURE MALT AND RYE, I decided to try a bottle. Before I had used half a bottle my appetite came back and all my aches left me. In fact I became a new person as far as my health was concerned.

Truly yours,
FRANK L. BARNABY,
Burlington, Mass.

NOTABLE BOOK

On Ireland by Editor Sutherland of Phila.

"Ireland Yesterday and Today," a book by Hugh Sutherland, associate editor of the Philadelphia North American, and treating of the causes that oppressed Ireland, the movements that have largely overcome that oppression and that promise complete regeneration in the near future, is receiving the most flattering notices from the press of this country.

The Philadelphia North American, one of the oldest and greatest papers in this country, has been distinguishing for supporting every movement looking to the freedom and government of Ireland, and the most illuminating that can be found on the Irish question. They also the result of great research and are beyond a doubt the most careful presentation of the events that have swayed the destinies of Ireland for the past century.

Some of Mr. Sutherland's descriptions are very graphic. One of particular note tells of the last eviction at which the policemen of Ireland assisted, an eviction that today he impossible. It is a touching story of a great battle at the close of the land war, a battle in which the people fought against the eviction of a farmer until overcome by the bitterest rams and bayonets of the government cohorts, sent to enforce the decrees of landlord extortion. No eviction of the kind will ever again occur in Ireland, Mr. Sutherland asserts.

A great many of the sympathizers with the Irish parliamentary movement regretted that they had not been able to get all the letters, and Hon. Michael J. Ryan of Philadelphia, national president of the United Irish League, conceived the idea of supplying this need by buying all the letters published in book form with Mr. Sutherland's consent. The book is quite a respectable volume, and any one who wants the most accurate and up-to-date information of the Ireland of today should possess a copy. No library without this book can give the truth about Ireland and the movements that have been conducted since the days of Parnell.

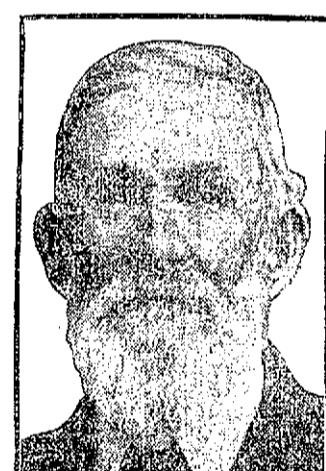
The book is published for the benefit of the United Irish League as the result of Mr. Sutherland's generosity, and whatever funds, if any, are realized by the sale of the work will be turned over to the United Irish League. Hon. John E. Robinson has written a complimentary but conservative introduction to the book in which he takes occasion to thank Mr. Sutherland and his paper for the splendid uplift given to the movement by this gratuitous service by the Philadelphia North American.

On his first visit he predicted the success of the Irish people in driving out the landlords, and this prediction was fully verified as shown by the letters written on his subsequent visit.

The act for the abolition of landlordism in Ireland was passed in 1903 and after six years under that act the progress noted by Mr. Sutherland on his second visit in 1909, was really astounding.

On his tour he passed largely over the same ground he had trodden in 1903, in order that he might note the changes, if any, in local conditions effected during that time. If the letters of his former visit were discouraging from their description of misery and gloom, his second series of letters formed a striking contrast in their expression of the new spirit that had possessed the people; the hopes that had inspired them with the departure of the landlords and the restoration of the land to the people from whom it was stolen centuries before. The evidences of every hand of a general uplift, of

Bronchitis at 78



Mr. J. M. Ellett Says Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey Has Prolonged His Life Five Years. It Relieved and Strengthened Him When Nothing Else Did Him Any Good.

"I have been taking Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey for six or seven years for Bronchitis, which I have had for about twelve years. Before this I tried doctors and everything else, but nothing did me any good. Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey was recommended to me, as it would benefit me and would build up my whole body and system. I commenced taking it and found that it did me more good than all the medicines I had taken in the past.

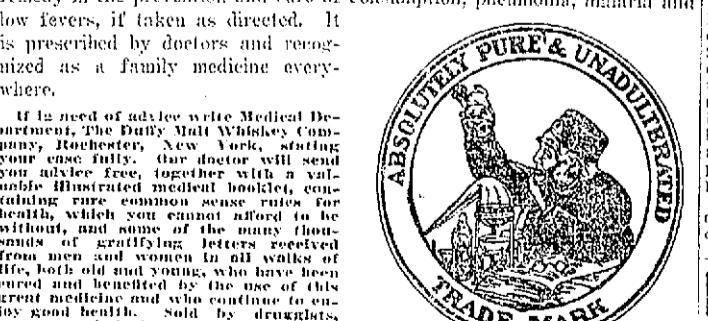
"I think Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey the best thing that a man can take to build himself up and prolong his life, as I am in my seventy-eighth year and had not taken Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey six or seven years ago. I believe I should have been in the ground five years ago. I find it is the most invigorating medicine I can take, and I want the people of the world to know what it is doing for me." —J. M. Ellett, 608 23rd Street, Richmond, Va.

Ministers of the gospel, doctors of medicine, nurses and people everywhere unite in commanding Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey—the only perfect tonic stimulant, the one true medicinal whiskey.

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

is an absolutely pure, gentle and invigorating stimulant and tonic. It overcomes all weakening, wasting and run-down conditions of the body, brain and muscle, giving the system power to throw off and resist coughs, colds, grippe, catarrh, bronchitis, asthma and lung troubles, and it is a wonderful remedy in the prevention and cure of consumption, pneumonia, malaria and low fevers, if taken as directed. It is prescribed by doctors and recognized as a family medicine everywhere.

To be used of advice write Medical Department, Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey Company, Boston, Mass. After consulting your own doctor, our doctor will send you advice free, together with a valuable illustrated medical booklet, containing many common sense rules for health, which you cannot afford to be without and which the many thousands of men and women in all walks of life, both old and young, who have been cured and benefited by the use of this great medicine and who continue to enjoy good health, sold by druggists, grocers and dealers, or direct, \$1.00 a quart bottle.



FLAG CARNIVAL

By the Women of Grace Church

The Highland club house was the scene of another very pleasant affair yesterday. It was the second annual flag carnival by the women of the Grace Universalist church.

The young people of the church dined from 4 to 6 in the afternoon and in the evening general dancing was enjoyed by the people of the church and their friends who filled the hall to its capacity. The American flag was there in all its glory. The walls were draped with American flags of various sizes and the stage background was set with a large flag.

Sale tables were well patronized and did a rushing business both afternoon and evening. The candy table was presided over by Miss Maudie Marshall and Miss Edith Merchant assisted by a committee of young people. Mrs. Martha Richardson and Mrs. J. P. Bachelor had direct charge of the domestic table and the grab table was looked after by Miss Eva Rollins, Mrs. Irene Derby and Miss Ruth Crawford. The fancy table was in charge of Mrs. Charles N. Woodward and the lunch-table was in charge of Mrs. R. A. Greene. The decorations were in charge of William Thompson, Edward Woodward, Robert Potter, Moses Strauss and Lawrence and Wallace Safford.

GAVE HIMSELF UP

J. D. Pomerleau Charged With Larceny

John D. Pomerleau, aged 19 years, walked into the police station about 9 o'clock last night and there and then requested to be locked up. Captain Atkinson acquiesced, and John D. was politely escorted to a cell in the rear.

Why did he do it? Because his mother told him to, and that's reason enough.

He said that he and a man named McGuire were wanted for breaking and entering and larceny in the Fred L. Timmons' saloon in Middlesex street. He went to New York

on Saturday after the break, which was made March 1. His mother had read about what he had done and wrote to him, pleading with him to come home.

McGuire and Pomerleau are alleged

to be the ringleaders of the gang.

The book is published for the benefit of the United Irish League as the result of Mr. Sutherland's generosity, and whatever funds, if any, are realized by the sale of the work will be turned over to the United Irish League.

John D. Pomerleau was arrested a few days after the second break, but Pomerleau left town. Both men were indicted by the grand jury.

Pomerleau lives at 592 Middlesex

street.

Mr. J. M. Ellett, 78 years of age.

GOT TWO MONTHS

INDIAN THREW CONDUCTOR THROUGH CAR WINDOW

BOSTON, March 12.—Everett Jones, a full-blooded Indian, was sentenced to two months in the house of correction yesterday on the charge of assault on a street car conductor. It was testified that the Indian threw the conductor through the car window at the corner of Washington and Milk streets. He was arrested after a fight with Police Captain Maurice Fitzgerald.

Mrs. Louise D. Downes of 161 Northampton street was sentenced to six months in the house of correction on the charge of assault upon her step-daughter, Margaret, aged 16. It was alleged that the woman threw a lit cigarette at her husband and that it struck the daughter and exploded.

A fire started, which caused serious damage to the house. Two firemen were injured and an aged woman had a narrow escape from death from being struck by the fire teams.

Frederick Lyons, 21 Quincy place, Roxbury, and John J. Punch of Compston street, were held in \$2000 each for the grand jury on the charge of highway robbery. They were charged with pulling Charles Hawkins, a waiter, into the doorway at 16 Cornhill street, Thursday night, and robbing him.

Respectfully, Robert S. Goff,

Vice Pres. and Gen. Manager.

GAS SAVING INVENTION

Just a little valve—the work of a minute to adjust—and you have a saving of from 25 to 50 per cent in your bills, says the inventor.

This tells the story of the invention of Mr. F. N. Labelle of this city, after years of experiments. It means much, he says, to the people of Lowell, and to consumers all over the country. It may not make a hit with the gas companies, but that isn't worrying the inventor.

The valve is a sort of door which is placed within the gas pipe at a point between the meter and the first light, making it effective as a saving medium all over the house. When one gas jet is lighted, the pressure resulting forces the little door open; when a second gas jet is lighted, the door acts automatically under the added pressure and permits just enough gas to flow to insure a bright, steady flame. Thus, Mr. Labelle says, all of the waste due to flickering or over-pressure is eliminated.

The economizer can be installed in a pipe of any size. For the ordinary household the saving of 25 to 50 per cent is claimed, with an outlay of only \$2. The device, the inventor claims, cannot wear out. If a family moves, the economizer can be removed in a minute and installed in a new gas pipe. For big blocks, requiring a regulator of larger size, a different arrangement is made. It will be put in at the company's own expense on a basis of 25 per cent of the savings.

The invention may be seen at the demonstrating office, 4 Merrimack sq., commencing March 14th.

Not in Milk Trust

The Original and Genuine

HORLICK'S

MALT MILK

The Food-drink for All Ages.

At restaurants, hotels and fountains.

Delicious, invigorating and sustaining.

Keep it on your sideboard at home.

Don't travel without it.

A quick lunch prepared in a minute.

Take no substitute. Ask for HORLICK'S

Others are imitations.

The Food-drink for All Ages.

At restaurants, hotels and fountains.

Delicious, invigorating and sustaining.

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IN REAL ESTATE

Transactions Recorded
During Past Week

The real estate transactions recorded for the week for Lowell and vicinity are as follows:

LOWELL

Ann McGuane etals. to Kreker M. Gorodian, land, \$1.
Martin McGuane to Ann McGuane, land on Winter street, \$1.
Annie Cuff to Katherine Cuff, land and buildings on Agawam and Moore streets, \$1.
Lowell Inst. for Savings to George J. Constantineau, land on Pawtucket and Mount Washington streets, \$1.
Charles Oss Gray's admr. to Harriet F. Wakefield, land and buildings on Loring street, \$200.
Frank B. Melvin to William H. Hoar, land and buildings on Corbett street, \$1.Ann M. Brady to Katie F. Brady, land and buildings on Keene street, \$1.
Mabel E. Bond to Alice D. Brady, land and buildings on Gorham street, \$1.
Leroy M. Turner to Melissa Graves, land and buildings on Hadley st., \$1.
Laura E. Langstaff to Arnold B. Winters, land, \$1.
Laura E. Langstaff to Eliza A. Winslow, land, \$1.Joseph F. Langstaff to Eliza A. Winters, land on Bond st., \$1.
Joseph E. Langstaff to Eliza A. Winters, land on Bond st., \$1.
Edgar McAllister to David G. Jones, land on Bond st., \$1.
Leonce L. Fortin to Armand V. Sicard, land on Moody st., \$1.Charles F. Lancaster etal. to Richard Murphy, land on Liddell st., \$1.
John O. Gillin to Stewart C. Culver, land at corner Princeton and Baldwin st., \$1.

Edmund M. Warren to Hugh J. Gilde, land at Remond Terrace, \$1.

May Hillton Rust etals. to Harry W. Coburn, land and buildings at corner Bond and Third streets, \$1.

Flory Capone to Lucien Daigle, land and buildings at corner Farmland road and Dalton st., \$1.

Lucien Daigle to Lucina Capone, land and buildings at corner Farmland road and Dalton st., \$1.

Abbie E. Kelley to John R. McDowell, land on Parkview ave., \$1.

Arthur G. Beharrell to Bertha H. Beharrell, land, \$1.

Frank J. Beharrell's admr. to Bertha H. Beharrell, land and buildings on Franklin st., \$200.

BILLERICA

Burton C. Pasho etals. to William L. Pasho, land, \$1.
Elizabeth A. Abbott to Everett W. Livingston, land on Andover st., \$1.
Elizabeth A. Abbott to Everett W. Livingston, land, \$1.

William L. Livingston's est. by coll. to Town of Billerica, land, \$55.

Dennis Hayes' est. by coll. to Town of Billerica, land, \$55.

DRACUT

Geo. D. Coburn etal. to David Dickinson, land, \$1.

WILMINGTON

William C. Norcross to Edward S. Eaton, land, \$1.

Edward S. Eaton to Charles E. Kinsman, land at corner Short st. and Berwick ave., \$1.

Frank W. Coughlin to Henry T. Bockhoff, land on Winston ave., \$1.

Frank W. Coughlin to Benjamin Gordon, land on Edward road, \$1.

Sylvester Carter to John Kenny, land, \$1.

TEWKSBURY

Herman Kassner to Louis Eno, land and buildings on Billerica road, \$1.

TYNGSBORO

John J. Carty to David Blennerhassett etal. land on State highway, \$1.

John A. Simpson etal. to William A. Park, land, \$1.

LOSS IS \$20,000

Fire at North Rochester, N. H.

ROCHESTER, N. H., March 12.—Fire that is supposed to have started from spontaneous combustion last night destroyed the great stock sheds of the J. Scudding Sons Co. in North Rochester, at a loss that will reach \$20,000. The sheds, many of which were filled with the waste material from which the firm manufactures its product—leather board—were five hundred feet long and thirty feet wide. The loss is covered by insurance.

FOR SALE

The two tenement house, barn and about 9000 feet of land at 779 Westford st. is for sale to settle an estate. An reasonable offer will not be ref. ed. To Jerry J. Carmichael, on the premises, or to James H. Carmichael, Central Block.

E. GREENBERG,
REAL ESTATE

To 1st houses, tenements and stores in all parts of the city. I have just completed fifteen new houses which at this time are ready for occupancy. If in need of property call at 8 Grand street and get full particulars about the property control. Real estate deals of all kinds consummated.

Free! Free!!

Boys and girls we will give you a nice Bistro Brown Film Camera or a base ball uniform free for scilling 26 needle cases at 15 cents each. Each case contains 100 needles. Every woman will buy one. Write today. Greenleaf Advertising Co., Box 355, Lowell.

J. F. McMahon & Co.
Practical Plumbers

Steam, gas and water filters. Estimates cheerfully given. Repairing promptly attended to.

58 Gorham st., Tel. 1376-1

REMOVAL NOTICE

Eugene N. Morrill has moved his business to 461 Westford Street. Tel. 2927-1.

MONEY TO LOAN

Working men who do not own real estate sometimes think there is no way possible for them to borrow money. This is not so, as we are established for the sole purpose of supplying working people with money as quickly and quietly as their employer secures it at the bank.

Let us make you a loan at 5% interest, so that you will be best equipped loan from the bank to you.

5c Bleached Flour Cases

COUNCIL BLUFFS, Ia., March 12.—Pierced Butler, special counsel for the government, dismissed today what are known as the "bleached flour" cases in the federal district court. There were four seizures of flour belonging to the Updike Milling Co. of Omaha and the Shawnee Milling Co. of Topeka.

Our Cut Price "Drug Specials"

WEEK OF MARCH 14TH ONLY

25c Arabian Balsam..... 16c \$1.00 Danadrine..... 66c

\$1.00 Herpicide..... 59c 25c Santol Bath Powder..... 13c

25c Lyon's Tooth Powder..... 17c 25c Sabline Olive Oil..... 23c

25c Castoria..... 23c 25c Laxative Cold Tabs..... 16c

25c Mellin's Food..... 55c 25c Swamp Root..... 73c

You get what you call for—No Argument, No Substitution.

TRY OUR SATURDAY AND SUNDAY CIGAR COMBINATION.

American Loan Co.
Room 10, third floor,
45 Merrimack St.Open from 8 a. m. to 6:30 p. m.
Mon., Tues. and Sat. until 8 p. m.
Tel. 2434. LOWELL, MASS.F. J. CAMPBELL'S
Tobac. Cor. Drug Store and 536 Dutton St., Cor. Fletcher St.TWO
STORES

DOWNTOWN

\$10
AND
UPWARDS

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All Regular
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1-FORT HILL

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Argus. No. Substitution.

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MAN FOUND DEAD IN ROOM

BIG FIRE IN BOSTON

EXTRA TO END STRIKE

MAN FOUND DEAD

In a Lodging House in Appleton Street This Afternoon

Philip L. Harrington about 38 years old, was found dead in his room at 247 Appleton street, shortly after the noon hour today. Medical Examiner Dr. Meigs gave as his opinion that the man must have been dead at least 72 hours. Harrington's wife was taken from the room in which the dead body of her husband was found. Mrs. Harrington, who is suffering badly from sickness and liquor, was taken to the police station and will be sent to the city farm for treatment. She was taken from the house in Appleton street by Inspector Lafamme and Sergeant McCloud.

Harrington was formerly a conductor for the Boston & Northern street railway. The police were told that the woman overcome by liquor failed to realize that her husband was dead.

LILLIS IMPROVED

HE WAS REMOVED FROM HOSPITAL TO HOME

KANSAS CITY, March 12.—After a week spent at St. Mary's hospital, waiting for the knife wounds inflicted by J. P. Cudahy, the packer, to heal, Jere Lillis, president of the Western Exchange bank of this city, was able to move to his home last night. This fact was kept from the public until this morning. Hospital attendants stated that the banker's wounds were healing rapidly. It developed today that the directors of the Country club, one of the most exclusive clubs in the city, adopted a resolution on Thursday night citing Lillis to appear before the club and show cause why he should not be dismissed from its membership. Mr. Lillis in reply sent in his resignation. The resignation has not yet been received in this city.

CABLE CHESS MATCH

NEW YORK, March 12.—Play was resumed today in the cable chess match between the English and American teams. The first result was obtained at the seventh table where Schwieter offered a draw to his adversary, W. Ward, who promptly accepted the offer. Thirty-one moves had been recorded in the game. Shortly afterward Barry found further fighting useless and resigned to Atkins on the second board. About the same time Hodges agreed to draw his game with Lawrence on the third board and the score then read:

Great Britain 2 points, America 1. The Barry-Atkins game lasted for thirty moves while Hodges and Lawrence had recorded 21 moves.

VESSELS COLLIDED

SAN FRANCISCO, March 12.—During a dense fog the sailing schooner James of San Francisco loaded with gravel and outbound, crashed into the gunboat Vicksburg off Mare Island early this morning. The schooner lost her masts but the way vessel was not damaged.

LAUNCH CAPSIZED

NEWPORT NEWS, Va., March 12.—A launch containing five officers and men from the Brazilian battleship Minas Geraes was run aground and capsized in Hampton Roads last night about 12 o'clock by the revenue cutter Onondaga. All were rescued by the crew of the cutter.

PRICE OF HOGS

CHICAGO, March 12.—The price of live hogs reached \$11 here today. Several carloads sold at that figure which is 10 cents above the high market touched two days ago.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

Philadelphia People Depend on President Taft

SPANISH SWINDLE

State Department Issues Warning

OLD GAMES TAKE ON NEW PHASE

Letter Tells of Political Prisoner Becoming Russian Banker and Abandoning—He Offers Rich Reward to One Who Will Care For His Daughter

It isn't often that a swindle of a private nature achieves the distinction of recognition by the state department at Washington, but certain new phases of the so-called Spanish swindle have developed and the Washington authorities have deemed it advisable to issue a warning. It will be remembered that several times in the last few years these Spanish fortune letters have been received in this city.

The department of state has issued the following account of the methods pursued:

The department of state, at Washington, has received a report from the American consul general at Barcelona, Spain, in regard to the band of swindlers operating in various towns and cities in Spain who make a practice of writing to persons in the United States respecting the imprisonment of a relative and the guardianship of a child.

The consul general states that the alleged prisoner generally describes himself as a political prisoner from Cuba; he is at the point of death and has but one friend—the prison priest—through whom good offices he is enabled to smuggle an occasional letter out of the prison.

The prisoner is rich. He has a fortune in cash on deposit in the United States, but the certificate of deposit is concealed in a secret receptacle of his valise; the valise itself has been taken possession of by the court at Cartagena, while tried and condemned him, and will be held until the prisoner or his representative has satisfied the costs of the trial. The prisoner has an only daughter, dying in his prison, she thought, of the beloved offspring. He has no friend or relative in Spain to whom care can be committed. In this emergency his thoughts turn to the distant relative in the United States whom he has never seen and of whom he knows only through hearsay or the family tree. Will the distant relative assume the guardianship of his darling daughter, and the darling daughter's fortune of about \$30,000?

If the distant relative accepts the trust one-fourth of the prisoner's entire fortune will be the material reward. The good priest will go at once to the United States and take the darling daughter with him. There is but one condition: the ready money which the prisoner brought with him to Spain

controversy shows any disposition to yield. All the plans so far devised call for arbitration. The striking car men are willing to submit their grievances to impartial judges but the directors of the Philadelphia Rapid Transit Co. have repeatedly declared that they will consider no other plans looking for arbitration. They have several times announced that the strikers must first return to work and their grievances will then be taken up. If the company can be forced to recede from that position those interested in bringing an end to the trouble believe a speedy adjustment will be made. There are other

people who believe that a great principle is involved and that the company will continue to resist all efforts to force it to arbitrate.

The belief is general that if President Taft should see his way clear to attempt to bring about peace a plan may be found that will bring the warring elements together. There is no law under which the president can act as inter-state commerce is not involved and whatever steps he may take probably would be along the lines President Roosevelt laid down when he intervened in the anthracite coal strike in 1902.

Continued to page four

BURGLARS MADE HAUL

At Unoccupied Residence of Hon. Charles H. Allen

In Absence of Family and Care-taker, Burglars Entered Rolfe St. Residence Thursday Night and Secured Valuable Plunder

The residence of Hon. Charles H. Allen, former governor of Porto Rico, 57 Rolfe street, was entered by burglars either Thursday afternoon or evening and a large amount of valuable silverware and other articles taken.

The house was unoccupied at the time and the police who have been notified are waiting the return of the family to furnish them a list of the stolen articles. For the past few years the family has resided in New York except in summer. Mrs. Allen spending the entire summer in Lowell while C. S. Allen spent about one month here last year.

The house, in the absence of the family is looked after by Mr. Daniel Gorham who resides in the vicinity, and it was during his absence that

the burglars made their haul. The house is surrounded by spacious and well wooded grounds, particularly in the rear of the Pawtucket street side and it was from this side that the burglars made their entrance by means of a rear window. The grounds in the rear rise abruptly from Pawtucket street in graceful slopes and terraces and contain a number of stately pines which hide the building from the view of passersby. In Pawtucket street, there is but little foot travel on either Rolfe or Pawtucket streets at this point and hence burglars are given an excellent opportunity to make a break when the family is away. The extent

of the plunder cannot be learned until some of the family arrive and prepare

for the burglar's return. The burglar sometimes called Augustin LaBonte, the newspaper notes also speaks of the confederate value and the daring daughter.

The above is generally the first letter to the newspaper, but presented

in such a forcible way that almost

any other in which the prisoner has

been exhausted; the distant relative is therefore requested to send

say funds from the distant relative, the secret receptacle and the certificate

of deposit. This money is to be sent to

the good priest at an address indicated,

and, having received it, the good priest

at Barcelona of the famous Cuban

will at once secure the valise and start

for the United States as soon

as he shall have received the necessary funds to warrant arrest. The money must be actually paid over and the prosecuting witness must be present in proper person to testify; otherwise prosecution would be useless.

Recently the letters written to the distant relative have varied somewhat from the original; the political prisoner having become a noted Russian banker who absconded, leaving a debt

of some millions of roubles, killed

in a quarrel in England another Rus-

sian, and finally took refuge in Spain,

where he was apprehended and charged with manslaughter.

This charge of character, however, is

unfounded, and in the future more

characters will probably be introduced by the gang. The scheme is

the same, and the public is warned to

have no credence in such or similar letters.

Every effort has been made by the

department of state and its representa-

tives in Spain to unmask these

scoundrels and bring them to justice;

and the Spanish authorities have also

sprayed, Mrs. Emily Dowd; spray, George

Brothers; spray, Greenwood

Brothers; spray, Mrs. John H. Hart-

son; spray, Mrs. John C. T. Hart-

INSPECTOR DOW

TODAY'S STOCK MARKET

Says Sunlight is Essential in Bath System

"We could do no better than to model our bath house, or we build one, on the lines followed by the state highway commission at the beaches," says James Dow, inspector of buildings.

He does not believe in basement bath houses because of the absence of light from overhead. He likes the beach bath house because every part of the interior is light from overhead. Sunlight is an important element in every sanitary bath house. We should have it in.

Mr. Dow does not believe in locating the new bath in the vicinity of city hall, and he says that the best light can be obtained in a one-story building with skylights or roof of glass, that might be removed in the summer time if need be. He does not believe in grouping public buildings and gives as his opinion that the Morris property at the corner of John and Paige streets would be an almost ideal location for a new hall. He says the old Moody school house, at the corner of East Merrimack and High streets, might, at a small expense, be made into a suitable bath house. He considers it much preferable to build public buildings in various parts of the city where they will serve as models to owners of property adjoining. One thing always happens when a public building is planted in a good section of a city. Land in the vicinity increases in value, and if old and unsightly buildings cover the same, the taxes or the increase in land value after a time will make it unprofitable for the owner to keep the old buildings. He will put up structures that will bring in a rental in keeping with the value of his property.

U.S. AMBASSADOR TOOK CHILDREN

Has Been Sued by a French Attorney

PITTSBURG, March 12.—Pittsburg was treated to a rather unusual sensation yesterday when it became known that United States Ambassador to Rome John G. A. Leishman, former president of the Carnegie Steel company of Pittsburg, and one of Andrew Carnegie's former partners and advisers, has been sued by a prominent French attorney for the balance of a particular bill.

The legal firm of Daile, Fisher & Hawkins of Pittsburg, representing Maitre O. E. Bodington, a counselor of Paris, has issued a writ of foreign attachment against the personal bank account of Ambassador Leishman in America, most of which is supposed to be carried in the Union Trust company of Pittsburg.

The French attorney claims that the Pittsburg millionaire has not yet paid him in full for services rendered preliminary to securing a titled husband for his daughter, Martha, who for the past three years has been Countess de Constant Baron of Paris.

Ambassador Leishman has paid him in part, the French attorney admits, but there is yet \$5000 coming to him, and failing to collect it in either Italy or Paris, he has invaded America. He sets forth that he went to great trouble in making a settlement of the Pittsburg fortune on the French court before the latter married the Pittsburg beauty and that he wins his pay.

Maitre Bodington sets forth boldly that the Leishman-Baron marriage was in no way different from the general rule of continental marriages in which marriage settlements play an indispensable preliminary part.

He sets forth that Mr. Leishman employed him to represent him in making all financial arrangements with the count and that he did his duty, not only in securing for the Pittsburg heiress a titled husband but secured for the count a good price for giving his titled name to the Pittsburg girl.

The banking institution has accepted the services and it is announced that before Mr. Leishman can use one cent of his presumably large balance here he must furnish a bond of \$5000 to settle the claim of the French attorney should the case go against the rich father-in-law. The case is expected to develop some rich insight in foreign marriage arrangements by rich families of Pittsburg.

THE PRESIDENT

WANTS CONSTITUTIONALITY OF ACT TESTED

WASHINGTON, March 12.—President Taft has directed Attorney General Wickersham to prepare a joint resolution to be presented to Congress to bring to an issue the question of the constitutionality of the act of 1846 whereby a portion of the District of Columbia was given to Virginia. Should Congress show by the adoption of the resolution that it desires the Virginia territory brought back into the district the president will institute suit to determine whether the act was constitutional. Fort Myer, Arlington and Alexandria lie within the territory that was formerly embraced within the district.

Ocean Travel

As the Annual Spring and Summer Passenger Business is well under way, we wish to remind European Travelers that we are now prepared to receive bookings on the Cunard, White Star, Allan and all first-class lines between Boston, New York, Queenstown, Liverpool, Glasgow, London and all points on the continent.

We issue Money Orders, Travelers' Checks and Drafts, payable free of discount in all parts of Great Britain, Ireland and Europe. Money orders on all parts of the United States and Canada.

We issue prepaid tickets to send to relatives and friends on the other side.

For rates, dates of sailing and other information, call at

MURPHY'S

TICKET AGENCY

18 Appleton Street

Opposite Post Office.

NEW YORK MARKET

	Stocks	High	Low	Closes
Amalg. Copper	79%	78 1/2	78 1/2	78 1/2
Am. Car & Fu	65 1/2	64 1/2	64 1/2	64 1/2
Am. Cot Oil	68 1/2	68	68	68
Am. Locomo	52	52 1/2	52	52
Am. Loco pf	113	113	113	113
Am. Smelt & R	88 1/2	88	86 1/2	86 1/2
Am. Smelt & R pf	108 1/2	108 1/2	108 1/2	108 1/2
Ansconda	49 1/2	49 1/2	49 1/2	49 1/2
Atchison	117 1/2	116 1/2	116 1/2	116 1/2
Balt. & Ohio	112 1/2	112 1/2	112 1/2	112 1/2
Br. Rap. Train	76 1/2	76 1/2	76 1/2	76 1/2
Canadian Pn	180	178 1/2	180	178 1/2
Cast. I Pipe	26 1/2	26 1/2	26 1/2	26 1/2
Cent. Leather	43	42 1/2	43	42 1/2
Ches. & Ohio	85 1/2	85 1/2	85 1/2	85 1/2
C. C. & St. L.	91 1/2	90	90	90
Chi. & G. W.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2
Consol. Gas	147	147	147	147
Dei. & Hud.	176 1/2	176 1/2	176 1/2	176 1/2
Den. & Rio G.	42 1/2	42 1/2	42 1/2	42 1/2
Den. & R. G. pf	80 1/2	80 1/2	80 1/2	80 1/2
Dls. Secur. Co.	33 1/2	33 1/2	33 1/2	33 1/2
Eric. 1st pf	51	51	51	51
Eric. North pf	128	128	128	128
Eric. No. Ore pf	70	70	70	70
Int. Met. Com.	22 1/2	22	22	22
Int. Met. pf	55 1/2	55	55	55
Int. Paper of Am.	55	54	54	54
Int. C. & G. Co.	47	47	47	47
Kan. & Texas	43 1/2	43 1/2	43 1/2	43 1/2
Louis. & Nash	153 1/2	153 1/2	153 1/2	153 1/2
Mexican Cent.	28 1/2	28 1/2	28 1/2	28 1/2
Nat. Lead	84	84	84	84
N. & W. Central	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
North Pacific	37	37	37	37
Ont. & West	45 1/2	45 1/2	45 1/2	45 1/2
Penns. & Gas	110 1/2	110 1/2	110 1/2	110 1/2
Penns. Co.	137 1/2	137	137	137
Reading	147	147	147	147
Rep. Iron & S.	40	40	40	40
Rock Is.	50 1/2	49 1/2	49 1/2	49 1/2
Rock Is. pf	91	91	91	91
St. Paul	147 1/2	146 1/2	146 1/2	146 1/2
St. Paul pf	29	29	29	29
Southern Ry.	68	68	68	68
Third Ave.	7	7	7	7
Union Pacific	180	180	180	180
U. S. Rub.	45 1/2	45	45	45
U. S. Steel	122	122	122	122
U. S. Steel 5s	105 1/2	105 1/2	105 1/2	105 1/2
Utah Copper	50 1/2	50 1/2	50 1/2	50 1/2
Wabash R. R.	22 1/2	22 1/2	22 1/2	22 1/2
Washington	49 1/2	49 1/2	49 1/2	49 1/2
Western Un.	76	76	76	76
Wilson Cen.	54 1/2	54 1/2	54 1/2	54 1/2

MARKET DULL

	AT THE CLOSING HOUR THIS NOON
Trading Held in Restraint by Uncertainty of the Money Outlook—A Strong Advance in American Tobacco	

NEW YORK, March 12.—The light opening demand for stocks resulted in a sluggish recovery from the weakness of the closing yesterday. The advance in American Tobacco ran to a point and in American Tobacco ran to a point and in Louisburg, Conn., ran to a point and in Cleveland, Ohio, ran to a point and in Louisville & Nashville Rock Island and B. R. T. large fractions.

Some of the actual stock fluctuated very irregularly, Reading and Anadarko, covered a range of about a point and unsettling the general market until near 11 o'clock, when all of the leaders moved up briskly. The market closed irregular and dull.

Trading was held in restraint by the growing uncertainty of the money outlook. A strong advance in American Tobacco in the outside market was used to quiet apprehension over the recurrence on Monday of decision day in the supreme court. Covering in shorts put out yesterday about exhausted the demand. The drift of prices was narrow and shifting, turning downwards at the last. Prices ended with but little change from last night.

THE MONEY MARKET

NEW YORK, March 12.—The statement of clearing house banks for the week show that the bank holds \$106,750 more than the requirements of the 25 per cent reserve rule. This is a decrease of \$4,809,075 in the proportion of cash reserve as compared with last week.

The statement follows:

Loans, Increase \$3,755,200.
Deposits, decrease \$2,783,700.
Circulation, increase \$63,600.
Legal tenders, decrease \$1,750,000.
Species, decrease \$3,715,100.

Surplus, reserve \$10,000,750, decrease \$4,809,075.

Ex-U. S. deposits, \$10,422,750, decrease \$4,813,175.

The percentage of actual reserve of the clearing house bank today was 25.64.

The statement of banks and trust companies of Greater New York not reporting to the clearing house shows:

Loans, increase \$5,000,400.
Species, increase \$2,858,500.

Total deposits, increase \$10,250,000.

Prime mercantile paper 4 1/2 to 5 per cent. Sterling exchange steadied at 484.10 for sixty day bills and at 486.55 for demand. Commercial bills 463 1/4 to 484.10. Bar silver 61 1/2. Mexican dollars 44. Government bonds easy. Railroad bonds steady.

Money on call minimum, no loans; time loans, firm; sixty days, 3 1/2 to 4 per cent, and ninety days, 3 3/4 to 4 per cent.

Interest rates, \$340,000,080; balances, \$11,456,640.

COTTON FUTURES

Opening Closing

March 14.90 14.91

April 14.81 14.83

May 14.81 14.83

June 14.51 14.60

August 13.95 14.04

September 12.66 12.63

November 12.47 12.47

December 12.35 12.35

January 12.31 bld 12.30

SPOT COTTON

NEW YORK, March 12.—Spot cotton closed firm. Mid Ups 16.10; Mid Gufs 16.35. Sales 7347 bales.

tic success, "Uncle Lem's Dilemma," from the pen of Edward Locke, is lessened by Miss Louise Hardinburg & Co. The entertaining qualities of the playlet and the spirit with which it is played more than make good its title of "The Old Homestead of the Varieties." The Three Vagrants, in the guise of strolling minstrels, render a delightful program of songs and instrumental music. Granville & Rogers, "The Two Odd Fellows," are a talking team of agreeable eccentricity, and as expanders of laughable oddities they are unexcelled. Galloway, the brilliant cartoonist, will present his new and original cartoon act. He uses a stage setting representing an artist's studio, and executes his drawings on a little disk, the pictures being enlarged for the audience's entertainment by being thrown upon a large screen. Galloway's ability with the crayon is astounding, and his pictures in Puck, Judge and other magazines are known all over the country. Van Haven, coming in from England, and the Hattoscope close the bill.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC

Fritz's Performing Dogs are drawing great crowds at the Academy. Do not fail to bring the children to see these clever canines. The Great Powers still mystifies the grown people with his cleverness in handling hypnotic subjects, and there are new moving pictures. Next Monday, Danny Simmons will be with us, that is enough. Dan McCaffrey will also return with a budget of new songs. There will be a concert on Sunday. Admission 5 and 10 cents.

THEATRE VOYONS

Tomorrow the Theatre Voyons will offer one of the best Sunday concerts of the season. The picture program will be selected from the very latest and best pictures and they will be shown in a manner that only is possible when the mechanical and electrical equipment and the operators are the very best that can be had. The musical program is a varied one. Seven singers well known in Lowell will assist in its performance and the selections will be of the highest class. Monday night will be "The Arrest of the Duchess Du Barry," a Pathé film dart, telling a story of the reign of Louis XIV of France.

STAR THE

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press

THREE DOLLARS PER YEAR. TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER MONTH

The sworn daily average circulation of The Lowell Sun for the year 1909 was

16,828

Sworn to by John H. Harrington, proprietor, Martin H. Reidy, business manager, and Alfred Pilote, pressman, of The Sun, before me, January 1, 1910. J. JOSEPH HENNESSY, Notary Public.

This is by far the largest average circulation of any newspaper in Lowell.

WHERE TAXES SHOULD BE HEAVY.

The high tariff and the subject of taxation are causing much discussion throughout the country.

While a vast majority of the people are poor and find it difficult to make both ends meet, there are men at the head of great monopolies, such as John D. Rockefeller, the coal barons, the trust magnates and many others, whose wealth is so vast that they find difficulty in spending it. They have had for years an income as a result of natural resources of this country and from which the government should derive an income. Coal lands and mines have been given away or sold outright while the same is true of oil lands and those containing the most precious mineral wealth.

By buying up such lands the speculators and railroads have secured a monopoly of the fuel supply, the gold output and other mineral treasures, while Rockefeller has bought up all the oil wells he could find; thus creating a monopoly of the oil supply.

It is not thus that other countries allow mineral treasures to be usurped. Even our next door neighbor, Canada, has a different and, from the popular standpoint, a more equitable method of disposing of mineral wealth. The law in force at present relative to coal lands of which there is not a great deal in Canada, permits the leasing of such lands for twenty-one years at an annual rental of a dollar an acre, provided that not more than 2560 acres can be leased to one applicant. The royalty to be paid under this arrangement is five cents for every ton of coal. Even this arrangement would bring a reasonable return to the government of the United States on the output of the coal mines. But we have no such arrangement and the lands are private property, so that they cannot be reached except by taxation.

What we want in this country is a tax on mineral wealth and monopolies whether in land or anything else, in order to prevent the dangerous accumulation of wealth that defies even the government. Were taxes imposed thus there would be no need of the oppressive tariff that keeps the prices of the necessities of life at such an exorbitant figure.

Were such an arrangement in force we should not see such princes of wealth as Carnegie and Rockefeller with more money than they know how to dispose of.

Unless there be some method adopted to prevent the accumulation of vast wealth in the hands of the few and the impoverishment of the masses, there will certainly be trouble and disturbance, whether it be of the industrial kind or something different. The causes at the bottom of all the present trouble are the excessive tariff, the monopoly in mining lands, the trusting of railroads and other lines of business to the exclusion of competition and the suppression of independent enterprises.

THE PUBLIC HALL SITES.

Mayor Meehan has expressed himself in favor of locating the hall near the centre of transportation. That is a very important consideration in the selection of a site, important to the public at large as being equally convenient to the people of every part of the city.

A public hall so situated will be worth more to the city than one located at some distance from the centre of transportation. It is important to have a public hall that can be reached from all the outlying districts of the city without a change of cars. This would save both time and trouble. It would make the hall more popular and more profitable, for when any public meeting or entertainment is advertised in a hall near the central transfer station, it will be more largely attended than if in a hall more remote.

It is a very trifling thing that sometimes makes all the difference between success and failure. In a store, let it be the best in Lowell, if it has one or two steps up to the door the people will not bother going into it while they can find one nearly as good that has an entrance on a level with the sidewalk. This fact is so potent to storekeepers throughout the city that most of them would rather go to the expense of making a level entrance than bear the disadvantage of even one step up to the door.

When such trifles sway the action of men and women, we get an idea of how important it is to study the demands of public convenience and necessity.

In this matter of a site for a public hall the main governing idea to guide the city council should be to provide for the greatest good of the greatest number. That can be done only by locating the public hall so close to the centre of transportation that except in stormy weather no change of cars will be needed in getting the desired car at Merrimack square. That would mean a saving of from ten to thirty minutes at least for everybody using the electric cars, as it requires this length of time to change cars where they run on fifteen, twenty and thirty minute schedules. Then, too, the largest crowd can be accommodated at the square, whereas at any point where there is no loop track there will be delay. At the old Huntington hall, as everybody knows, there was seldom a sufficient number of cars to take off the crowd and the result was a tiresome wait.

Now the same condition will prevail if the hall is located at any considerable distance from the centre of transportation so as to necessitate the trouble and delay of changing cars at the square.

The site that is near the transfer centre, and that can be easily reached with special cars destined for the outlying districts, has so many advantages in point of centrality, convenience and general eligibility that these points should weigh very heavily with the commission of selection. The assessed values of the lots offered thus far do not differ very much. They are as follows:

Site northeast corner John and Paige streets, \$53,700.

Site southwest corner John and Paige streets, \$38,400.

Moody street lot, next Yorick club (municipal centre) \$31,550.

Washington Tavern lot, corner Central and Church streets, \$10,050.

In the construction of a hall to meet the needs of the city present and future, it is better to pay a little more for an ideal site than take an objectionable one at a low figure.

The people long ago voted in favor of a public hall; they want it and the work of supplying this need should not be further postponed. We have been haggling over this matter long enough. Go in and settle it in a business-like manner with one aim in view, and that as we have said—the greatest good of the greatest number.

SEEN AND HEARD

"Doctor, there is something the matter with my right ear. There is some tingling inside of it and I cannot sleep." said J. M. Cootner, as he presented himself at the office of Bellevue hospital in New York.

"It sounds like a telegraph operator sending a message and I hear it all the time," said Cootner.

Dr. Cootner placed an instrument in the ear which enabled him to see the ear and there in the very centre he made out a small insect that appeared to be tapping on the drum with one foot.

The doctor flushed the ear and the "telegraph operator" floated out. "It is a very rare bug," said the doctor.

"What is it called?" asked a reporter of the doctor last night.

"Well, you might call it a 'telegraph bug,'" he replied.

Only two months after Chloe's marriage she reappeared in the kitchen and asked for her old place.

"What has happened to your husband?" asked her former employer.

"Dey an' nothing happen to Willyum, Mis' Franklin."

"Isn't he willing to support you?"

"Oh, yes'm, he's willin' to support me, all right."

"Have you quarreled with him, then?"

"No'm, we ain't qualed none."

"Is he sick?"

"No'm, he ain't sick."

"What is the matter? Has he left you?"

"No, ma'am, he ain't left me. I'm leavin' him."

"Well, what are you doing it for?"

Chloe paused, searching for the right phrase. "Well, I tell you, Mis' Franklin. It seems lak I dun so'l of lost my taste for Willyum."

John D. Rockefeller expects a gaudy pair of wings after he passes St. Peter at the Big Gate. *New Bedford Times.*

John may not pass. You know how hard the bible says it is for the rich man to enter the kingdom of heaven.

THE STEADY SUBSCRIBER

How dear to my heart is the steady subscriber.

Who pays in advance, without skipping a year, who lays down his money and offers it gladly.

And casts 'round the office a halo of cheer. Who never says, "Stop it, I cannot afford it!"

Or, "Getting more papers each day than I read!"

But always says "Send it; the whole outfit likes it."

In fact, we regard it a business need."

How welcome is he when he steps in the sanctum.

How he makes "our eye" dance!

We outwardly thank him—we inwardly bless him—

The steady subscriber who pays in advance.

A. May Robinson in the National Magazine.

We all have ideals. We look forward to some day stepping out and to better our conditions; to advance our business by some new thought, system or discovery. An ambition truly admirable this when honest of purpose guides in the development; but sadly true it is that selfishness cuts us, slowly at first, but to grow until it overpowers honesty of purpose, becomes determination for gain, and the beauty of it all is swept aside by the desire for wealth that will make ease and luxuries possible. Then indeed is there danger, for the temptation is great. Ambition is a sin when the

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS

PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. In 6 to 14 days or money refunded. 50¢.

MONUMENTS AND MEMORIALS

of all descriptions in granite, marble and bronze. Our manufacturing plant has the most modern saving equipment and every labor saving device.

GUMB BROS., Cor. Gorham and Anderson Sts. Near Edson Cemetery Telephone 1617.

DR. EDWARDS

DANDELION

TABLETS AND PILLS

A Miracle as a Blood Purifier

Say thousands who have used them. A positive cure for Rheumatism, Constipation and Flat Breath. Best remedy for Liver, Kidney and Stomach. Eliminates all poisons from the system, without griping. Purely vegetable and guaranteed under the Food and Drug Law. Free samples on request to SCHENCK CHEMICAL CO., 11 Franklin street, New York. 25 cents a box at HALL & LYON CO., 67-69 Merrimack St., Lowell, Mass.

MISS ETHEL MONEY, who has been giving a series of lectures on the proper care of horses at the Gainesborough studios in New York, is to make a horseshoe tour of the southern states. She is to be accompanied by Miss Emma Seward, and they are to look after their own horses during the entire trip. Miss Money declares that she has never seen finer riding schools and private stables than those in this country, though knowledge of the proper care of horses is woefully lacking.

Rev. Arpiar A. Vartanian, who has been pastor of the Armenian Congregational Mission church in Providence for five and one-half years, will accept a call from the First Armenian Congregational church at Fresno, Cal.

Rev. Christie W. Burnham has ended a pastorate of nine years and three months with the Norwood (R. I.) Baptist church, and retiring from active service, completes forty-seven years as a minister, having served fourteen years in New Hampshire, six in Michigan, and twenty-seven years in Rhode Island.

Miss Juliet Points, who has just won the \$1,500 scholarship maintained by the General Federation of Women's Clubs and providing for two years' study in England, will sail in June for Europe. She will spend the summer on the continent, going to England in time to enter one of the universities.

"But my life has no bright side," protested the other.

"Then," said the optimist, "get busy and polish up one of the dark sides."

—Chicago News

MISS JULIET POINTS, who has just won the \$1,500 scholarship maintained by the General Federation of Women's Clubs and providing for two years' study in England, will sail in June for Europe. She will spend the summer on the continent, going to England in time to enter one of the universities.

Since taking up the pastorate of the South Congregational church at Cambridge, several months ago, Rev. Dr. J. Stanley Durkee has established a system which enables him to keep in close touch with all church work. At each morning service the names of the members who are absent are recorded, and on Monday morning the pastor calls to the absentee a postal card as follows:

"We noted your absence from church last Sunday. I trust it is not sickness or trouble that kept you away. Please notify the pastor it can be of any service to you."

THE ALBANY TRAIL

The bribery investigation at Albany, which has so unstrung the republican machine, uncovered a number of important points during the week. Senator Penn Conger, raked for days on the witness stand, maintained coolness and resilience until forced into unwilling responses. It was he who first made the accusation against Senator Jotham P. Allis, to the effect that the republican leader in 1901 received \$1,000 from a group of bridge-building companies to blockade certain highway enactments. Under the threat of contempt proceedings, the witness yielded up two other names involved with that of Senator Allis in the same affair, altogether of \$6,000. They were former Speaker St. Fred Nixon and Assemblyman Jean La Rue Burnett, both dead. Senator Conger further testified that hostile legislation was alighted in 1902 by the payment of \$10,000 to the republican campaign fund to Colonel George W. Dunn, state chairman at the time. In 1903 several of the bridge companies

paid another protection fund, and the bill was once more defeated. In 1904 money was again exacted from the companies, but in 1905 when a demand for \$10,000 was made from Albany representatives of the bridge interests met at Syracuse and resolved to be "blackmailed" no longer. Upon their refusal to hand over the sum, the bill which for five years they had been buying off was passed. It is suspected that other men now at Albany may become entangled.

James M. Dearborn of Albany has just been chosen librarian for the college of liberal arts at Boston university, the appointment being made by the faculty of that department. Mr. Dearborn will devote his entire time to the library. The custom which has been in vogue at the college for some years whereby graduates of the institution have held the appointment while continuing their studies, or in conjunction with some other work, has not been satisfactory and this year the faculty decided to appoint a man who could give his entire time to the position. Since the removal of the college of liberal arts to Roxbury street the library has been greatly increased and the continual change of librarians and student assistants each year is not an advantage. Mr. Dearborn is a graduate of Wesleyan University in the class of 1909. He also attended Columbia university, where he did his graduate work. Before his appointment to the college of liberal arts, he was a member of the senior class of the New York State Library school at Albany. He is a member of the Phi Nu Theta fraternity. For a time he served as general assistant in the State Historical Library in Wisconsin.

Mr. Henry F. Dimock announces that to carry out the plans of the Washington Memorial association at least \$2,500,000 more will be needed. The association wants to erect a memorial building in Washington to be used as a meeting place for all sorts of national organizations. About 30 states have already responded to the call of the association and now a special effort is being made to reach all the school children in the country, not so much for the sake of the money they will give as to get the young contributors interested in the undertaking.

Newspapers are unusually prominent in the national democratic committee. Chairman Norman E. Mack, Secretary Uriah Woodson and Treasurer Herman Ridder all conduct newspapers. Other members of the committee who are newspaper publishers include Clark Howell of Georgia, R. M. Johnston of Texas, Josephus Daniel of North Carolina and Robert Ewing of Louisiana.

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And what is true of New York state in this respect is true of most states. Whether Plattism is done away with forever depends entirely upon the vigilance of voters and the attitude of individuals where personal sacrifice is demanded. It may be doubted if at any period in his career popular sentiment among republicans was with Platt; his methods were never approved by a majority of his own party. Yet the indifference of the public gave him the openings he sought and kept him in control. It would be very convenient, certainly, to believe that Thomas C. Platt will have no successor anywhere; that the populace will never again be familiar with activities like those which occupied him, but unfortunately, political history warrants no such assumption. Developments in the near future may make it clear that Plattism is neither dead or sleeping.—Providence Tribune.

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THE ALBANY TRAIL

The bribery investigation at Albany, which has so unstrung the republican machine, uncovered a number of important points during the week. Senator Penn Conger, raked for days on the witness stand, maintained coolness and resilience until forced into unwilling responses. It was he who first made the accusation against Senator Jotham P. Allis, to the effect that the republican leader in 1901 received \$1,000 from a group of bridge-building companies to blockade certain highway enactments. Under the threat of contempt proceedings, the witness yielded up two other names involved with that of Senator Allis in the same affair, altogether of \$6,000. They were former Speaker St. Fred Nixon and Assemblyman Jean La Rue Burnett, both dead. Senator Conger further testified that hostile legislation was alighted in 1902 by the payment of \$10,000 to the republican campaign fund to Colonel George W. Dunn, state chairman at the time. In 1903 several of the bridge companies

paid another protection fund, and the bill was once more defeated. In 1904 money was again exacted from the companies, but in 1905 when a demand for \$10,000 was made from Albany representatives of the bridge interests met at Syracuse and resolved to be "blackmailed" no longer. Upon their refusal to hand over the sum, the bill which for five years they had been buying off was passed. It is suspected that other men now at Albany may become entangled.

James M. Dearborn of Albany has just been chosen librarian for the college of liberal arts at Boston university, the appointment being made by the faculty of that department. Mr. Dearborn will devote his entire time to the library. The custom which has been in vogue at the college for some years whereby graduates of the institution have held the appointment while continuing their studies, or in conjunction with some other work, has not been satisfactory and this year the faculty decided to appoint a man who could give his entire time to the position. Since the removal of the college of liberal arts to Roxbury street the library has been greatly increased and the continual change of librarians and student assistants each year is not an advantage. Mr. Dearborn is a graduate of Wesleyan University in the class of 1909. He also attended Columbia university, where he did his graduate work. Before his appointment to the college of liberal arts, he was a member of the senior class of the New York State Library school at Albany. He is a member of the Phi Nu Theta fraternity. For a time he

BASEBALL NEWS

Some Gossip About New England League Clubs

There is a story current that Tom Tuckey, the former Connecticut leaguer, who was sold to Lynn and went from there to the Boston Nationals, is to be turned back to Lynn. Manager Billy Hamilton of the Lynn team says he knows nothing about it.

According to latest advices from Worcester, Mass., and Nashville, Tenn., Harry Noyes is to play with the Lawrence club of the New England league.

He has been given a few days' workout by the Lawrence club near the end of the summer in 1908, although there are some in Lynn who say that it was not Neptune who caused them to bring Harry back to the south so he traded him to Worcester.

Harry, likewise, refused to go north, and this made trouble for Manager Jess Burkett of Worcester, so Jess turned him back to Nashville. Now comes word from Lawrence that he has been landed there, but nothing has yet been heard from Harry concerning it.

Lawrence could have sold Tommy Catterson and Pombroke Flinleyson, but refused to do so. New Bedford offered Brooklyn Cunningham and Barker for the right to buy the players, but they were passed up, and Lawrence won the players—Ex-change.

Looks a bit phony for Dowd has been talking of the big leagues and a bunch of money for Bauman and Cunningham all winter long.—New Bedford Standard.

Big Bill Massey is on the police force in Philadelphia.

The signed contracts of Pitcher Arthur Maybom and Outfielder "Ginger" Reynolds, were received at the local headquarters yesterday, and there are now only two men who have failed to sign. These men are John Hess, pitcher, and Pat Crisham, who was purchased from the Syracuse club of the New York State League.

Hess and Crisham have both returned their contracts unsigned. Hess had some trouble with the local management last year, and as a result he was loaned to Northampton for the remainder of the season. He was originally purchased by the local club from Nashville.

He thought Crisham would be glad to play here as he is a warm personal friend of Manager Bannon. He is in business in Syracuse, however, and this is probably why he does not wish to leave there.

Hess and Crisham must sign with Lawrence or they cannot play ball, unless they are traded to some other team.—Lawrence Telegram.

New Bedford's Team

Albin W. Keane, the New Bedford Times baseball expert writes as follows:

Thomas J. Dowd, prince of baseball's fancy dressers, always wants an oddity.

FRANK CLARK, IRISH CHAMPION, REGARDED AS DARK HORSE



who is now at his home in Baltimore. Gary is working out with a bunch of Baltimore boys on the diamond. He says the grass is green and the weather is like the climate of New England in June. It is the Maryland boy's intention to be in the best of shape this spring and he says that the man who takes his job from him will have to show class.

Among the players with whom Gary is working are Shortell and Aubrey of the Syracuse club; Keister of Wilkes-Barre; Schmidt, Byers and Russell of the Baltimore team; Smith of Portsmouth; Brenner of Norfolk; Sullivan of Louisville; Loudenslager of Newark; "Deacon" Morrisey, ex-Whaler, now of Danville; Baker of Trenton and Unglaub of the Washington Americans.

A letter from Fred W. Ulrich, with the Brooklyn Nationals at Hot Springs, brings me a bunch of green grass from the diamond where the big leaguers are working. Ulrich is making a fine impression with the Dodgers and may stay up in the big show. In a game the other day he made two hits out of two times at the bat and the Baltimore Eagle war correspondent says he made a fine showing behind the bat, getting away with a heady and lightning double play with the bases full. Bill Cunningham quits basketball this week. In a letter sent from his home this week he says that he is going to take a three weeks' rest before coming on to New Bedford. He says that he hears there will be a dozen candidates for the infield and he will have to fight to hold his position at the keystone corner.

From far out in the heart of Indianapolis, where he is caring for his father's baker shop, Charles "Patsy" Bauman has written to Manager Dowd, so a letter from his says, asking that he be traded to some western team as he does not want to come to the east again and play ball. Patsy is too valuable a man to get away and Dowd will not let him go unless he gets something pretty good in exchange.

Work has been started at Athletic field to put the diamond in shape. The fans will hardly know the place when they see it next summer for Whatelytown is scheduled for a grass diamond and the park will have many changes.

Has Good Man in Pratt

In Catcher Pratt, whom Dowd gets from Nashville, he has a big chap built like Ulrich and a mighty good man. He has had considerable experience in baseball and is said to be a likely hitter. Moran, the outfielder, is highly recommended. He is fast on his feet, a fine judge of fly balls, and a hard hitter.

Dowd has another outfielder from New York city. His name is Thomas Dowling, and he was sought after by the Jersey City club before Sir Thomas dizzied him with his glittering diamond shirttail and got the youngster to accept terms while under the influence of the rainbow rays which shot from the stone.

He has also signed a semi-pro catcher named J. P. Walsh, whose home is in Binghamton, New York. An infielder named Cawett from New York city, who played in the Threeridge last season, is another candidate for the Whalers. He is a left hand batter and very fast getting down to first.

Dowd's fancy runs to big catchers and he has signed up a chap named Tim O'Brien of St. Louis. The boy has been in the Trotley League of the Mound City and is considered ripe for fast company. He is over six feet in his stockings and a heavy backstop.

I received a letter yesterday from J. Gary Wilson, the third baseman,

There are five plants of steel and concrete either completed or in process of construction which represent investments of between \$500,000 or \$1,000,000 apiece. Several of them can seat 30,000 spectators. The player whose salary does not exceed \$2,000 a year is either raw material or unable to make his demands known even by signs. A team manager who drives \$10,000 salary is not an isolated exception, and it is thought one or two star players are paid that much for six months' effort. There are 30 odd minor leagues consisting of from six to eight clubs each, and those which do not finish their seasons are the exceptions.

The coin to pay for the mammoth stands of concrete and the grounds on which they stand did not come out of the earth or the air; neither are they the product water, aqua or stockmarket. The salaries of thousands of players to man the teams of hundreds of major and minor leagues are not paid by Sport-loving philanthropists actuated solely by the joint desire to give their townsmen much joy, and their town scads of free advertising. The immense quantity of pesos required to maintain baseball in every city which feels it can afford to advertise, from California to Maine and from Duluth to New Orleans, comes out of the pockets of every class. The cruel trust promoter, the unfeeling manufacturer, the greedy machines which collect and supply the food market, the shrewd middlemen, the discontented world of labor, the banker, the broker, the hard-worked, underpaid clerk, the railroad magnate, and, going all the way back to the soil, the farmer—all have contributed their titles to baseball,

No matter what color or creed a man is or where he has played before, Al Winn says that he is willing to sign him up for his league. Why not be sure of the league first, Alie?—Illustration Record.

RUN ON BANK

CLEVELAND, O., March 12.—After a vigorous run on a banking house as has ever been known in Cleveland, the stampeding depositors of the Society for Savings yesterday regained their equilibrium and yesterday afternoon the pace was over.

In the two days and a half that the run lasted \$1,250,000 was withdrawn, at the rate of \$1225 a minute. As the majority of the depositors affected were small ones, hundreds amounting to less than \$100, the record made by the bank in handling this withdrawal is considered as remarkable.

TO BEGIN WITH

the Seed you use should be pure and fresh. With proper care you are then sure of a satisfactory crop. We carry only the best. Start hot beds and hot houses now.

Bartlett & Dow
216 Central Street.

burgh Marathon held in Scotland recently. The latter is regarded as the dark horse in the race. The event will revolve the duel between Ljungstrom and Fred Meadows, which has been going on ever since the former arrived in this country. Meadows has never shown his ability to carry his great speed over the twenty mile distance, and Ernest Hjertberg, Ljungstrom's manager, is ready to make a good wager, man against man, that the Swede, who finished second to Meadows; Jim Crowley, the former amateur champion, who finished second in the Edinburgh

MISS DALY, \$7,000,000 HEIRESS, SOON TO BE BRIDE OF COUNT



NEW YORK, March 12.—Not less than \$7,000,000 is the generally accepted estimate of the amount of the fortune of Miss Harriet Daly of this city, daughter of the late Marcus Daly, the "mining king" of Montana and New York, who is to be married to Count Anton Sigray of Hungary here on March 29. Miss Daly is known in New York society for her beauty no less than for her wealth. She is a brusque

nette, with a perfect complexion. Count Sigray is an intimate friend of Count Szechenyi, who was married to Miss Gladys Vanderbilt two years ago. He acted as best man at the Vanderbilt-Szechenyi wedding. It was there that he first met Miss Daly. Sigray is a member of the oldest and wealthiest of Hungarian families, and it is said that his fortune is at least equal to that of his fiance.

Assistant District Attorney Nott picked out from among the complainants of the Keystone Driller company, which had lost \$1,026,18, Bailey's lawyer tried to show that the Goldsboro might have been on his way to Australia for all the court could tell and declared that there were sixty-five days grace, allowing for mail transportation to Australia, before it could be said that a crime had been committed. Bailey was arrested before this date had elapsed.

Mr. Nott brought into evidence letters showing that Bailey had secured a \$5,000 acre concession in Honduras, a country the United States had no extradition treaty with at that time. The goods on board the Goldsboro seemed

BAILEY GUILTY

He Was Brains of Goldsboro Swindle

NEW YORK, March 12.—Francis G. Bailey, the leading spirit in the Goldsboro venture a year ago last spring, was found guilty of grand larceny in the first degree yesterday in the criminal branch of the supreme court. The jury was out less than fifteen minutes.

It was the windup of a string of circumstances of unusual nature beginning in March, 1908, when the Export Shipping company at 11 Broadway, of which Bailey was president, and his brother, Albert W., was treasurer, sent out a lot of circulars to manufacturing firms in this country. They were in the field, it appeared, to buy everything from machinery and tools to phonographs and champagne for the General Supply company of Townsville, Australia. They placed orders, directed the goods sent to New York for transportation, and in most cases made first payments.

Then Bailey and his brother secured the former Clyde Ilner Goldsboro in Philadelphia and brought her to this city where she was loaded with about \$35,000 worth of merchandise. They drew on the General Supply company, discounted the shipping drafts, and with all the available ready money in English gold on board the Goldsboro sailed away, not to Australia but to Honduras.

What was left of the Export Shipping company went bankrupt and the National Association of Manufacturers got busy. The brothers were arrested in Puerto Cortes, Honduras, and consented to give up their project of dealing in mahogany to come back to New York. That night Francis Bailey slipped over the side, stole a boat and escaped. He wrote to a friend in this country that he was so close to the officers searching for him that night that he could have touched one of them. Police Lieutenant Beery, who had him in charge, lost his job.

A year later Albert Bailey was brought back and convicted. He was sentenced to seven years in Sing Sing. Through a letter sent to the prison the elder brother was traced to Vancouver. He was posted as Col. Edward Shannon Kilponen on a ranch near Whistler, New Westminster. One afternoon last spring Detective Wilber of the central office saw him jogging down with a Japanese laborer. Bailey denied his identity, but he consented to go to Vancouver. There he admitted that he was Bailey, but he admitted that he couldn't be extradited for his crime; he had just a lawyer look it up, he said. When Wilber showed him the law Bailey found that his solicitor had consulted an out of date code. If he had known the law he would not have settled there, he told the detective.

She is now Miss Anna Krauss of Elizabeth, N. J., and her fiance is Walter Everett Severance. They are to be married on Easter Monday, and today will be the last day that Miss Krauss will spend serving luncheons to women shoppers.

Four years ago she was employed as a waitress in a summer hotel on Lake Placid, the Rulsemont. Mr. Severance visited there for an occasional dinner while living at his father's summer home, farther along the lake, and there he met the girl he is to marry.

Mr. Severance lives in Peru, N. Y., where his father owns a 100-acre farm. His only sister married Joseph Moore of Boston and lives in that city.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

U. S. EXPRESS CO. BOWLING NOTES

May be Taken From the Several Contests on the Alleys

NEW YORK, March 12.—Legal proceedings are again pending in the supreme court of New York state in the suit brought by some of the stockholders of the United States Express company to take the control of the company out of the hands of the family of

Bartlett & Dow

The Misfits beat the Florts on the Crescent alleys last night by 21 pins. The score:

Florts

1 2 3 T1

Smith 75 79 84 238

Buttry 76 82 90 249

Ohlson 73 81 84 237

Kennedy 71 83 93 250

Evleth 77 74 76 227

Totals 406 421 408 1224

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Ohlson 73 81 84 237

Kennedy 71 83 93 250

Evleth 77 74 76 227

Totals 406 421 408 1224

The post office clerks and carriers beat the close game on the Crescent alleys last night. The clerks won by the narrow margin of 14 pins. The score:

Clerks

1 2 3 T1

McGrath 78 85 73 236

O'Dea 71 99 75 245

Turnquest 73 87 74 236

Shore 91 98 79 266

S. Willis 79 83 81 263

Totals 414 451 408 1273

Clerks

1 2 3 T1

McGrath 78 85 73 236

O'Dea 71 99 75 245

Turnquest 73 87 74 236

Shore 91 98 79 266

S. Willis 79 83 81 263

Totals 410 421 428 1256

SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL

Passenway tribe, No. 32, L. O. R. Ma, held its regular meeting last night and the wigwam held many visiting chieftains. Sacrament George Houle was the big noise. A big rate of routine business was taken care of and a communication was received from Great Sacrament Alvin G. Weeks, stating that the smaller tribes have taken a new life and report gains in membership.

There are 125 tribes in this reservation, with a total of 16,575 members.

The degree staff consisting of the Indians' and warrior's degree on three adopted brothers.

Wamessit Lodge, K. of P.

Wamessit Lodge, No. 25, K. of P., held a regular meeting last night, and its state worked the third rank on one night of S. H. Illinois Lodge.

The second rank will be worked next Tuesday on several nights by S. H. Illinois Lodge.

The entertainment committee has invited the members to bring their lodges next Friday night. The rank of knight will be worked on March 28th,

As the opening of the baseball season Manager Fred this year, everybody draws closer the fans are deeply agitated because of the refusal of several stars to attach their signatures to their contracts. Although the 1910 holdout is not nearly as large as last year, snarled such men as Pitcher Willis and First Baseman Abstein for members of it—Howard Cannons, one of the Pittsburgh Nationals' crack twirlers, and Owen Bush, the hustling shortstop of the Detroit Americans—whose respective teams would suffer by that reason and has announced that he will abdicate. Pitcher Cannons, who has not handled the ball for the Tigers this season unless an increase is given, has announced just what his pay envelope will be before he signs up with the job.

MARINES BARRED CHANDLEY SHOT

Not Allowed to Enter Theatre

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Two United States marines in uniform were denied admission to a theatre last night. The man at the door prevented their entering and handed them back the money they had paid for their tickets. Explanations were demanded, but were not given. The marines demanded admission but were denied. They were Corporals Edward Powell and Private Samuel Algase of the U. S. Marine Corps.

The refusal of admission to the marines was not the first of its kind which had occurred recently at the same theatre. A conference was held yesterday between the proprietor and officers of the navy department. The proprietor told the officers that he excluded the men under a rule of the theatre prohibiting admission of persons conspicuously dressed. He said:

"Even President Taft would be excluded if he applied for admission dressed in a sweater and riding clothes."

Patriotic societies have made an issue of the matter and further conferences are to be held pending possible action on the part of the excluded sailors.

CREW RESCUED

Officer and Five Men Picked Up

SEATTLE, Wash., March 12.—A special cable from Seward, Alaska, says that a wireless message received there from the United States revenue cutter Tahona tells of the rescue of the boat crew that set out nine weeks ago to seek aid for the survivors of the wrecked steamer Karalon, which was wrecked in Iluanna bay on Cook's inlet Jan. 5. Two days after the disaster Second Mate Gus Swanson and five men set out in an open boat to Kodiao for aid. February 2 the survivors who remained on the shore were rescued by the steamship Victoria. After the boat crew, which had been missing a month, had been rescued, the revenue cutter Tahona was sent on a cruise around Kodiak Island. No details of the rescue have been received.

CORPORATIONS

To Pay a Tax of Over \$25,000,000

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Approximately 300 corporations amenable to the law imposing a tax of one per cent. of their net incomes above \$5000 have made returns to the internal revenue bureau. Additional returns are expected to swell the number which will be in keeping with the estimate made by the officials before the law became operative.

There are 400,000 corporations listed in the United States but a large number have for some time been generally regarded as "dead" and existing in name only.

It is now generally believed from the reports of collectors thus far at hand that the estimate of \$25,000,000 revenue from the corporation tax this year may be exceeded slightly.

BOY INJURED

IS IN DANGER OF LOSING TWO FINGERS

BOSTON, March 12.—Capt. Peabody of the Joy street station is investigating the circumstances surrounding the explosion of the heavy percussion caps which were being carried in the pocket of Benjie Stone, a Shubert theatre employee, resulting in serious injury to himself and Alex Flax, an 11-year-old boy, on North Russell street yesterday afternoon. Stone may lose two fingers and the boy's right ankle is badly cut and bruised.

In the heavy bottle carried in Stone's pockets were several hundred caps used for certain stage effects, and he claims that while stepping quickly aside to let others pass him on the street the bottle in his coat was swung against a brick building and exploded. Young Flax was sitting on the doorstep of a vacant store directly in the path of the explosion and but a few feet away. Although pieces of the glass flew over his head, smashing two plate-glass windows and gouging out pieces of the woodwork, his only serious wound is a laceration of his right ankle.

Stone ran to the Massachusetts General Hospital, about 100 yards from the scene of the accident, and Flax was carried there by persons who witnessed the accident.

GIBBS DEFEATED O'CONNELL

MEMPHIS, Tenn., March 12.—By forcing the fight for the last three rounds after he had been outboxed in the first five, Willie Gibbs, the Philadelphia lightweight, gained the referee's decision over Jeff O'Connell at the Memphis Athletic club last night. O'Connell's ear was torn and his mouth badly swollen as a result of Gibbs' punishment.

Evening Sessions Continue

Evening Courses Continue Through June

Evening High Commercial

Students can go on just where they left off, by entering now for two or three lessons a week

Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Typewriting, Penmanship,

And Life Membership of our Situation Department if you finish with us. Call, telephone or write for Free Catalogue.

LOWELL COMMERCIAL COLLEGE

7 MERRIMACK SQUARE

600 DELEGATES

After He Had Injured Two Persons

PAWTUCKET, R. I., March 12.—Resenting his expulsion last night by an officer from his wife's home at 210 West street, where he was an unwelcome visitor, Austin Chandley, 45 years old, returned and fired a revolver at his wife. The bullet missed her, but struck her sister, Mrs. Rose Carr, wounding her seriously in the right lung.

Michael Goodwin, a brother of Mrs. Chandley, then grappled with his brother-in-law and in the scuffle that ensued was shot, not seriously, in the right breast. He then let go of Chandley, who escaped to another room, from out of which he fired at Officer Thomas Carr when the latter entered the room in response for help. Carr drew his pistol and fired twice, hitting Chandley in both shoulders. Chandley was taken to a hospital, where his condition is serious.

JIMMY GARDNER

Had Better of Bout With Clabby

MILWAUKEE, Wis., March 12.—Jimmy Gardner of Lowell, Mass., and Jimmy Clabby of Milwaukee, fought a round-no-decision bout before the Badger A. C. last night. Both men finished strong. The verdict of the experts at the ringside was that Gardner had a slight shade over his opponent.

The men fought at catch-weights, Gardner being apparently about 15 pounds the heavier.

THE GRAND TRUNK

To Build Road in Rhode Island

PROVIDENCE, R. I., March 12.—The hearing on the Grand Trunk's application for a charter for the Southern New England Railway company in Rhode Island before the house committee on corporations closed with a dramatic climax, in which Vice President Edward G. Buckland of the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad promised that his road would not oppose the pending charter.

The climax came as the result of the production of a cablegram from London, stating that the Grand Trunk's board of directors at a meeting there had fully endorsed the plans for the extension into this state. A few minutes before, refusing to be interrupted by the Grand Trunk representatives, Mr. Buckland had intimated that President Hayes of the Grand Trunk did not have the backing of his directors in making promise to build a road here.

The cablegram came here via the Grand Trunk's offices at Montreal, directed to First Vice President E. H. Fitzhugh, who spoke at the hearing here. Mr. Fitzhugh gave the message to John S. Murdoch, the counsel for the road here. The cablegram came from President Hayes in London and was as follows:

"Providence branch discussed by board this morning; action taken fully approved and you may so state."

The reading of the cablegram was greeted with shouts and cheers and Chairman Bassard of the committee rapped vainly for order. Every eye turned on Mr. Buckland, who was manifestly surprised. Mr. Buckland said, "undoubtedly that is the vote of the board of directors of the Grand Trunk railway of Canada. If the vote is forthcoming I absolutely withdraw the objections I have made."

"These words bespoke doubt as to the bona fide nature of the petition and the Grand Trunk's purposes in securing the charter. Before the reading of the cablegram, he said that when there was a pledge on the part of the Grand Trunk railway to build this road, the objections which I have heretofore stated may be regarded as absolutely withdrawn and I shall then proceed only to discuss some features of the charter."

HALLEY'S COMET

PROF. LOWELL DESCRIBES THE TAIL OF IT

BOSTON, March 12.—The "airiest approach to nothing set in the midst of naught" is the description given the tail of Halley's comet by Prof. Percival Lowell, astronomer and director of the Flagstaff, Ariz., observatory.

"On account of its vacuity it could have no injurious effect on humanity, even if it were the deadliest of gases," said Prof. Lowell in disputing the theory that danger to the earth's inhabitants from a comet is possible and probable.

Further discussing the subject Prof. Lowell said:

"If it were true that the approach of Halley's comet is the cause of storms and floods the world has experienced during the last few months we should have a never-ending succession of disasters for we are visited on an average by five or six comets each year, even though we do not see them."

600 DELEGATES

To Attend Stationary Engineers' Convention

The 14th annual convention of the state association of the National Association of Stationary Engineers will be held in this city July 7, 8 and 9, and about 600 delegates, visitors and exhibitors are expected to be present. Prescott and Ruvels halls have been secured for the convention and there will be an exhibition of steam appliances and supplies by local and other firms from all parts of the country. The state convention last met in this city in 1898. Since that time the association has grown, and its prestige leads the manufacturers and dealers in steam appliances to exhibit at these conventions as they are in a position to meet those interested in what they have for sale. The public will be admitted free and those interested in steam plants will be urged to visit the exhibition. It will open at noon of the 7th and continue through the evening and all day of the 8th.

The convention proper will meet on the morning of the 8th. The 9th will be dedicated to inspection and a field day at one of the nearby parks. On the eve of the 8th, either a banquet or supper will be provided for the entertainment of the visitors.

The local association, No. 17, is putting forth its best efforts to make this the best state convention in the history of the organization.

Lowell, No. 17, is the second largest association in the state and the banner association of the country in the educational work of the national body, it having won two firsts, two seconds and three third prizes. In as many years, a record that is not reached by any other association in the country and one of which it naturally feels very proud.

Numbers among its members the brightest and best engineers in this vicinity, and it has through its educational work and discussions saved thousands of dollars to plant owners who are fortunate to have an engineer or foreman in their employ who is a member of the association. Lectures by engineers and technical men are given during the fall and winter with the educational work and discussions of practical questions brought up at each meeting the time is profitably spent. The watchword of the N. A. S. "To Earn More—Learn More," is thoroughly believed in by its members.

The convention committee met Wednesday evening and organized with T. N. Kelsey as chairman, Joseph Collins secretary, and E. M. Pratt treasurer. Sub-committees were appointed and the plans of the convention formulated.

TEXTILE LOST

Defeated by Lawrence High Athletes

The brawn, muscle and agility of the Lowell Textile school received a set back at the hands of the Lawrence High school athletes in the city hall, Lawrence, last night. The Lowell boys were defeated by a score of 90 to 16. The Textile enthusiasts didn't make any loud noise in the street when they arrived "bum" shortly before the midnight hour. The result of the event was as follows:

In the first trial heat of the 20-yard dash Wile of the Textile school was first and Ayer of Lawrence, second. The time was three seconds. In the second trial heat Mahoney was first and Banan second, both Lawrence. The time was three seconds. Mahoney, of Lawrence, won the final heat in 3 1/2 seconds, with Wile, Textile, second and Banan, Lawrence, third. The time was as follows:

In the 25-yard hurdles Ayer, Lawrence, won the first heat, with Johnson, Lawrence, second. Time 43 5 seconds. The second trial heat was won by Mahoney of Lawrence, with Wile, Textile, second. The time was 42 5 seconds. In the final Ayer of Lawrence was a winner, Mahoney, Lawrence, second and Wile, Textile, third. The time was four seconds.

The 60-yard run showed Lawrence taking everything. Banan was first, Westland was second, and Lawrence, third. The time was 126 2 5, a new record.

In the high jump Banan of Lawrence was first, jumping five feet and one inch. Crane, Textile and Cheney, Textile, were second and third, respectively.

Lawrence took the top place in the shot put, Wile putting the sphere 37 feet and five inches. Middleton and Harrison, Textile, were second and third.

Ellis, Lawrence, won the 1000-yard run, doing it in two minutes and 45 seconds. Keough, Textile, was second, and Sullivan, Lawrence, was third.

In the 300 yard dash Ayer of Lawrence won in 41 4 5 seconds. Tschener, Lawrence, was second and Murphy, Textile, was third.

The class team race, between classes of '12 and '13 was won by the former in 2 minutes 43 5 seconds.

The relay race between Textile and Lawrence was won by the down-river men. The teams were made up as follows: Lawrence—Ayer, Mahoney, Tschener and Banan; Textile—Keough, Murphy, Wile and Duval.

The officials of the games were as follows: Starter, W. A. Dunn; referee, D. J. Linehan; clerk of course, E. J. Ford; judges, C. Scalfe, E. S. King and A. E. Bagley; inspectors, H. G. Nickerson, E. A. O'Leary, C. F. Sullivan and F. X. Hogan; announcer, Daniel O'Connell; timers and measurers, J. E. Faught and R. H. Fox; scorer, J. F. Selfrank.

BOWLING CONGRESS

DETROIT, March 12.—St. Louis was awarded the 1911 tournament and the old officers and members of the executive committee were re-elected with a few exceptions at the annual meeting of the American Bowling congress yesterday. On the alleys, another day passed without a change in the leadership in any of the three classes.

STORM WARNING

NEW YORK, March 12.—The local weather bureau has received the following special from Washington:

Northwest storm warning ordered displayed at 10 a.m. along the coast from Morehead City, N. C., to Boston. Brisk and high northerly winds shifting to northwest. Storms will move north along the coast moving northwest.

RAILROAD MANAGERS REFUSE

CHICAGO, March 12.—It is officially announced that the railroad managers yesterday refused in substance every concession demanded by the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers and Trainmen, representing 25,000 men on 40 western roads, excepting arbitration of the wage question.

PUBLIC PLAYGROUNDS

Hot Water

WHILE YOU WAIT

A NEW PROPOSITION TO LOWELL PUBLIC

We invite Housekeepers to come to our John Street Appliance Store to see and to understand the working of a Water Heater.

The Vulcan Heater

An appliance for the heating of water by gas flame. The appliance that will furnish hot water for dish washing in 5 minutes; that will furnish 10 gallons of hot water for the bath in 20 minutes. That in supplying 10 gallons of hot water will consume but one and one-third cents of gas.

OUR OFFER

We will install the Vulcan Heater in any house, set up complete ready to deliver hot water for \$15.00 Cash Payment, or we will do all as above on four instalment payments as follows:

First Payment.....\$5.00, when order is given
Second Payment.....\$4.00, at end of six months
Third Payment.....\$4.00, at end of twelve months
Final Payment.....\$3.00, at end of eighteen months

The Vulcan Heater will fit any and every kitchen. If this announcement shall interest YOU, it is for YOU to call at John Street Appliance Store where you may see the entire operations and fully understand. Three thousand (3000) of these Vulcan Heaters were placed in the city of Detroit, Mich., during 1909.

Lowell Gas Light Company

the Canada park, and we intend to place additional apparatus at Little Canada and have a supervisor there as well. Of course a supervisor will be necessary at the South Common as was the case last year. As yet the schedules have not been arranged but everything will be in readiness when the good weather comes. The commission hopes this year to do more for the girls than was done last year. It hopes to diversify their play, that is when they become tired of the more strenuous sports to find them something of a lighter nature after the fashions of kindergarten work and sewing to occupy them and the same idea will be carried out in regard to the boys. We will try a little at a time with a small outlay and our work in this respect will be purely experimental.

In regard to the apparatus our idea is to procure such apparatus as will permit the least number of accidents in some cities apparatus high from the ground has been established and often when the supervisor is not around accidents occur. We desire to avoid this if possible. We have purchased some improved swings and teeter-totters and some Giant's Strides which are extremely popular with the children and not dangerous. The Giant's Stride appears in the drawing. The children swing around on this, touching the ground with the feet every few yards. We also will provide for base ball, the medicine ball, vaulting and jumping.

In regard to the Fort Hill playground now in process of construction and which when completed according to the plans of the commission will be the finest of its kind in all New England Judge Pickman said: "On our appropriation last year we built the necessary retaining wall for the playground on the westerly side of the hill and with \$1500 or \$2000 we can complete it according to the original plans and give the public a playground that cannot be excelled in any city of New England. We have room for a base ball field as large as most of the big league grounds. On one side the hill rises gracefully from the ball field making a natural grand stand partially shaded by trees, which will comfortably accommodate 3000 people. In addition to the ball field there is room enough for other apparatus and it is the commission's intention when its means permit to establish comfort stations and shower baths on the Fort Hill grounds. This work, however, needs an additional appropriation and

YALE ATHLETE IS SAID TO BE MENTALLY UNSOUND.

NEW YORK, March 12.—Lloyd Miller Vandeventer, a former Yale football player, was yesterday committed to Bellevue hospital by Magistrate O'Connor to be examined as to his mental condition, at the request of his wife, Mrs. Anna Vandeventer, who said he had been acting queerly for several days.

Mrs. Vandeventer insisted there was something the matter with her husband's mind. She said he had threatened her and she was afraid to live with him.

Mrs. Vandeventer's maiden name was Anna Stearns Blake. Her father, Nelson T. Blake, lives in Hampton, N. H. She was secretly married to Vandeventer while he was attending Yale.

SKULL FRACTURED MAN IS NOT EXPECTED TO LIVE.

NORRIDGEWOOD, Me., March 12.—Threatened, it is claimed, with assault by Ernest Warren, a former employee, George Harlow, a prominent lumber dealer, yesterday, it is charged, knocked the man down with a club. Warren's skull was fractured and he was hurt so severely he may die.

Mr. Harlow told the authorities that he had discharged Warren, who had worked at Harlow's sawmill at Martin Stream, three miles from here. After his discharge, Warren, according to Mr. Harlow, drank heavily and while intoxicated attempted to attack his former employer.

According to the police, Harlow said he was forced to strike him for self-protection. No arrest was made.

THE FAIRBANKS SAIL

LIVERPOOL, March 12.—Former Vice President and Mrs. Fairbanks sailed for New York today on the steamer Mauretania.

Appetite Restored AND ALL MY ACHEs LEFT ME

NOTABLE BOOK

On Ireland by Editor Sutherland of Phila.

"Ireland Yesterday and Today," a book by Hugh Sutherland, associate editor of the Philadelphia North American, and treating of the causes that oppressed Ireland, the movements that have largely overcome that oppression and that promise complete regeneration in the near future, is receiving the most flattering notices from the press of this country.

The Philadelphia North American, one of the oldest and greatest papers in this country, has been distinguished for supporting every movement looking to liberty and good government whether in this country or abroad. Seven years ago, or to be exact, in the summer of 1903, it sent Mr. Hugh Sutherland to Ireland to investigate the land question as the war on the landlords was then at its height and the question of right and wrong as between the landlords and the people was the subject of much controversy.

Mr. Sutherland went to Ireland a disinterested and unprejudiced party to do the work assigned him by his newspaper. He made a tour of the country from north to south and east to west, entering the homes of the people, talking with the farmers, the business men and even with the landlords, thus finding out for himself the facts of the situation. In a series of letters notable for their frankness and brilliancy he reported his personal observations to his newspaper in Philadelphia. These letters which were widely read presented the land question in a clearer light than ever before by any American newspaper. He explained the meaning of Irish landlordism, its effects upon political and economic conditions, the miseries of the people as a result of turning the best land into pastures and driving the people to the barren mountain sides. He told all the agitation conducted by the Irish parliamentary party and the plans for the overthrow of the oppressive system of landlordism as well as the coercion by which it had so long been upheld and protected.

On his first visit he predicted the success of the Irish people in driving out the landlords, and this prediction was fully verified as shown by the letters written on his subsequent visit.

The act for the abolition of landlordism in Ireland was passed in 1903 and after six years under that act the progress noted by Mr. Sutherland on his second visit in 1909, was really astounding.

On his tour he passed largely over the same ground he had trodden in 1902, in order that he might note the changes, if any, in local conditions effected during that time. If the letters of his former visit were discouraging from their description of misery and gloom, his second series of letters formed a striking contrast in their expression of the new spirit that had possessed the people, the hopes that had inspired them with the departure of the landlords and the restoration of the land to the people from whom it was stolen centuries before. The evidence on every hand of a general uplift, of

coming prosperity, content and happiness were all reflected in these letters from Mr. Sutherland, as published in the Philadelphia North American. The letters created something of a sensation in this country as indicating the accomplishment of a peaceful revolution in Ireland through the work of the United Irish League.

After describing the vast improvements in the homes of the people and their mode of living, Mr. Sutherland turned to the question of home rule, and on this subject he gave some of the most valuable historic information regarding the alleged cruelties of Ireland, the penal laws, the corruption that led to the act of union, the misgovernment by Dublin castle, and the reign of landlordism which made home rule impossible.

In concluding his letters, Mr. Sutherland predicts that home rule is bound to come if the people support the movement under Mr. Redmond. These letters are entirely the most illuminating that can be found on the Irish question. They show the result of great research and are beyond a doubt the most careful presentation of the events that have swayed the destinies of Ireland for the past century.

Some of Mr. Sutherland's descriptions are very graphic. One of particular note tells of the last eviction at which the policemen of Ireland assisted, an eviction that today would be impossible. It is a touching story of a great battle at the close of the land war, a battle in which the people fought against the eviction of a farmer until overcome by the battering rams and bayonets of the government cohorts sent to enforce the decrees of landlord extortion. No eviction of the kind will ever again occur in Ireland, Mr. Sutherland asserts.

A great many of the sympathizers with the Irish parliamentary movement regretted that they had not been able to get all the letters, and Hon. Michael J. Ryan of Philadelphia, national president of the United Irish League, conceived the idea of supplying this need by having all the letters published in book form with Mr. Sutherland's consent. The book is quite respectable volume, and any one who wants the most accurate and up-to-date information on the Ireland of today should possess a copy. No library without this book can give the truth about Ireland and the movements that have been conducted since the days of Parnell.

The book is published for the benefit of the United Irish League as the result of Mr. Sutherland's generosity and whatever funds, if any, are realized by the sale of the work will be turned over to the United Irish League. Hon. John E. Redmond has written a complimentary but conservative introduction to the book in which he takes occasion to thank Mr. Sutherland and his paper for the splendid uplift given to the movement by this gratuitous service by the Philadelphia North American. He shows that if the truth be known of the Irish question it will win the sympathy of the world, and nothing that has been written in this country or by the press of any country has done so much to form a correct public opinion and to disseminate correct information upon the Irish question of today as the publication of Mr. Sutherland's letters and their subsequent appearance in book form. The price of the book is one dollar, postage 17 cents extra. Orders may be sent to the Philadelphia North American, Philadelphia, or to John O'Callaghan, Room 43, Globe Building, Boston.

FLAG CARNIVAL

By the Women of Grace Church

The Highland club house was the scene of another very pleasant affair yesterday. It was the second annual flag carnival by the women of the Grace Universalist church.

The young people of the church danced from 4 to 6 in the afternoon and in the evening general dancing was enjoyed by the people of the church and their friends who filled the hall to its capacity. The American flag was there in all its glory. The walls were draped with American flags of various sizes and the stage background was set with a large flag.

Sale tables were well patronized and did a rushing business both afternoon and evening. The candy table was presided over by Miss Maude Marshall and Miss Edith Merchant assisted by a committee of young people. Mrs. Martha Richardson and Mrs. I. P. Bachelor had direct charge of the domestic table and the grab table was looked after by Miss Eva Rollins, Mrs. Irene Derby and Miss Ruth Crawford. The fancy table was in charge of Mrs. Charles N. Woodward and the luncheon table was in charge of Mrs. R. A. Greene. The decorations were in charge of William Thompson, Edward Woodward, Robert Potter, Moses Strauss and Lawrence and Wallace Safford.

GAVE HIMSELF UP

J. D. Pomerleau Charged

With Larceny

John D. Pomerleau, aged 19 years, walked into the police station about 9 o'clock last night and there and then consented to be locked up. Captain Atkinson acquiesced, and John D. was politely escorted to a cell in the rear.

Why did he do it? Because his mother told him to, and that's reason enough. He said that he and a man named McCaughan were wanted for breaking and entering and larceny in the Fred L. Timmons' saloon in Middlesex street. He went to New York, he said, after the break which was made March 1. His mother had read about what he had done and wrote to him, pleading with him to come home. McCaughan and Pomerleau, it is alleged, entered the Timmons' saloon on the nights of Feb. 22 and March 1. They got some valuable stuff. McCaughan was arrested a few days after the second break, but Pomerleau left town. Both men were indicted by the grand jury. Pomerleau lives at 502 Middlesex street.

GOT TWO MONTHS

INDIAN THREW CONDUCTOR

THROUGH CAR WINDOW

BOSTON, March 12.—Everett Jones, a full-blooded Indian, was sentenced to two months in the house of correction yesterday on the charge of assault on a street car conductor. It was testified that the Indian threw the conductor through the car window at the corner of Washington and Milk streets. He was arrested after a fight with Police-man Maurice Fitzgerald.

Mrs. Louise D. Downes of 161 Northampton street was sentenced to six months in the house of correction on the charge of assault upon her stepdaughter, Margaret, aged 16. It was alleged that the woman threw a lighted lamp at her husband and that it struck the daughter and exploded. A fire started, which caused serious damage to the house. Two firemen were injured and an aged woman had a narrow escape from death from being struck by the fire teams.

Frederick Lyons, 21, Quincy place, Roxbury, and John J. Punch of Compston street, were held in \$2000 each for the grand larceny on the charge of highway robbery. They were charged with Miller Charles Hawkins, a waiter, into the doorway at 16 Cornhill street, Thursday night, and robbing him.

Respectfully,

ANNIVERSARY SPECIAL FOR SATURDAY

\$25.00

SILK LINED OVERCOATS

\$18.50

New model, regular length coats, of fine quality, black undressed worsted, lined and faced to button holes with Mervilleux silk, hand tailored throughout.

Sizes up to 42.

Today's anniversary price \$18.50.

Special For Monday

A STEIN-BLOCH

\$20 SUIT FOR

\$15

A new spring model in a fancy gray cassimere—a nobby young man's suit.

THE SMART CLOTHES SHOP

D. S. O'BRIEN CO.

222 Merrimack Street.

FIREMEN GO FREE

B. & N. Railway Extends Its Courtesy

"Every little bit added to what you've made a little bit more." Firemen in uniform will be allowed to ride "free" on all cars of the Boston & Northern, beginning tomorrow. This is extending the firemen the same privilege as is extended the policemen. Captain Burns of Engine 4 is credited with being the "man behind" the free fire movement, and the following communication, addressed to Mr. Burns, is self-explanatory:

Boston & Northern Street Railway Co., 34 State Street, Boston.

March 10, 1910.

Office of Vice President and General Manager,

Mr. J. Edward Burns, Engine 4, High Street, Lowell, Mass.

Dear Sir—Referring to the subject matter of the pending petition, discussed at this morning's conference, I beg to advise you that instructions will issue that commencing Sunday, March 13th, permanent firemen of Lowell shall be carried free within the city limits, when in uniform, and with the understanding that they shall not occupy seats whenever same are required for the use of paying passengers.

Respectfully,

Robert S. Goff,
Vice Pres. and Gen. Manager.

DRACUT RECOUNT

Failed to Make Change in Result

Dracut's recount for selectmen, highway surveyor and cemetery commissioners took place before the board of registrars in the town hall last night. The revised figures of the candidates are as follows: Blanks, 25, lost 2; Cullinan, 215, lost 2; Garland, 282, lost 3; Jones, 261, lost 9; McDonald, 272, lost 3; Pollard, 266, gained 1.

Highway surveyor, Carroll, 291, lost 2; Richardson, 235, lost 1.

Cemetery commissioner, Farrell, 259, lost 2; Peabody, 258, lost 2.

H. Fred Boddy served on the board of registrars for the recount, replacing Thomas Carrick, who was recently elected school warden.

The school board met last night and re-organized. Nelson E. Huntley was chosen chairman and Charles H. Cutler, secretary. The sub-committees were appointed as follows: Centre N. E. Huntley; Goodhue school, Bernard Maguire; Parker avenue, John Hutchinson; Collingwood, C. J. Cutler; Broadway, Curtis Smith; Dracut, Melvin Richardson and Kenwood, Moses Daigle.

The committee on books and supplies was constituted as follows: Jas. Moyle, Hiram Lincoln and Sup't Chase.

The committee on repairs is as follows: Hiram Lincoln, James Moyle, and N. E. Huntley.

The committee on transportation was named as follows: C. H. Cutler, Hiram Lincoln and James Moyle.

WORTH THE PRICE

The entertainment and lecture to be given in Associate hall Sunday night by Division 1 of the A. O. U. for the building fund, will be well worth the price of admission. Mr. Thomas P. Riley, who will deliver a lecture on Ireland, is a man well qualified to deal with the subject. He has lectured in Lowell before on a similar subject so that he is no stranger here. The musical part of the program will be especially good, the pick of local talent having signified a willingness to take part. Miss Katherine L. Mullon, who made so great a hit in the "Maid and the Midway" recently, will sing "The Low-Backed Car," and the "Star Spangled Banner." The Glendale quartet will appear in choice selections, as well as other well known local talent.

ANNIVERSARY SPECIAL FOR SATURDAY

\$25.00

SILK LINED OVERCOATS

\$18.50

New model, regular length coats, of fine quality, black undressed worsted, lined and faced to button holes with Mervilleux silk, hand tailored throughout.

Sizes up to 42.

Today's anniversary price \$18.50.

USED A FORTUNE

To Keep His Door Open

MANCHESTER, N. H., March 12.—Adelard Levesque, until recently a struggling painter forced to work hard to earn his living and glad of any work that came his way, has, through his lucky find in the St. Lawrence river while fishing, risen to a position where he can turn down an offer of \$20,000 for the lump of ambergris, which he mistook for a water animal and fired upon with both barrels of a shotgun.

Mr. Levesque stated that he was offered \$20,000 for the waxy-like mass by State Chemist C. D. Howard. It is not known whether Mr. Howard made the offer on his own responsibility or in the interests of other parties, but Mr. Levesque said he refused. Mr. Levesque confided to a friend that when he disposed of the precious ambergris he intended to settle on a government farm in Canada.

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Mr. Levesque used his find to keep a door open, and having no knowledge of its value, did not know that a fortune lay within his grasp. For three years until a Boston physician offered him \$125 for the ambergris. Then he investigated and was informed of its value by Chemist Howard, who at first did not know the name of the man who approached him.

Mr. Levesque lives at 285 Chestnut street. He has resided in Manchester 13 years and has a wife and two children, one a boy of 15 years and the other a girl of 16 months. His brother Florence is in the west at present.

DIED SUDDENLY

LAUGHLIN WAS BROTHER-IN-LAW OF PRES. TAFT

PITTSBURG, March 12.—Thomas McLaughlin, a brother-in-law of President and Mrs. William H. Taft, died suddenly of cerebral hemorrhage yesterday, at his home in this city. Mr. McLaughlin was born March 16, 1875, and was prominent in business and social life here. He was married in Cincinnati in 1902 to Miss Herron, a sister of Mrs. William H. Taft, and besides the widow he leaves two young sons, William, aged 6, and Thomas, aged 4, and two brothers, George M., Jr., of the Jones & McLaughlin Steel Co., and Irwin B. McLaughlin, secretary of the American embassy at Berlin.

Mr. McLaughlin was a member of the executive board and secretary and treasurer of the Jones & McLaughlin Co., also a bank director and member of many clubs. He was a graduate of Yale class of '97 S and prepared at St. Paul's school, Concord, N. H.

CORPORATION TAX

CONSTITUTIONALITY OF THE LAW IN QUESTION

WASHINGTON, March 12.—"For giving away our charters," was one of the grievances of the American colonies against the king of Great Britain. At the time the declaration (containing these very words) was written the people of Vermont had already rendered conspicuous service in the war of independence. It would be an astonishing result if, years after that independence had been won, it should be found that the government, established by the colonies themselves, had become an instrument for taking away our charters."

That is the climax in the brief of Maxwell Evans and Henry S. Wardner, counsel for Stella P. Flint of Windsor, Vt., just filed in the supreme court of the United States in opposition to the constitutionality of the corporation tax law. Their main point is that the law so far as it affects the Stone Tracy company is unconstitutional because it invades the sovereignty of the state of Vermont. It is also argued that the company would be deprived of its property for public use without just compensation and is unconstitutional.

The brief holds that the law was only superficially considered in Congress.

CO. K. INSPECTED

Company K, Sixth regiment, was inspected by Major James E. Smythe, of the inspector general's department, at the state armory in Westford street, last night. Assisting in the inspection were Major Denon, of the third battalion of the Sixth; Lieut. Kendall and Col. G. H. Priest. Present were Lieut. McDowell and Sgt. Jalbert of Company B, of Fitchburg.

Company M, Ninth regiment, was inspected on Tuesday night, by Lieut. Col. Wolfe, of the inspector general's department, and Major Dunn of Lawrence. Company G, Sixth regiment, will be inspected on the evening of March 21st, and Company C will be inspected on the evening of April 1st.

NEW ECZEMA REMEDY

Stops Itching At Once

The new remedy Cadum has astonished the medical world. Many cures of eczema and other distressing skin diseases are reported, and the remarkable feature in most cases is the quickness of the cure. Eczema is not a blood disease, but a skin affection. It cannot be cured by internal medicines. External treatment is absolutely necessary. Since the introduction of Cadum eczema is now recognized as a curable disease, and that mounting affliction has been robbed of its terrors. Cadum stops the itching at once and begins the healing process with the first application. It destroys disease germs, relieves inflammation and is soothing and healing to the skin. From the moment it is applied to any skin trouble immediate relief is felt. It is for pimples, blisters, hives, tetter, itch, acne, herpes, scaly skin, psoriasis, rash, chilblains, eruptions, sores, scurvy, scabs, blackheads, itching piles, etc. Tin box 10c; large box 25c; all druggists.

The committee on repairs is as follows: Hiram Lincoln, James Moyle, and N. E. Huntley.

The committee on transportation was named as follows: C. H. Cutler, Hiram Lincoln and James Moyle.

WORTH THE PRICE

The entertainment and lecture to be given in Associate hall Sunday night by Division 1 of the A. O. U. for the building fund, will be well worth the price of admission. Mr. Thomas P. Riley, who will deliver a lecture on Ireland, is a man well qualified to deal with the subject. He has lectured in Lowell before on a similar subject so that he is no stranger here. The musical part of the program will

IN REAL ESTATE CASES OF HAZING WEST POINTERS

DEBATED BY SENATORS AND ARMY MEN

Transactions Recorded
During Past Week

The real estate transactions recorded for the week for Lowell and vicinity are as follows:

LOWELL
Ann McGuane et al. to Krikor M. Gorgadian, land, \$1.

Martin McGuane to Ann McGuane, land on Winter street, \$1.

Annie Cuff to Katherine Cuff, land and buildings on Agawam and Moore streets, \$1.

Lowell Inst. for Savings to George J. Constantineau, land on Pawtucket and Mount Washington streets, \$1.

Charles Otis Gray's admr. to Harriet F. Wakeman, land and buildings on Loring street, \$2,800.

Frank B. Melvin to William H. Bear, land and buildings on Corbett street, \$1.

Ann M. Brady to Katie F. Brady, land and buildings on Keene street \$1.

John O. McElroy to John D. Brown, land and buildings on Gorham st., \$1.

Leroy M. Turner to Melissa Givens, land and buildings on Hadley st., \$1.

Laure Langstaff to Arnold B. Winters, land, \$1.

Laure Langstaff to Eliza A. Winters, land, \$1.

Joseph E. Langstaff to Eliza A. Winters, land, on Bond st., \$1.

Joseph E. Langstaff to Eliza A. Winters, land, on Bond st., \$1.

Edith Remond to David C. Jones, land on Remond st., \$1.

Leonce L. Firth to Armand V. Sicard, land on Moody st., \$1.

Charles F. Lancaster et al. to Richard Murphy, land on Lowell st., \$1.

John O. Gullino to Stewart C. Gullino, land at corner Princeton and Baldwin st., \$1.

Edmund M. Warren to Hugh J. Gilde, land at Rosemont Terrace, \$1.

Mary Hilton Rust, to Harry W. Coburn, land and buildings at corner Bond and Remond st., \$1.

Flory Capone to Lucien Daigle, land and buildings at corner Farmland road and Dalton st., \$1.

Lucien Daigle to Lucien Capone, land and buildings at corner Farmland road and Dalton st., \$1.

Ashley B. Kelley to John R. McArdeil, land on Parkview ave., \$1.

Arthur G. Scharrer to Bertha H. Scharrer, land, \$1.

Frank C. Barchelli's admr. to Bertha H. Scharrer, land and buildings on Franklin st., \$2,500.

BILLERICA

Burton C. Pash et al. to William L. Pash, land, \$1.

Elizabeth A. Abbott to Everett W. Livingston, land on Andover st., \$1.

Elizabeth A. Abbott to Everett W. Livingston, land, \$1.

Franklin Mahoney, by coll. to Town of Billerica, land, \$50.

Dennis Hayes, by coll. to Town of Billerica, land, \$50.

DIGRACUT

Geo. D. Coburn et al. to David Dickson, land, \$1.

WILMINGTON

William C. Norcross to Edward S. Eaton, land, \$1.

Edward S. Eaton to Charles E. Kingsbury, land at corner Short st. and Berwick ave., \$1.

Frank W. Coughlin to Henry T. Bockhoff, land on Winslow ave., \$1.

Frank W. Coughlin to Benjamin Gordon, land on Elmwood road, \$1.

Sylvester Carter to John Kenny, land, \$50.

TEWKSBURY

Herman Kassner to Louis Eno, land and buildings on Billerica road, \$1.

TYNGSBORO

John J. Coady to David Bleumerhans, et al. land on State highway, \$1.

John A. Simpson et al. to William A. Park, land, \$1.

LOSS IS \$20,000

Fire at North Rochester, N. H.

ROCHESTER, N. H., March 12.—Fire that is supposed to have started from spontaneous combustion last night destroyed the great stock sheds of the J. Spaulding Sons Co. in North Rochester, at a loss that will reach \$20,000. The sheds, many of which were filled with the waste material from which the firm manufactures its product—leather board—were five hundred feet long and thirty feet wide.

The loss is covered by insurance.

FOR SALE

The two tenement house, barn and about 9000 feet of land at 779 Westford street is for sale to settle an estate. Any reasonable offer will be considered. Write to Jeremiah Ryan, on the premises or to James H. Carmichael, Central Block.

E. GREENBERG,
REAL ESTATE

To let, houses, tenements, and stores in all parts of the city. We have just completed the new houses which this time are ready for occupancy. If in need of property call at 8 Grand street and get full particulars about the properties I control. Real estate deals of all kinds consummated.

Free! Free!!

Boys and girls we will give you a nice Bushier Bush Film Camera or a baseball uniform free for selling 20 needle cases at 15 cents each. Each case contains 116 guaranteed needles. Every woman will buy one. Write today. General Advertising Co., Box 330, Lowell.

J. F. McMahon & Co.

Practical Plumbers

Steam, gas and water fitters. Estimates cheerfully given. Repairing promptly attended to.

453 Gorham St. Tel. 1378-1

REMOVAL NOTICE

Eugene N. Merrill has moved his business to 461 Westford Street. Tel. 2927-1.

MONEY TO LOAN

Working men who do not own real estate sometimes think there is no way possible for them to borrow money. This is not so, as we are established for the sole purpose of supplying working people with money as quickly and quietly as their employer secures it at the bank.

Let us make you a loan and give you a chance to repay it.

You have the best job in the city to apply for with ready cash upon short notice.

AMERICAN LOAN CO.

Room 10, third floor,
45 Merrimack St.

Open from 8 a. m. to 6:30 p. m.
Mon. and Sat. until 8 p. m.

Tel. 2401. LOWELL, MASS.

DEPARTMENT

\$10 AND UPWARDS

Our Cut Price "Drug Specials"

WEEK OF MARCH 14TH ONLY

2c Arabian Balsam.....16c \$1.00 Dandeline.....66c

\$1.00 Herpetic.....59c 25c Suntol Bath Powder.....13c

25c Lyon's Tooth Powder.....17c 35c Sublime Olive Oil.....23c

35c Castoria.....23c 35c Laxative Cold Talc.....16c

75c Mellin's Food.....55c \$1.00 Sweeny Root.....73c

You get what you call for—No Argument. No Substitution.

TRY OUR SATURDAY AND SUNDAY CIGAR COMBINATION.

1-HARVARD 1-20-24
1-RENZA 1-20-24
1-OFFICIAL SEAL 1-20-24
1-FORT HILL 1-20-24

Brands

No "Phonies"

TWO STORES

F. J. CAMPBELL'S

Tower's Cor. Drug Store and 535 Dutton St., Cor. Fletcher St.

DEPARTMENT

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Our Cut Price "Drug Specials"

WEEK OF MARCH 14TH ONLY

2c Arabian Balsam.....16c \$1.00 Dandeline.....66c

\$1.00 Herpetic.....59c 25c Suntol Bath Powder.....13c

25c Lyon's Tooth Powder.....17c 35c Sublime Olive Oil.....23c

35c Castoria.....23c 35c Laxative Cold Talc.....16c

75c Mellin's Food.....55c \$1.00 Sweeny Root.....73c

You get what you call for—No Argument. No Substitution.

TRY OUR SATURDAY AND SUNDAY CIGAR COMBINATION.

5 10c 25c

Cigars

Two STORES

F. J. CAMPBELL'S

Tower's Cor. Drug Store and 535 Dutton St., Cor. Fletcher St.

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DEPARTMENT

\$10 AND UPWARDS

Our Cut Price "Drug Specials"

WEEK OF MARCH 14TH ONLY

2c Arabian Balsam.....16c \$1.00 Dandeline.....66c

\$1.00 Herpetic.....59c 25c Suntol Bath Powder.....13c

25c Lyon's Tooth Powder.....17c 35c Sublime Olive Oil.....23c

35c Castoria.....23c 35c Laxative Cold Talc.....16c

75c Mellin's Food.....55c \$1.00 Sweeny Root.....73c

You get what you call for—No Argument. No Substitution.

TRY OUR SATURDAY AND SUNDAY CIGAR COMBINATION.

1-HARVARD 1-20-24
1-RENZA 1-20-24
1-OFFICIAL SEAL 1-20-24
1-FORT HILL 1-20-24

Brands

No "Phonies"

TWO STORES

F. J. CAMPBELL'S

Tower's Cor. Drug Store and 535 Dutton St., Cor. Fletcher St.

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